TODAY'S WEATHER
SNOW AND COLDER; NORTH WINDS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 118. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 188. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1904.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

LEAKING GAS MAIN WRECKS HOUSE AND KILLS TWO MEN

NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

Bishop McFaul made a plea for ate support of Catholic schools at meeg of Catholic federation.—Page 12.

Paymaster General Harris argued einst a general staff for the navy.—ge 12.

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst savagely scores ormonism in a sermon.—Page 2.

The miners' wage conference will sume today. Miners and operators are r apart.—Page 5.

FOREIGN.

Consul General Skinner finds Abysnia rich field for American developent.—Page 12.

Mrs. Maybrick's release from Aylesry prison was on condition that she live uiety and shall not go on the stage or rite a book.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia preacher uses X-ray achine to demonstrate his sermon on Sin."—Page 2.

Five miners killed at Mahanoy ty by explosion of blasting powder.—ge 1.

One man drowned and two others ot in fight at Webster.—Page 1.

Senator Penrose will remain state airman and is not to succeed Senator anna as national chairman.—Page 5.

LOCAL.

Incendiaries burn Verona pestuse before patients are admitted.—ge 1.

Millage in doubt until result of trinial assessment is definitely fixed.—ge 3.

Two persons killed, three injured l house destroyed by natural gas exsion in West Liberty borough.—Page 1.

Crowds flock to scene of mine disster at Harwick; 152 bodies now recovd.—Page 3.

Three pastors preach farewell sernons.—Page 6.

The Orphans propose an additional k levy to meet judgments against the y.—Page 3.

Pastor Russell at Bellaire, O., deres that sectarianism threatens the urch.—Page 10.

W. H. Finerty, the Democratic ining mate of Peter Hermes, will today put on the Sixth ward Republican ket.—Page 1.

Charles E. Smith of Washington unty died at Mercy hospital of gunshot und.—Page 2.

SPORTING.

Brooklyn and Suburban handicap ights are announced.—Page 7.

Frank Haller negotiating with Day-n Central league directors and he may anage their team.—Page 7.

Reported that "Jigger" Robinson is ensed from P. A. C. hockey team.—ge 7.

THE WEATHER

Snow and colder today and fair tomorrow is the prediction of the official forecaster at Washington for Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Yesterday's maximum temperature was 44 and the minimum 32 degrees. The sun rose clear at 7 and set cloudy at 5:35 yesday. The daily report, furnished by local weather office, follows:

me.	Baro.	Tem	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
n....	29.76	32	45	S. W.	Clear
n....	29.68	40	46	S. W.	Cloudy

mperative temperature and precipitation January 31:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
imum ...	44	41	Mean	36	32
imum ...	32	34	Precipitation	.00	.00
temp. 33 yrs..	32		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.	.10	
ss for day.....		4	Def'cy. for day ...	.10	
since Jan. 1..	161		Def'cy. since Jan. 1.	84	

Government Weather Report.

ASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Forecast: astern Pennsylvania—Snow and colder day; Tuesday, fair; fresh northwest winds. est Virginia—Snow, followed by fair and er Monday; Tuesday, fair.

io—Fair and colder Monday, except snow northeast lake shore; Tuesday, fair; fresh hwest winds.

eather reports taken at weather bureau stations 8 o'clock this night:

go	16 Snow	Indianapolis ..	16 Pt'dy
nnati ..	30 Snow	Kansas City...	24 Cloudy
mbus ...	30 Snow	Washington ...	30 Cloudy
o	26 Clear	Philadelphia .	34 Cloudy
Louis....	26 Cloudy	New York....	34 Cloudy
ne	12 Clear	Buffalo	30 Cloudy
sville ..	28 Cloudy	Cleveland	28 Snow
Paso....	42 Clear	St. Paul.....	22 Clear
ahoma ..	46 Clear	Duluth	8 Clear

Below zero.

CLOSING TIME OF THE MAILS AT PITTSBURGH POSTOFFICE

New York—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m., 4:10 , 9:30 p. m.

Philadelphia—2:30, 6:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Baltimore—2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 12:45, 6:00, 9:30 p. m.

Atlantic City—2:30, 7:30, 11:30 a. m.; 4:00, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Buffalo—7:00, 8:30 a. m.; 6:30, 10:15, 11:30 m.

Cleveland—3:30, 7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 30 p. m.

Cincinnati—1:30, 5:10, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 12:50, 6, 8:50 p. m.

Chicago—3:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Louis—1:30, 5:10, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Paul—3:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 m.

San Francisco—3:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8 p. m.

Denver—1:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 m.

Boston—2:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 m.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

AXON—"Three Little Maids," musical comedy, 8:15 p. m.

AVIN—Grace George in "Pretty Peggy," 8:15 m.

AND—The stock company in "The Middleman," 2 and 8 p. m.

ENUE—Press Eldridge, Hal Davis, Inez cAuley and others, in a bill of 15 vaude. ille acts; continuous performance, 1:30 to 0:30 p. m.

OU—"The Heart of Maryland," 2 and 8 m.

UESNE—Hyde's Comedians, 8 p. m.

PIRE—Isabelle Evesson, "In the Palace of e King," 8 p. m.

ADEMY—The Fay Foster company in burque, 2 and 8 p. m.

QUESNE GARDEN—Skating, afternoon and evening.

D CITY HALL—Brooke and his famous and in "Ragtime" concert, 8 p. m.

LEGHENY [illegible] MUSIC HALL—ly Organic [illegible] his usual Monday [illegible] p. m.

DESIRE FOR DRAUGHT OF WINE RESULTS IN MIGHTY EXPLOSION; DEATH AND DISASTER FOLLOW

Dwelling in West Liberty Borough Hurled Into the Air—Descends a Mass of Wreckage and Catches Fire.

FATHER AND SON CREMATED IN CELLAR OF THE RESIDENCE

Otto Magel Forced Through Third-Story Window to the Roof and Escaped Without Injury—His Brother Charles Carried Down to Death With the Ruins—Little Willie Magel Blown Through One Side of the House.

Desire for a draught of wine caused the death of two and the injury of three persons yesterday.

THE DEAD.

HENRY MAGEL, aged 55, burned to death in the cellar.

CHARLES MAGEL, aged 20, burned to death in a third-story room.

THE INJURED.

MRS. CATHERINE MAGEL, back injured while escaping through the side of the house.

ANNIE MAGEL, aged 16, burned about the head while escaping with her mother.

WILLIE MAGEL, aged 13, arm sprained when blown through the side of the building.

Henry Magel lived at Beltzhoover avenue and Schill street, West Liberty borough. Shortly after 7 o'clock yesterday morning he went to his cellar for a drink of wine. Magel carried a lighted candle. The cellar was filled with natural gas from a leaking main in the street in front of the house. The building was blown from its foundations, rising fully five feet in the air. When it descended the structure was a mass of wreckage, and in a few moments was enveloped in flame.

Both Magel and his son Charles perished. The other occupants, who were still in bed, succeeded in getting out with little assistance. Otto, another son, who was sleeping with his brother Charles on the third floor, was hurled through a window and came down on top of the roof. He then jumped to the ground and was not injured.

Blown Through the Wall.

Willie Magel, aged 13, was blown through the side of the house and landed in the yard, escaping with only a sprained arm. He went to the assistance of his mother and little sister, both of whom got out through the hole through which the boy had been hurled. Mr. and Mrs. Almazy, who were on the second floor, do not know how they succeeded in escaping.

The Magel house was a frame structure, four stories high in front and two stories in the rear. Mr. and Mrs. Magel, their daughter Annie and son Willie occupied the first floor. Mr. and Mrs. Almazy, son-in-law and daughter occupied a room on the second floor. Charles and Otto were on the floor above.

The family retired about 12 o'clock Saturday night. Magel is watchman for the Bon Air Land Company, and got up earlier than the rest to go to work. He went to the cellar, as customary in the morning, to drink a glass of wine. At that time Mrs. Magel and the two younger children were dressing, and one of them saw the father leave the kitchen with the candle in his hand. The explosion soon followed. Willie was thrown through the wall and neighbors heard him screaming outside the house.

Mrs. Hite, a daughter, living next door, was first on the scene. She saw her little brother trying to help his sister Annie, aged 2, through the hole in the wall through which he had been buried. Mr. Hite, with the help of the little boy, rescued Mrs. Magel. Otto was thrown out of a window and jumped off the roof. Mr. and Mrs. Almazy got out without help. An organ in the room where they were sleeping held up the falling walls, and this protected them long enough to escape.

The explosion was heard for miles and neighbors hurried from all directions. A bucket brigade was formed and the fire was fought in this way until the independent fire company of Knoxville and the Mt. Oliver department arrived. A lack of water, however, made it hard to fight the fire. A line of hose was laid from Miller street, Knoxville, over half a mile, but in vain.

The work of recovering the bodies was then started. The father was found in one corner of the cellar, burned almost beyond recognition. The boy was found in the ruins near his father's body. Both were taken to the undertaking rooms of J. D. Scaub, Mt. Oliver.

Boy's Fight for Life.

It was after 11 o'clock before both bodies were found. The son had evidently made a desperate fight for life with a pillow, which he had at last drawn tightly over his face. Parts of the pillow case covered the boy's face when the body was taken out. He was employed at the Oliver steel and iron works. His brother, Otto, who slept in the same room, says he heard Charles yell for help. The beds were close together and the one that survived is at a loss to understand the way his life was spared and that of his brother nearby lost. Other relatives in the vicinity were Mrs. Henry Schmidt and Mrs. William Lutz, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Magel, and Henry Magel, Jr.

Neighbors say they had seen gas bubbling from a main near the Magel home, and had detected the fumes at different times yesterday morning. M. E. Layton, superintendent of the Manufacturers Light and Heat Company of Pittsburgh, was at the scene of the disaster yesterday. He said the mains were those of the Tri-state Gas Company, which is operated by the Manufacturers company. He said further that he is at a loss to understand how the accident could have occurred from escaping gas.

Describing the disaster, Annie Magel said: "Before we heard any noise the roof was down on the first floor. We could hear the house tumbling and tumbling. It fairly rocked and twisted before we knew what was wrong. It then fell in. All of us screamed. My brother Willie, who was in the same room where I was, disappeared in a second, but mamma and I saw him soon after, when he helped us out through a hole in the wall."

Otto, who was thrown out of a three-story window, said: "I don't know how I got on top of the roof. I felt like I was squeezed for a minute, and then I was flying up in the air. When I lit on the roof, I knew enough to jump to the ground."

Mr. Almazy explained the accident this way: "There was a terrific noise, that sounded like a cyclone. The house went up and then came down. The slate roof, on acount of its weight, made it all the harder for us to get out. Neither myself nor Mrs. Almazy can explain how we escaped. I don't know whether we were blown out a window or whether we went out through the walls."

Mrs. Magel's injuries are more serious than those of Annie and Willie. The shock has made her condition critical, but she refuses to go to bed.

MRS. MAYBRICK MUST BE QUIET; BARRED FROM STAGE OR AUTHORSHIP

Conditions of Her Release from Aylesbury Prison Before Pardon.

MYSTERY THROWN ABOUT IT

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]

London, Jan. 31.—The Daily Mail this morning says that Mrs. Florence Maybrick is now in Liverpool, and that the following conditions attach to her release from prison: That she will not appear on the public stage or write a book of her experiences, and shall in no way endeavor to attract public attention to herself.

Statements regarding Mrs. Maybrick's present abiding place differ. While the Mail says she is in Liverpool Sir Charles Russell said tonight:

"Yes, Mrs. Maybrick has been released from Aylesbury prison and taken to a retreat in North London. She will soon be restored to full liberty. How soon I cannot say."

It is believed the authorities transferred Mrs. Maybrick to London to enable her to recuperate and try to re-grow her hair. Female prisoners in England have their hair shingled upon entering the prison. It is reported her release was not influenced by the fact that her evidence is required in an American suit in which her mother is interested.

A person in close touch with the office of the home secretary, the Hon. Alkers Douglass, stated tonight that Mrs. Florence Maybrick was released from confinement at Aylesbury and permitted to return to and live with her friends pending her absolute release from custody next July.

In the meantime, he says, Mrs. Maybrick will be under nominal government surveillance, but every effort will be made by the British authorities to screen her and her movements from the public, and to make it as easy as possible for her to rehabilitate herself and to take once more the position she once held in the world.

An official of the American embassy informed The Gazette correspondent this afternoon that the embassy has not been notified that Mrs. Maybrick has been released.

Surprise for Her Mother.

Baroness de Roques in a recent letter regarding her daughter, wrote:

"I returned last night from my usual visit to my daughter at Aylesbury. Regarding your request to know definitely the day of her release I only know, to be quite truthful with you, that it is to be the end of July and, moreover, that the authorities often use their discretion and only inform the prisoner immediately beforehand. I do not expect to be permitted to go and meet her. I don't expect an exception in her case to the usual formalities. I am quite certain there is no truth in the reports that she is to be released before the expiration of 15 years and in July. I cannot say what she will do in the future. Her condition of health and strength will alone at first influence her friends. After 15 years of silence and suffering, however, ameliorated by many sympathetic kindnesses, it will be a long time before she recovers, if ever, from the spalling effects of early injustice and the wreck of her youth and happiness. I feel I can make no plans. She alone can do so later."

It is the settled practice of the home

Continued on Second Page, Sixth Column.

HISTORY OF MRS. FLORENCE MAYBRICK, WHOSE CASE HAS BECOME CELEBRATED

1879—Marries James Maybrick of Liverpool, England.

April 27, 1889—Maybrick taken ill and dies. Mrs. Maybrick charged with his murder, tried, found guilty and sentenced to death; sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

April 14, 1890—Secretary Blaine calls Lord Salisbury's attention to the case.

June, 1891—Lord Salisbury answers petition, refusing clemency.

June 13, 1896—Women's International Maybrick Association decides to petition the queen.

July 26, 1897—British government declines to interfere.

October 8, 1898—Medico-Legal society of New York takes up Mrs. Maybrick's case.

July 28, 1899—Home secretary says Mrs. Maybrick will not be pardoned, and that the queen is implacable.

March 22, 1903—Announcement that Mrs. Maybrick will be released in 1904.

November 10, 1863—Suit brought in Richmond, Va., by Mrs. Maybrick to recover property worth millions alleged to have been secured from her in a fraudulent manner.

January 25, 1904—Released.

TRAGIC ENDING OF A RACE FEUD

One Man Was Drowned and Two Others Were Shot at Webster.

CITIZENS WERE EXCITED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

Webster, Pa., Jan. 31.—One of a party of five negroes last night fired upon a party of white men who had been making fun of them. Two of the white men were wounded, one of them fatally. In trying to get away from the infuriated companions of the injured men one of the negroes was drowned in the Monongahela river.

THE DEAD.

JAMES DEVINPORT, negro, Donora.

THE WOUNDED.

ROBERT WILSON, 22 years old and single; bullet lodged at base of brain and cannot recover; taken to the McKeesport hospital.

HERBERT BOOTH, 25 years old and married, bullet in leg, taken to his home here.

For some time a bitter feeling has existed among a number of white men headed by Wilson and the negroes of the vicinity. Wilson was outspoken in his opinions on the race question and recently tried to borrow a revolver to wreak vengeance for some supposed wrong. Last night a crowd of negroes came from Donora with the avowed intention of squaring matters.

About 8:30 as five of them were standing near the Lange hotel, some one inside began making derogatory remarks, which they heard. Wilson came out of the hotel alone and a moment later a shot was heard. Wilson fell, a bullet entering his cheek and lodging in the back of the neck. His comrades rushed out, but the negroes after firing another shot fled. Two of them were captured by a posse. "Fink" Jeffries had a Winchester rifle containing 16 cartridges in the leg of his trousers. He tried to get the weapon out, but was overpowered. Another was captured after throwing a revolver away. James Devinport jumped into the icy waters of the river and was not seen to rise. The two others escaped.

The town is greatly excited over the shooting, but no violence was offered the prisoners.

A ferryman who was standing at the landing saw the fleeing negro disappear. The supposition is that he thought the ice extended further into the river and stepped into the water before he knew he had reached the edge. The two Jeffries, father and son, were arrested and placed in the Monessen lockup to await developments.

Dog-Faced Man Dead.

SALONICA, Jan. 31.—(Copyright Cable.)—Theodore Petroff, the dog-faced man known as JoJo, exhibited by Barnum & Bailey in most countries of the world, died from pneumonia on his arrival here.

FIVE MEN KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION

They Were in a Cage Ascending a Shaft When the Powder Let Go.

THE VICTIMS' AWFUL FALL

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

Mahanoy City, Jan. 31.—Blown out of a steel bucket in which they were being hoisted from a compartment shaft at Maple Hill colliery of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company, by an explosion of powder, five rockmen were killed and their bodies hurled 200 feet to the bottom of the shaft, at 11 o'clock last night.

The victims are:

MORGAN JONES, 30 years old, married, of Mahanoy Plane, Pa.

JOHN MACKAY, 28 years old, married, Mahanoy Plane.

JOSEPH JUNIS, Shenandoah, Pa.

ADAM NAVAGE, 27 years old, Shenandoah.

JOHN HUDERICK, 21 years old, Mahanoy City, Pa.

Jones was the charge man and was bringing the men to the surface after preparing and charging six holes in a wall of solid rock, which they were to blast by means of an electric current from the outside. The men had in their possession a certain quantity of powder, and it was this that exploded as they neared the surface. The five men were lifted high into the shaft until projecting timbers interrupted their flight and caused their mangled bodies to drop back into the pit, 200 feet below.

A relief shift of six men stood grouped about the mouth of the shaft awaiting the coming of their comrades. A moment later the bucket emerged, powder-stained but empty.

Mystified, the six men jumped into the bucket and quickly descended to the bottom, where a horrible scene presented itself. The bodies of their comrades lay in a tangled heap, Jones headless, Mackay battered and burned and the other three with an arm or leg missing. Terrified the men hurried to the surface where by shrieks they soon attracted a crowd from a neighboring village. The men were organized into a rescuing band and the dead hoisted to the surface, where weeping women and children received them.

Awaiting ambulances conveyed the bodies home. Mine Inspector Fenton of this city and Coroner Ollars visited the scene today.

Reyes Postpones Departure.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Gen. Rafael Reyes, the Colombian envoy who came here in the interest of the reintegration of Panama, in a letter from New York to Dr. Thomas Herran, the Colombian charge, announces that he has decided to postpone his departure for Colombia, but gave no reason.

FINERTY WILL BE NAMED TODAY

Sixth Ward Democrat to Be Nominated for Councilman on Republican Ticket.

CITY POSITION FOR CLARK

John Clark, Republican nominee for common councilman in the Sixth ward, says that he will this morning announce whether he intends to withdraw from the ticket. There is every reason for believing that he will step aside in favor of W. H. Finerty, the Democratic running mate of Peter Hermes. Clark will probably be appointed to a position in the bureau of building inspection. The chief clerkship is vacant, as James M. Dunn, the Hermes leader in the Sixth ward, relinquished the position Saturday, when he quit the Hermes crowd and announced for the

Continued on Second Page, Seventh Column.

FIREBUGS BURN A PESTHOUSE

Incendiaries Apply Torch to Building Before Patients Are Admitted.

SMALLPOX IN VERONA

Borough Council and Board of Health Plan to Build a New Hospital.

FIRE OCCURRED IN DAYLIGHT

The new borough pesthouse in Verona was burned by an incendiary yesterday afternoon just as the health officers were preparing to remove their smallpox patients thither. The town is fighting a threatened scourge of the disease and the fire proved a serious setback to the plans of the authorities. At a joint meeting of council and the board of health last night it was decided to lose no time in building a new municipal hospital. Three cases of smallpox have developed in the last three days and a campaign of vaccination is being conducted on the wholesale.

Verona's first case of the dreaded disease appeared about a fortnight ago, but the pulling was subjected to quarantine and it getting well. On Saturday James O'Brien, the father of Tom O'Brien, the former baseball player, was stricken at his boarding house in the residence of Miss Verle Meanor. Miss Meanor is ill with consumption. The board of health at once set out to secure a pesthouse.

Leased Pesthouse Site.

On the outskirts of the settlement from township a large one-roomed frame house on the Robert Shannon property was leased for a term of [illegible] months. The building is a famous landmark in the neighborhood and is a [illegible] of a mile from any habitation. The site was chosen as ideal spot to take care of the smallpox victims and the members of the board of health toured assiduously [illegible] utilizing the building to make it [illegible] able.

At a late hour on Saturday night the ventilations for the lease were completed and with a sleigh the health authorities started out to purchase the equipment. They bought beds and bedding, matting for the floor, dishes, knives, forks and spoons, tableware, cooking utensils, linens, a large cooking stove and provisions and employed Robert Sloan, a veteran of the Philippine campaign, to act as nurse. The outfit cost about $100. It was late at night when the shopping tour was finished and the sleigh started over the hills to the pesthouse. Carpenters went along and worked all night, building a partition in the room and making all repairs necessary to render the place comfortable.

Road Had Been Blockaded.

At dawn yesterday the workers turned to their homes and directed Verona teamster to take a load of coal to the house. At 10 o'clock, when the driver tried to enter the place, he found several trees had been chopped to prevent his progress. He was delayed more than an hour while clearing the road.

In the meantime the borough officials were putting the smallpox patients in the pesthouse, which they had recently completed in establishing. They had just finished taking the patients there at 12 o'clock.

Shortly after noon Councilmen G. H. Scott and John McCurdy went over to inspect the new hospital. When they reached the top of the hill they saw smoke curling up through the trees, and a few minutes later beheld the pesthouse in flames. Before they reached it the building was a mass of smouldering ruins. There had been no fire about during the week and it is the general opinion that incendiary started the fire. The councilmen and health board had no time to negotiate with the owners of adjoining property, but the house was so far distant from other buildings that there was no thought of objection from the neighboring tenants.

Will Build a Pesthouse.

Dr. Scott and Mr. McCurdy returned to Verona and told what had happened and undaunted by the news, a special meeting of council and the health board was immediately summoned. Before the meeting commenced to catch the criminals was declared that the most pressing need was to secure new quarters for victims of smallpox. They decided to build a new pesthouse near the borough limits and keep a close guard on it. This will require an additional expenditure of about $300. There was no insurance on the old building and the borough officials feel that they have been made the victims of strange luck.

All the people are working hand in hand to assist the good cause. Burgess A. Householder is a carpenter, and is ready to go to work in behalf of the people as well. John C. Glass of the Allegheny Valley shops at Verona has offered all the carpenters that will be needed to help along the work. In the meantime all the smallpox cases will be kept under strict quarantine and vaccination will be enforced.

The officers of the board of health are: Dr. S. D. Clark, president; Attorney Ralph Phillips, Dr. H. C. Lewis, Theodore J. Miller and W. McNeill. The councilmen are C. G. Condron, president; Dr. G. H. Scott, H. M. Orbin, John McCurdy, Henry Zimmerman, E. H. Seldon and Ernest Rumbold.

Building New Airship.

[illegible], Jan. 31.—Count Zeppelin has begun the construction of a new airship. His call for [illegible] amounting to $111,000.

DEEP-LYING SIN SOUGHT BY X-RAY

A Philadelphia Preacher Uses Science to Demonstrate His Sermon.

FIRST OF A SERIES

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.

Utilizing the achievements of science to teach religion, the Rev. Dr. C. Edgar Adamson, pastor of the Thirteenth Street Methodist Episcopal church, began a series of problem sermons before a congregation of college students tonight by using the pulpit an X-ray machine to demonstrate the latent element of sin. He will use radium and liquid air to exemplify biblical truths in future sermons.

As a prelude Dr. Adamson propounded the following question, which he had previously sent to various college presidents and prominent men throughout the country: "What do you consider the greatest moral danger that threatens a college student in a large city?"

Replies were received from President Eliot of Harvard; the Rev. Dr. Vandersloot, chaplain of Columbian university; C. C. Harrison, provost of the University of Pennsylvania; Dr. W. W. Keene, professor of clinical surgery of the Jefferson college; Dr. John E. James, professor of gynecology at the Hahnemann college, and Prof. Edwin J. Houston, a trustee of the Medico-Chirurgical college.

The title of the sermon was "What the Bible Suggests About Conscience." The feature of the exhibition consisted of displaying the violet ray tubes which are now extensively used in the cure of many diseases. The Rev. Dr. Adamson then placed his hand in front of the machine's rays, and showed the bones therein. A box wrapped in cloth was then held before the screen, revealing a pair of scissors and a penknife. Coins were revealed through the covers of closed books.

The most important demonstration was made by the use of a small box, around which was wrapped two one dollar notes, bills of lace and velvet and a college diploma. When held before the light the word "sin" in metallic letters was the only thing visible in the box.

The Rev. Dr. Adamson explained the deduction by saying that wealth, represented by the two bills; social distinction, represented by the lace, and honors, represented by the sheepskin degree, were all unable to conceal sin in the heart. "But the aroused conscience, like the X-ray," he said, "penetrates through emolument and honors, laying bare the iniquities of the soul."

Replying to the answers of the college officials to his query, he said:

"The consensus of opinion in these replies is that the tendency of the indulgence of the animal passions constitutes the greatest danger in the college life in large cities, and that this takes the form of sexual pleasures and intemperance."

CHESTER D. POTTER.

ROOTS HAVE A FAREWELL DINNER AT WHITE HOUSE

Governor Taft Present at a Conference Later—Message to Luke Wright.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Secretary and Mrs. Root spent their last evening of official life in Washington in dining with President and Mrs. Roosevelt at the White House tonight.

Later in the evening Gov. Taft, who tomorrow will vacate the office to be vacated by Secretary Root, called at the White House, and had a conference with the president and secretary of war for some time about matters relating to the Philippines. Secretary Moody also spent some time at the White House with the president.

Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul, who has been in Washington for several days, called by appointment at the White House tonight and saw the president. He also saw Gov. Taft, although the meeting of the two had not been prearranged.

Just before his retirement from office, Secretary Root addressed the following cablegram to Gov. Luke Wright:

"Washington, Jan. 30, 1904.

"Wright, Manila:

"Hearty congratulations and good wishes upon your assuming the office of civil governor. There can be no better wish than for the same fidelity, ability and success which have always characterized your public service in the Philippine Islands.

"ROOT, Sec'y of War."

BARBER'S FEE HEAVY.

Pictorial Artist Takes Diamonds and Big Money Roll and Disappears.

There was a report made at the detective bureau yesterday of a robbery which took place in the morning in a disorderly house in Forbes street near Market.

A watch, two diamond rings and $9 in cash were taken from one of the visitors, by a barber, who had been called in to shave him. The detectives will not reveal the names of the persons implicated in the robbery.

Two of the visitors wanted to get shaved and a barber was summoned. While he had one of the men half shaved, he made an excuse to leave the room for the purpose of getting some warm water. As he left the room he took the customer's vest, which contained the money and jewelry. The barber went down stairs and out of the house. The detectives have his name, but at a late hour last night they had not located him.

THE BRYAN INTERMENT.

Sister of Erstwhile Presidential Candidate to Be Buried in Illinois.

LINCOLN, NEB., Jan. 31.—Short funeral services for Miss Nannie L. Bryan, who died yesterday, will be held at the home of her sister tomorrow morning. Early in the afternoon members of the Bryan family in Lincoln, including Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryan, who arrived here this morning, and other relatives, will assemble at the depot to take the former home of the deceased at Salem, Ill., where the interment will take place.

Mr. J. Bryan expects to continue his journey eastward from Salem to complete engagements interrupted by his summons home.

ACTRESS BRINGS SUIT.

Asks $50,000 from Peter Duryea for Alleged Breach of Promise to Wed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Peter Duryea, sagacious and 60, clubman, turfman and millionaire, has been sued for $50,000 for alleged breach of promise in failing to marry her, by Ada Madden, an actress, who for several seasons was prominently before the public in well-known farce comedies.

Mr. Duryea, through his attorney, denies the charge.

Man Talked for Fourteen Hours.

Patrick Lafey of Toronto, O., who was married in Allegheny Saturday afternoon, was taken to his home last night at his brother-in-law, Joseph Kilp of No. 5 Nelson avenue, Allegheny. Lafey's mind has been unsound for months, but was while on his way to visit Kilp that he became violent. While in Central station he talked constantly for 14 hours without any apparent exhaustion. He is still talking incoherently last night when taken away.

New Smallpox Cases.

Two new cases of smallpox were reported yesterday in Pittsburgh. They are in Curley of 27 Penn avenue and Ross Flanagan of 5 Reed street. They were both sent to the Municipal hospital.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Fire Escapes

In accordance with the Law, Manufactured and Erected by Taylor & Dean, 707 Penn avenue.

Home In England J. P. Morgan Will Occupy

J. P. Morgan is Making Preparations for a Long Visit to England, Which May Extend Over Several Years. While Abroad Mr. Morgan Will Make His Home at Aldenham Abbey, the Historic Mansion Which He Has Purchased. J. P. Morgan, Jr., Has Come to America from London to Assume Active Charge of the Great Business Interests in this country.

RICH OF THE WINDY CITY ARE CALLED NICE PAGANS

Chicago Pastor Roughly Handles Wealthy Class of His Municipality.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—The Rev. Dr. James S. Stone, rector of St. James' Episcopal church, the membership of which is largely made up of wealthy persons, caused comment when, in the course of a sermon today, he denounced the rich of Chicago. He said in part:

"That there are multitudes in this city who neither fear God nor regard man, is largely due to two causes; one the ignorance and weakness of many congregations, and the other, the irreligion of our influential and well-to-do people. There are many exceptions, noble and praiseworthy, for which we thank God and take courage.

"But for the greater part the people of financial and social influence in Chicago—the people who could, if they would, do so much for the salvation of the city, the people that are going to suffer the most in that terrible conflict between the classes that is threatening this country, the paltriness of which seems apparent, and the center of which will be this very city, the end of which no man knows—these people, who should be the first in Christian example and in every good work, are living the lives of pagans; nice pagans, it you will, but as surely pagans."

ENGLAND TAKES UP REFORM OF THE ARMY

Government to Abolish Post of Commander-in-Chief, as Commission Recommends.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The report of the royal commission known as the Lord Esher commission, appointed last November for the purpose of advising the government concerning the creation of a board for the administrative business of the war office, has reported.

With the approval of the king and acting upon the recommendations of the commission, the government has decided to appoint an army council framed upon the admiralty model; to abolish the office of commander-in-chief of the army and to create a new post, that of inspector general, whose principal duty will be to inspect and to report on the efficiency of the military force.

SWALLOWED HIS TEETH.

Latrobe Engineer Undergoes a Unique Operation at Mercy Hospital.

George Hoke, engineer of the Loyalhanna brewery at Latrobe, at the Mercy hospital yesterday, had an operation performed to remove a set of false teeth from his stomach. The patient woke up yesterday morning and found that the plate had lodged in his throat. A local physician was called and the obstruction was pressed into the sufferer's stomach to prevent his strangling.

Hoke was brought to Pittsburgh on the first train and taken to the hospital, where he was subjected to an operation and the teeth were removed. He showed wonderful pluck in undergoing the ordeal and was able to return home last night.

RUSSIAN NOTE DELAYED.

Efforts Being Made to So Shape Reply as to Avoid Rupture.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—The official advices received here from St. Petersburg today, although somewhat negative, gave definite details of the status of the note to Japan and the program it was intended to follow. Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, had expected that the answer could have been presented to the czar yesterday for his approval, but the expectation was not realized, and, as a matter of fact, it has not yet been finally drafted. It was therefore determined to defer its submission to the czar until next Tuesday or Wednesday. Efforts are still being made to so shape the answer as to prevent a rupture.

FIRE PROVED FATAL.

One Man Killed and 25 Others Overcome by Smoke in a Warehouse Blaze.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—One fireman was killed and 25 firemen were overcome by smoke in a fire in a storehouse of the American Manufacturing Company in Brooklyn tonight. Nine of the men who were overcome were so seriously affected that they were taken to hospitals. One of them is expected to die.

The storehouse contained jute, manila hemp and bagging. The property loss amounts to about $25,000. The company has two mills in St. Louis.

EISEMAN SOLD HIS INTEREST.

Pittsburgher Was Not Involved in the Baxter Failure.

The story sent out from New York that James B. Eiseman of Pittsburgh was involved in the failure of Baxter & Co., brokerage firm, is denied by Mr. Eiseman's intimate friends in this city. It was stated in the New York dispatches that Eiseman and other members of the firm had disappeared on the eve of the failure and that they could not be located. The statement is made upon good authority that Eiseman withdrew from the firm three months ago and sold his entire interest to the baroque profit to his former associates. About a month ago he visited friends in this city and left with his family for an extended cruise on the Mediterranean.

BASEBALL CATCHER ENDS LIFE WITH CARBOLIC ACID

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Jan. 31.—Daniel Mahaney of this city, a famous baseball catcher, committed suicide at his home tonight by drinking carbolic acid. He had not been working regularly for some time and had threatened to take his life unless his affairs became brighter. He played on many teams during the 90's, including the Washingtons and Cincinnatis.

TWIN LIVES BLOTTED OUT WITHIN ONE HOUR'S TIME

Twin children of John Mainaki of 112 Strawberry alley, McKeesport, died at their home yesterday morning within an hour of each other. They were only a few months old and opened [illegible]

PENNSYLVANIA PLOTS SHOWN

Geologic Maps of Hollidaysburg and Everett Are Marvels of the Art.

HORSESHOE CURVE IS SHOWN

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

People interested in features of geologic structure will take pleasure in two marvels of topographic skill and cartographic art recently completed by the United States geological survey. They are maps of the adjoining quadrangles of Hollidaysburg and Everett in the state of Pennsylvania, and are illustrative of a great variety of topographic types.

The quadrangles are drained by the Raystown and Frankstown branches of the Juniata river. On the Raystown branch some very fine examples of stream carving may be seen. Several prominent water gaps are shown on these sheets, one near Bedford, the old historic county seat, a second near Everett, and a third where Yellowstone creek cuts its way through Tussey mountain at Loysburg Gap.

The mountain barriers of the long, fertile valley which is drained by Yellowstone creek and which goes by the name of Morrison Cove are especially interesting, both for the straight and unbroken ridge of Tussey mountain on the east and the remarkable loop of Dunning mountain on the west and north. Along both sides of the valley runs an almost continuous line of benches, ranging from 500 to 800 feet below the summit of the mountains. At McKees Gap a stream has cut its way through the ridge and formed a water gap which is the outlet for the drainage of the north end of the cove. This is part of the Frankstown branch of the Juniata river.

It was along this stream that canal boats once carried freight from Harrisburg to Pittsburgh. The boats were made in sections, so they could be taken apart and transported across the Allegheny mountains down an inclined railroad, remains of which may still be seen a little west of Hollidaysburg. Later the state built a railroader here, which is shown in the northwest corner of the map, as a second-class road. Both these roads were considered, in their day, veritable triumphs of engineering skill, but they have long since given way to modern types of lines of transportation.

In the northwest corner of the map is shown the famous Horseshoe curve of the Pennsylvania railroad.

TO CHOOSE CHURCH SITE.

Trustees of Second Presbyterian Church, Wilkinsburg, Will Meet Wednesday Evening.

A meeting of the members of the Second Presbyterian church, Wilkinsburg, will be held in the Assembly hall, Wednesday evening to finally decide on and purchase a site for the new Second Presbyterian church.

The trustees have the option of three sites, one at the corner of Center street and South avenue, known as the Buzzard property; at the corner of Franklin avenue and Mulberry street, and at the corner of Mulberry street and South avenue, at prices ranging from $16,500 to $28,000.

The purchase of one of the foregoing is to be decided upon at the Wednesday meeting.

TO START TODAY.

Spang-Chalfant Mills at Etna to Start Up—Strikers Still Determined.

Fires in the Spang-Chalfant Company's mills in Etna were lighted last night and an effort will be made to start the plant in full this morning. The coal and iron police were guarding the property last night.

The strikers now number 200 and they claim an effort is being made to introduce negro labor into the plant. An employment agency on Robinson street, Allegheny, is said to be hiring the men to take the places of the strikers.

EXPLOSION HURTS TWO.

A Locomotive Valve Blew Out While Being Tightened by Workmen.

WHEELING, W. VA., Jan. 31.—John Conley, foreman of the Baltimore & Ohio boilermakers and Vince Bumer, his assistant, were scalded in an explosion at Benwood Junction, this afternoon, while engaged in repairing an engine boiler. Conley will die.

The boiler was leaking and they tried to tighten the shut-off with a wrench when the pressure of 175 pounds of steam blew it out. The men were thrown 10 feet and rendered unconscious.

ONE KILLED AND 13 HURT IN THE WRECK OF A FLYER

KANSAS CITY, MO., Jan. 31.—The Colorado flyer on the Missouri Pacific, that left Denver Saturday afternoon for Kansas City, was derailed near Miller, Kan., today, while running 40 miles an hour. The engine and rear car, a Pullman, alone remained upright on the track. The baggage car, smoker and chair car were thrown into the ditch, turning over, and terribly shattered. W. L. Brown of Ransom, Kan., was killed and 13 injured, one seriously.

GILLETTE MAKES ANOTHER EFFORT TO PAY CREDITORS

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 31.—Grant C. Gillette, the former cattle plunger, who fled to Mexico three years ago, has made a definite move to settle with his creditors, whom he owes an aggregate sum estimated at $1,000,000. Local creditors have received a draft from Gillette for a sum sufficient to pay the expenses of a committee to go to Mexico and inspect his mining holdings, from the development of which he hopes to pay his debts.

Joined the Catholic Faith.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Jan. 31.—The Rev. H. S. Schultz, formerly rector of the St. Stephen's Episcopal parish in this city, today publicly renounced allegiance to the Episcopal faith and was baptized and received into the Catholic church. A number of his former parishioners witnessed the ceremony. The Rev. Mr. Schultz had [illegible]

BLOW AT COEDUCATION IN A BIG UNIVERSITY

Favorable Report Made on Segregation of Sexes at Chicago.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—According to a report submitted by Dean George E. Vincent to President Harper of the University of Chicago, the experiment of segregating the sexes in the junior college work during the past year has been a success. Dean Vincent in his report says:

"Unofficially various instructors who have taught the classes exclusively for men or women have told me that from their experience they believe segregation is going to work out as an educational and social success. One interesting feature of the situation is that several of the instructors who were radically opposed to segregation have now to that their experience leads them to favor it heartily."

The girls and boys do not have any chance to look at one another and be distracted in their class room work," said Prof. Charles Chandler, who has taught segregated Latin classes. "I favor coeducation and voted against segregation, but I must say that as a result of the year's impressions, I am now convinced that segregation is better. In my classes there has been better concentration and the students have accomplished more than before segregation."

STATION AGENT SHOT IN FIGHT WITH THIEVES

He Battled With Robbers Who Were Escaping With Contents of Safe.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

JOPLIN, MO., Jan. 31.—In an exchange of shots with two masked men who had rifled the depot safe, William H. Broadstreet, station agent on the Frisco system at Granby, near here, was fatally wounded. The men escaped. Bloodhounds have been sent to the scene from Joplin.

The station at Granby is a mile from the business portion of town. Broadstreet was alone at the depot when two young men, heavily built and wearing handkerchiefs over the lower part of their faces, appeared and ordered him to throw up his hands. While one of the masked men kept Broadstreet covered the other broke into the safe, securing $100 in money and some railroad papers.

As the robbers were leaving Broadstreet secured his revolver and exchanged shots with them. One shot struck Broadstreet in the face, ranging downward. He will die.

MRS. THAW SINGS.

Pittsburgh Lady Entertains the Guests at the Flagler Home, at Palm Beach.

PALM BEACH, FLA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—A delightful, clear, warm day greeted the early risers this morning. A shower at noon cleared the air during the luncheon hour. There were few women in the surf, but there were a great many who found the salt water invigorating and great sport.

This afternoon Mr. Flagler stopped at Whitehall for tea in the court yard with Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, and afterwards there was an impromptu musicale, when Mrs. Benjamin Thaw of Pittsburgh, and Mr. Frederick G. Bourne of New York, sang. Mrs. Thaw surprised her friends, who did not know she possessed a voice of such breadth and richness. She was accompanied by Russell Jay, organist at Whitehall. Many automobile enthusiasts came in from Ormond today, including Mr. William Thaw of Pittsburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Scully arrived with their children today to join the Pittsburgh contingent, and are at the Royal Poinciana.

The first ball of the season was given tonight at the hotel.

RECEPTION FOR PASTOR.

Wilkinsburg Baptist Church People Will Meet Their Leader Tomorrow.

A reception will be given Tuesday evening at the Wilkinsburg Baptist church to the Rev. and Mrs. John M. Moore by the church and congregation.

The committee of arrangements has invited the following to participate: The Rev. J. M. Foy, who baptized Mr. Moore, will speak on acquaintance; the Rev. Dr. M. M. Patterson, of the First United Presbyterian church will speak in behalf of the churches of Wilkinsburg; the Rev. Dr. W. A. Stanton of the Shady avenue church will speak for the board of directors of the Pittsburgh Baptist association, of which he is president; the Rev. J. A. Maxwell of the Ivy Baptist church, McKeesport, will speak in behalf of the Baptist ministers of Pittsburgh and vicinity; the Rev. J. T. Davis of the Penn avenue church, McKeesport, will speak in behalf of the Baptist association, of which he is moderator; the Rev. Q. S. Bayne will speak for the Homewood church, of which he is pastor; the Rev. A. R. Stark of the Oakland church and president of the associational B. Y. P. U., will speak in behalf of the young people.

The Pennsylvania railroad Y. M. C. A. quartet will sing.

HYPOCRISY IS FORBIDDEN.

Rabbi Levy Declares Third Commandment Includes More Than Profanity.

The fourteenth lecture of the present course of Sunday services was delivered yesterday morning in the temple of the Reform Congregation Rodeph Shalom, Eighth street, below Penn avenue, by the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy. The subject of the address was "The Third Commandment," and the speaker showed that most usually it was interpreted as a prohibition against profane swearing and an injunction to be careful in thought, speech and action. He said in part:

"The words of the text remind us that we should not bear God's name for vanity, and, being applied to the people of Israel upon whom scripture says that the name of God was placed, the commandment thus forbids such a mode of life as would be a profanation of God's holy name. To be called with a holy calling is to manifest sincerity and general irreverence is unclean of the highest order. But the words apply not only to the people of Israel, but to all men, for it is the general belief of the world today that God's name has been placed upon each and every one of us. To speak of God and Father, yet to follow the lower impulses of human nature, is a form of arrant hypocrisy which the world has not yet entirely outlived.

Many Lost Their Votes.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Jan. 31.—The registration of Texas voters for next November's election closed tonight at midnight, and while all the returns will not be in for several days, it is estimated that out of some 700,000 voters in Texas, only [illegible]

BOYS USED SLED FOR AMBULANCE

Chas. E. Smith, Fatally Shot, Hauled Home in Dying Condition.

DIED AT MERCY HOSPITAL

Some mystery surrounds the death of Charles E. Smith, aged 16, a Washington county lad who expired last night at the Mercy hospital. The boy was shot in the head near his home in Densmore last Saturday morning by an unknown boy who was handling a gun. Whether it was murder or the accidental discharge of the weapon is not known.

To Deputy Coroner Richard Carney, the mother of the boy told last night that young Smith had gone with his brother, Oliver, aged 17, to the home of John Wheeler, a colored man living about a mile away. Oscar Truax, a companion, accompanied them. Wheeler's son and another boy met them and the shooting followed almost immediately.

On a sled the injured lad's companions hauled him through the snow to his home, where a physician attended him. Later in the day he was removed to Mercy hospital. An operation was performed and part of the skull was removed. Death was caused by a fracture and compression of the brain. The bullet was taken from behind the left ear, but efforts to save the boy's life proved futile. The finding of the coroner will be referred to the Washington county authorities.

While talking to the engineer at the Carrie furnace, Rankin, yesterday, Andrew Bonnie, aged 50, fell forward and rolled into the yard dead. He was subject to heart failure.

Edward Laughlin aged 28, of 526 Sixth avenue, McKeesport, died yesterday at the McKeesport hospital of injuries received last Saturday when he was struck by a street car.

The coroner was notified last night of the sudden death of Luigi Di Lesatos of Sheraden. The man died at his home, it is said, without medical attention. He was 47 years old and married.

Edna Koontz, an infant, aged 7 weeks, died yesterday of convulsions at the home of its parents in First street, Duquesne.

The suicide zone seems to have changed from Allegheny to Pittsburgh. According to the coroner's report for January, 14 persons took their lives, eight of whom lived in this city, two in Allegheny and the remainder resided at different places in the county.

Four ended their lives with morphine, three by hanging, three by cutting, one by shooting, one by chloral poison and two took carbolic acid. Forty-one died from heart disease, 26 were killed on railroads, 24 were burned to death, 11 were killed in mills, 9 were killed in mines, 9 by falls, 7 died in spasms, 5 were asphyxiated, 4 died from alcoholism, 4 were killed while coasting, 3 in explosions, 2 by street cars, 2 were drowned, 1 was murdered and 1 died from a kick from a horse, making a total of 158 deaths during the month, irrespective of the victims of the Harwick mine disaster at Cheswick. Already 156 deaths have been reported to the coroner from that mine. This number will be increased, as all the victims have not been recovered.

PARKHURST SAVAGELY SCOURGES MORMONISM

Declares the Church a Sworn Enemy of the United States.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—"Joseph Smith, the founder of Mormonism, was born almost exactly a century ago, a century lacking one year. His grandfather was a beggar, his father a believer in demoniacal possessions, and his mother a crank—and blood tells."

Thus spoke Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst in the Madison Square Presbyterian church tonight in his sermon on "The Mormon Peril."

"There was in Smith," continued the preacher, "that mingling of sanity and insanity that patchwork of stupidity and diabolical genius, that rendered him a portent of evil effects. Mormonism is in certain respects elevated to the dignity of a cult, an attempt to make beastliness respectable.

"Polygamy is a part of the Mormon system. It is an understood feature of Mormonism that the door of heaven is open only to the woman who has been sealed for both and eternity to some consecrated member of deity. Hence to her Marriage is thus not only a means of grace to the individual woman, but is also a benediction to one or more of the little souls that hang invisibly suspended in all the surrounding atmosphere, not yet fitted out with body, but anxious to be born.

"Now, I want briefly to show the Mormon as a sworn enemy of the United States government and is willing to make use of the comforts and advantages afforded by that government as means to its eventual overthrow."

FRANK A. PARKER.

PROFIT-SHARING WITH EMPLOYES SUCCESSFUL

Cuyahoga Telephone Company Distributes Over $4,000, Benefit to the Firm.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, Jan. 31.—The sum of $4,104.69 was distributed among the employes of the Cuyahoga Telephone Company yesterday in compliance with the profit-sharing scheme announced by President Dickson last July.

The sum amounts to about one-third of a month's salary to the employes, and represents an increase of about 6 per cent in their salaries for the last six months of the year, the period on which the profit-sharing scheme was based.

The plan has been a success from the standpoint of the president. He has awakened a deeper interest in the work among the employes of the company and the affairs have been administered and the detailed work handled with less than the ordinary amount of annoyance.

VENEZUELAN HIGH COURT DECIDES ASPHALT CASE

CARACAS, THURSDAY, Jan. 28.—The federal high court gives as its unanimous judgment the opinion that the claim of Messrs. Warner and Quinlan of Syracuse, N. Y., to possession of the Felicidad asphalt mine, a portion of the asphalt lake in the state of Bermudez, claimed also by the New York and Bermudez Asphalt Company, who hold a concession to work the lake, is void and null.

PICKPOCKETS DRAFTED INTO THE MEXICAN ARMY

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 31.—A number of men convicted as pickpockets were today placed in the regular army to serve out the term of their sentences. This is the first application of the law recently passed which allows compulsory service in the army instead of imprisonment for men convicted of picking pockets.

Bar Mill at Sharpsburg to Resume.

The employes of the bar mill of the Moorhead Brothers mills in Sharpsburg, who went out on a strike six weeks ago, today were notified that they would be ordered workmen will resume work this morning. The negroes were all discharged Saturday. About 60 men are affected and the men returning to their old jobs accept a reduction of 20 per cent. It is expected that the nail mill will resume next week. That department has been shut down for two months.

Aid of the Courts to Be Asked.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Suits will be instituted tomorrow against the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company by the city to compel it to remove the snow from some of the streets. President Parsons of the transit company refused to make any answer to the questions propounded by Director of Public Safety Porter, but it is believed that his efforts have been exceedingly helpful.

The Telegraph says the rumored release of Mrs. Maybrick is incorrect and that she has been transferred from Aylesbury to the Refuge home in Cornwall, where female prisoners usually pass the last few months of their sentence. The Standard makes the same statement.

KILLED FOR INSULTING THE WIFE OF HIS SLAYER.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—Melville Orr, a brassworker, was killed today by Edward Retting, a barber. Orr was standing on the curb with three others when Retting and his wife passed. Mrs. Retting slipped and would have fallen but for her husband catching her. The four bystanders laughed and Retting claims they insulted his wife. During the fight that followed Orr knocked Retting down, when the latter used his knife with fatal results. Retting is held for murder.

Lord Russell's Opinion.

He declared the prosecution misconceived the fact that the foundation on which the whole case rested was murder, for that in fact there was no murder, that on the contrary the deceased died from natural causes.

In one letter to Ridley, Lord Russell said: "I have honestly tried to judge the case and if called upon to advise in my own behalf or that of a friend in a country of this country, I should advise you that Mrs. Maybrick ought to be allowed to go free."

In another letter Lord Russell wrote: "Against her there was a strong case undoubtedly of the means being within her power, but on the whole I feel that there was no direct evidence of administration by her. Only a small quantity of arsenic was discovered in the body after death and none in the stomach, bile, heart or spleen. All were agreed that the symptoms were those of gastro-enteritis. But while the doctors for the prosecution attributed it to arsenical poison, a strong body of evidence was given for the defense that this was not so."

Brothers-in-Law Reconciled.

It is reported here tonight that Edward and Michael Maybrick, whose brother's death was charged to Mrs. Maybrick, will become reconciled to Mrs. Maybrick, and that she will be permitted to rejoin her children. Since the death of their father these children have lived with their uncles, Edward and Michael Maybrick.

It is reported at the home secretary's office that Mrs. Maybrick will probably pass the next five months in seclusion in England and that her movements will be kept absolutely secret. It is said that her interests in America will probably take her there as soon as she is free.

It is understood that if King Edward has felt for some time that justice in this case has been fully administered and that he would not object to Mrs. Maybrick's release.

Mr. Choate, the American ambassador, has been tactful in handling the case, but it is said that his expressions have been merely tentative. For that very reason it is believed that his efforts have been exceedingly helpful.

The Telegraph says the rumored release of Mrs. Maybrick is incorrect and that she has been transferred from Aylesbury to the Refuge home in Cornwall, where female prisoners usually pass the last few months of their sentence. The Standard makes the same statement.

KILLED FOR INSULTING THE WIFE OF HIS SLAYER.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—Melville Orr, a brassworker, was killed today by Edward Retting, a barber. Orr was standing on the curb with three others when Retting and his wife passed. Mrs. Retting slipped and would have fallen but for her husband catching her. The four bystanders laughed and Retting claims they insulted his wife. During the fight that followed Orr knocked Retting down, when the latter used his knife with fatal results. Retting is held for murder.

Lord Russell's Opinion.

He declared the prosecution misconceived the fact that the foundation on which the whole case rested was murder, for that in fact there was no murder, that on the contrary the deceased died from natural causes.

In one letter to Ridley, Lord Russell said: "I have honestly tried to judge the case and if called upon to advise in my own behalf or that of a friend in a country of this country, I should advise you that Mrs. Maybrick ought to be allowed to go free."

In another letter Lord Russell wrote: "Against her there was a strong case undoubtedly of the means being within her power, but on the whole I feel that there was no direct evidence of administration by her. Only a small quantity of arsenic was discovered in the body after death and none in the stomach, bile, heart or spleen. All were agreed that the symptoms were those of gastro-enteritis. But while the doctors for the prosecution attributed it to arsenical poison, a strong body of evidence was given for the defense that this was not so."

Brothers-in-Law Reconciled.

It is reported here tonight that Edward and Michael Maybrick, whose brother's death was charged to Mrs. Maybrick, will become reconciled to Mrs. Maybrick, and that she will be permitted to rejoin her children. Since the death of their father these children have lived with their uncles, Edward and Michael Maybrick.

It is reported at the home secretary's office that Mrs. Maybrick will probably pass the next five months in seclusion in England and that her movements will be kept absolutely secret. It is said that her interests in America will probably take her there as soon as she is free.

It is understood that if King Edward has felt for some time that justice in this case has been fully administered and that he would not object to Mrs. Maybrick's release.

Mr. Choate, the American ambassador, has been tactful in handling the case, but it is said that his expressions have been merely tentative. For that very reason it is believed that his efforts have been exceedingly helpful.

The Telegraph says the rumored release of Mrs. Maybrick is incorrect and that she has been transferred from Aylesbury to the Refuge home in Cornwall, where female prisoners usually pass the last few months of their sentence. The Standard makes the same statement.

It's a Liberal Education To Read The Sunday Gazette

It is positively a liberal education to read The Sunday Gazette every week. And those who read it carefully and intelligently will be well informed in the broadest and best sense of the term. These are sweeping claims to make on behalf of any publication, and especially of a Sunday newspaper. But their truth is well borne out by reference to yesterday's issue of The Gazette.

Consider the variety of subjects treated upon, their timeliness and intense human interest, and note the distinguished character of the contributors. Observe, too, that in literary, artistic and typographical excellence this remarkable Sunday newspaper has no superiors and no equals.

Notable contributions to yesterday's issue were:

"The Story of Filtration in Pittsburgh," by Henry Jones Ford; "The King of Panama and His Kingdom;" "How Pennsylvania Was Saved from Reputation," by Col. A. K. McClure; "Do Riches Bring Happiness?" by Max Nordau; "Fighting Famine With Ether," by William B. King; "The Elusive N Rays," by Emerson Ralph; "The Quiet Observer," by Erasmus Wilson; "The Mother of Woman Novelists," by George Seibel; "Recipe for Judging Plays" or "Every Man His Own Dramatic Critic," by Charles M. Brega and the "Financial Review," by John O. Baglin. The foregoing were contained in the editorial section.

The Home Journal section had a superb cover design in colors by Mucha. There were charming short stories by Mary Chase, James Winthrop and Ruby Douglas. "The Climber, or the Fatal Supper," a humorous poem of Greater Pittsburgh; "Hiawatha, the Indian Musical Tiger," by Rachael J. D. Bradshaw; Mistress Perys; Sarah Graham Hay's talk on artistic home needlework, and the original and splendid illustrated fashion pages, were but a few of its admirable features.

Among the more striking articles in the news sections of the paper were: "Revolutionary Sentiment in Russia," by Serge[illegible] Stepniak; "The Proposed Museum of Accidents," by John Elfreth Watkins, Jr.; "How the Christ-Child Was Saved from the Massacre of the Innocents," by Jules Lemaitre; "A Farmer Who Makes $100,000 every year;" "The Genial Idiot," by John Kendrick Bangs.

MRS. MAYBRICK MUST BE QUIET

Continued from First Page.

office to keep prisoners and relatives uninformed of the date of release. Recently when Col. Lynch was pardoned his wife was not informed he was released until after he was a free man.

Only long-time women convicts are imprisoned at Aylesbury. A dispatch from Aylesbury states that Mrs. Maybrick left prison at 7 o'clock Monday morning. Mrs. Maybrick was aroused unusually early, donned an ordinary gown, ate breakfast with a prison matron, entered a carriage and drove to the railway station.

Saved Fellow Prisoner's Life.

Mrs. Maybrick was for a time in the laundry, where the work is arduous. Recently by her promptness she saved the life of a fellow prisoner in the laundry, who was hurt by the machinery. Mrs. Maybrick stanched the flow of blood, bandaging the wounds until the doctor arrived. He complimented her skill.

Mrs. Maybrick was 27 when sentenced in August, 1889, and is now 42. Her mother had the privilege of visiting her only once in three months. She last visited her January 23. After that visit the baroness wrote the letter quoted.

The baroness never wavered in her devotion to her daughter or belief in her innocence. Since her arrest the baroness has spent a fortune trying to secure the release of her daughter. The mother's belief in her daughter's innocence was shared by Sir Charles Russell, barrister-at-law, who defended Mrs. Maybrick, afterward lord chief justice of England. Russell brought every home secretary to reconsider the case. He wrote to Home Secretary Ridley in 1895 saying: "I am of the strong and emphatic opinion that Mrs. Maybrick ought never to have been convicted and now that she has served a sentence which ought promptly to be ended."

Lord Russell's Opinion.

He declared the prosecution misconceived the fact that the foundation on which the whole case rested was murder, for that in fact there was no murder, that on the contrary the deceased died from natural causes.

In one letter to Ridley, Lord Russell said: "I have honestly tried to judge the case and if called upon to advise in my own behalf or that of a friend in a country of this country, I should advise you that Mrs. Maybrick ought to be allowed to go free."

In another letter Lord Russell wrote: "Against her there was a strong case undoubtedly of the means being within her power, but on the whole I feel that there was no direct evidence of administration by her. Only a small quantity of arsenic was discovered in the body after death and none in the stomach, bile, heart or spleen. All were agreed that the symptoms were those of gastro-enteritis. But while the doctors for the prosecution attributed it to arsenical poison, a strong body of evidence was given for the defense that this was not so."

Brothers-in-Law Reconciled.

It is reported here tonight that Edward and Michael Maybrick, whose brother's death was charged to Mrs. Maybrick, will become reconciled to Mrs. Maybrick, and that she will be permitted to rejoin her children. Since the death of their father these children have lived with their uncles, Edward and Michael Maybrick.

It is reported at the home secretary's office that Mrs. Maybrick will probably pass the next five months in seclusion in England and that her movements will be kept absolutely secret. It is said that her interests in America will probably take her there as soon as she is free.

It is understood that if King Edward has felt for some time that justice in this case has been fully administered and that he would not object to Mrs. Maybrick's release.

Mr. Choate, the American ambassador, has been tactful in handling the case, but it is said that his expressions have been merely tentative. For that very reason it is believed that his efforts have been exceedingly helpful.

FINERTY WILL BE NAMED TODAY

Continued from First Page.

Orphans. The clerkship Dunn held paid $80 a month. Clark is skilled in bobbing. There was a report in the Sixth ward last night that Dunn is to be given a place in the office of Controller John R. Larkin. It is also said that he intends to seek the Democratic nomination for assemblyman in the Third legislative district.

The Orphans will open their campaign in the Sixth ward tomorrow night with a meeting in Licht's hall. The orators will be Martin McTighe, Dr. J. P. Shaw, Controller Larkin and James M. Dunn. Other Orphans' meetings for this week are Margaretta school, Nineteenth ward, tomorrow; Stone school, Twenty-second ward, Wednesday; Soho school, Fourteenth ward, Thursday; Garfield sch ol, Nineteenth ward, Friday. Next week two and three meetings will be held each night.

Some of the Bellefield and Oakland women decided that the Fourteenth ward Orphans' headquarters in Fifth avenue did not look tidy. They took charge of the place Friday. The room was given a thorough cleaning and new furniture put in. Pink teas will be held each day.

TOWN WAS DESTROYED.

Fire Burned All But Two Buildings in a Mississippi Village.

GREENVILLE, MISS., Jan. 31.—Fire at

OWDS FLOCK TO MINE SHAFT

undreds of Visitors at Harwick Yesterday—Memorial Services Are Held.

FFICIAL FIGURES OF DEAD

Since the explosion in the Harwick mine the Allegheny Coal Company, which urred one week ago, a total of 152 dies have been removed. Only one of a 156 miners who were at work when e explosion occurred escaped with his e. The company now places the dead from 156 to 179. A check was not kept every man who entered the shaft.

The official list is:

dies recovered	152
dies interred	146
dies at morgue	6
dentified	4
dentified buried	37
dies still in mine, four to	18

Until the old cage, which was damaged the explosion at Harwick mine, is reired, or a new one made, the remaining dies and the carcasses of nine mules nnot be brought out. The rescue work as brought to a temporary end yesterday. The broken cage was lowered from e top of the tipple during the day. here it had been fastened by splintered oard, coils of wire and bent steel, and ay be in readiness to take about 20 en down this morning. The entries and ooms are now said to be very warm. here is much gas and water. It is ared that if work is not resumed at ce the entombed bodies will be unrecognizable.

Many Sightseers on Hand.

Although there was a partial suspension all duties yesterday there were a mber of private funerals and the scene the disaster was visited by over 5,000 ghtseers. The noon train from Pittsrgh carried 2,000 people, most of whom alked from Cheswick to the mine. All har trains during the day were also aded while several thousand people her drove or walked from nearby ces. No attempt was made to keep or- But six bodies remained in the ft at the crowds were allowed to ss them.

Memorial services were held in St. s Lutheran church, near the comry cemetery, at 3 o'clock in the afterm. Similar services were held in other rches of the valley either during the rning or at night. The Lutheran servs, however, were of a general characand were attended by about 300 people. dresses were delivered by the Rev. F. Viele, of the Methodist Protestant urch of Springdale and George E. y, attorney for the Allegheny Coal mpany. Mr. Alter's address was in the ture of a tribute to the dead. He said at as a representative of the company r whom the faithful men had worked felt that he should speak of their rofession. He paid a glowing tribute to rown M. Taylor.

Tribute to Dead Miners.

In part he said: "If those men had fallen battle a nation would mourn their ss. Monuments would be erected to ir valor. Their names would be perpetuated as heroes. These fellows who up their lives are entitled to as ch distinction. They also fell in battle—a battle for civilization. That for ich they fought furnishes comfort for llons by giving heat. It drives wheels, lits ore, draws trains of cars and proils steamers. It has pleased God to ace these riches in the bowels of the rth and man must go down into the pths among deadly gases to bring them sunlight. It was this noble battle ese men were waging.

"I have a word, too, for that brilliant, ave and heroic engineer who sacrificed life for others. A good yesterday in office looking at the vacated chair d reflected on his promising career. The nner of his death will never be forten. It is not so much when, but w, we die, and for what we meet our ath."

The Rev. Viele said that the services ere held more for the unknown dead. e spoke briefly of the disaster, recited pathetic incident of a fatherless girl ho wondered if her papa would ever me out of the mine to see her new othes, and spoke of the heroism of the ictims.

The services were opened by the Rev. O. Graham, pastor of the church, a ripture lesson was read by the Rev. J. Davis of the Methodist Episcopal urch, Springdale, prayers offered by W. Aiken of the United Presbyterian Theological seminary, Allegheny, and the John Hill and the benediction pronced by the Rev. Davis.

Services at Colfax.

other Richard Hamilton at 10 o'clock high mass at St. Alfonsus' church, fax. In his address he referred to sacrifice of life. Presiding Elder G. Terhune occupied the pulpit of the ingdale Methodist Episcopal church in morning and used as his subject me Thoughts on the Mine Disaster." Revs. Hill and Stevenson held similar vices in the Cheswick Presbyterian rch, and the Rev. Viele and Mr. Aikin e successes. The latter occupied the pit of the Methodist Protestant church Springdale.

nce Saturday two more bodies were ught up, one of which was identified erday as that of George Bigley, a er, the son of James Bigley. The r was that of Robert Brown, the son George Brown, the pit boss. Several s ago the body of Joe Jalja was iden- as Bigley's. The two last bodies ght from the mine had been encased akes of ice at the foot of the shaft were in a fair state of preservation. y could not be embalmed and both e interred yesterday.

oung Brown was buried with his er. The Rev. Mr. Viele performed house and grave services. John Float, o leaves a widow and 12 children, and xander and Harry Flemmer, father son, were also buried yesterday. Of six remaining bodies in the morgue ir are unidentified and will be buried s morning.

Relief Committee at Work.

The bodies identified yesterday were se of George Bigley, Attilo Lambroski John Angelucili. Several Poles were ied at New Kensington during the rning.

he Cheswick relief committee is still ively at work. The Harwick store, in arge of John D. Greer, was open all yesterday. A fund of $500 was raised the employes of the Pittsburgh Reduc- Company's plant at New Kensington will be turned over to the Cheswick mittee. Coroner Jesse Mcgeary with his deputies returned to the city last ht. Several deputies will go back to rwick this morning.

USE OF DISASTER KNOWN.

ief Roderick to Report Result of His Investigation to the Governor.

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special)—James E. Roderick, chief of the e department of mines, returned to rrisburg tonight from Cheswick, and make a verbal report to Gov. Pennyker tomorrow on the Harwick disaster. derick says the cause of the explosion known to him, but he will tell no one cept the governor until after the coro- 's inquest.

Another ortical examination of the ne will be made by the inspectors who ve been at Cheswick since the disaster, ore the owners are permitted to resume erations. Roderick says there are 20 ies yet in the mine and that the roof down from 2 to 5 feet. He will return Cheswick after making his report to tify at the coroner's inquest and make other examination of the mine.

School Children to Contribute.

uperintendent J. B. Richey of the Mesport schools will present to the board controllers tonight a proposition for starting of a fund by the school chilof that city toward the relief of the ilitute at Cheswick, and ask that the dren be allowed to contribute not more n five cents. The matter will also be en up by the parochial schools.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

ORPHANS PROPOSE ADDITIONAL LEVY

Nearly Three Mills to Be Added if the Bond Issue Is Illegal.

APPROPRIATIONS ATTACKED

Controller John B. Larkin and the Orphans propose an additional tax levy if councils shall decide it has not the right to issue bonds to pay off $900,000 in judgments against the city. The additional tax levy will be about two and one-half mills. Councils can issue bonds to two per centum of the city's valuation. To determine the amount of bonds councils can issue, it is necessary to subtract the amount of the present debt.

The question has been raised whether the gross debt or the net debt shall be subtracted as the net debt is over $5,000,000 less than the gross debt. The matter has been submitted to the city solicitor for an opinion. If he decides that the gross debt must be subtracted, councils cannot issue more bonds at present, as the limit is about reached. This would leave only two methods by which the $900,000 judgments might be paid—by a bond issue authorized by a vote of the people or by an appropriation this year. The Orphans' plan is to keep the appropriations down to a 12-mill basis and if a bond issue cannot be made they propose to make an additional levy of two and one-half mills to pay off the judgments.

Wasson Opposes Bond Issue.

"The proposition to submit the question of a bond issue to the people to decide whether the city shall pay its debts is an absurdity," said Councilman J. C. Wasson yesterday. "It would be just as reasonable for a corporation, which has debts it is obliged to pay, to ask its stockholders whether it should pay these debts or not. The city is obliged to pay these judgments and the people have no option whether they shall be paid or not. I am opposed to a bond issue. I am in favor of providing for the payment of the judgments out of the regular appropriations as judgments have always been paid. It is the only business-like policy and would not increase the millage, so I am informed, for the increase in the valuations will be sufficient to pay the judgments which have been allowed to accumulate against the city."

A vigorous attack on the appropriation ordinance, framed by Controller John B. Larkin and the finance committee, will be made tonight in common council. Notwithstanding the fact that the delay in reporting this measure precludes its passage within the time prescribed by law the Orphans are beat on putting it through in short order, but the Democratic and Republican members will insist upon it being taken up and considered item by item.

Charter Is Violated.

If the bill had been reported to councils a couple of weeks ago it would probably have been amended and passed by councils "prior to the first Tuesday of February," as required by the city charter, but to get it through both branches of councils before tomorrow is a physical impossibility.

The delay of the Orphans in presenting the ordinance is likely to delay it a couple of weeks longer for the bill is regarded largely as a political scheme, which the other factions in councils will insist upon scrutinizing very carefully. This will require two or three meetings of common council and as many of select, after the bill has been referred and acted upon by the finance committee of select council. Naturally, there will be some changes in select council of items overlooked in common council and this will require the bill to be sent back to the lower branch for concurrence even after it has been passed finally by the upper branch.

One prediction was made by leading councilmen yesterday that the appropriation ordinance would not get through both branches of councils and be signed by the mayor before the first of March, it was toward the latter part of February last year when the appropriation ordinance, framed by Controller Larkin and the same finance committee, was reported to councils and it was not passed finally until about the middle of March.

Want Salaries Restored.

The appropriation ordinance last year was cut to meet wholesale reductions in salaries and a large number of employes, who have been demanding that their former salaries be restored, have asked councils to make provision in the appropriation ordinance this year for the proposed increase in their pay.

The assessors are asking that their salaries be increased each from $2,000 to $2,500, but the finance committee made no provision in the appropriations for such an increase, neither did they provide for a dozen or more increases granted in the salary bill of the public works department which is pending in select council.

The revision of salaries will take considerable time of councils, also the proposed reduction of the operating expenses of the departments as proposed by the controller and the finance committee. They propose that no substitutes shall be employed when firemen and policemen are off duty in order that the city may save this money.

Resolution Was Misconstrued.

The action of the finance committee in cutting out $300,000 for the new High school will be criticised in councils. The finance committee takes the position that the resolution, passed by the central board of education, authorizing the purchase of the Christopher Magee site, makes the purchase conditional upon the action of councils. The resolution passed by the central board was as follows:

Resolved, That we purchase the property of Christopher Magee, situate in the Twenty-second ward, city of Pittsburgh, and containing about 12 acres, at $300,000, upon the terms contained in a proposition presented by Mr. Magee, and which is herewith presented.

Provided, That no money shall be paid on this property until the appropriation for the same shall have been passed by councils.

The finance committee construed the word "until" in the last clause of the resolution to mean "unless." The members of the central board explain that this clause was added to the resolution merely to specify when the first payment for the property should be made. The central board has only asked councils for $100,000 to pay on the property. The other $200,000 of the amount cut out of the appropriations was for a new building.

MANY PEOPLE VISITED THE PARKS YESTERDAY

The pleasant weather of yesterday caused thousands of people to visit Highland and Schenley parks. The six hundred and fortieth organ recital by Edwin H. Lemare in Carnegie Music hall was the chief center of attraction, and every seat in the hall was filled, there being nearly 3,000 persons present. The Phipps conservatory was also comfortably filled during the afternoon while the largest crowd of the season visited the zoological gardens in Highland park. There was sufficient snow remaining on the drives in Highland park to make sleighing possible and many persons took advantage of this to take what may be the last sleigh ride of the winter.

Bishop Funston Talks on Indians.

Bishop James B. Funston of the Protestant Episcopal church of Idaho and Wyoming spoke last night to the congregation of St. Andrew's in Christ church, Allegheny. His mission here is to raise funds for the continuation of the work in the west, and the subject last night was "Church Extension." Bishop Funston said that many Christians were of the belief that remote and sparsely settled districts should not be the recipients of financial assistance when there was so much work to be done in the cities. This conviction, he said, is a selfish one and should not be entertained by broad-minded people. The work of the church among Indians in the west was spoken of interestingly, and the need of the schools, churches, and hospitals was explained. Bishop Funston thanked the congregation of St. Andrew's for their liberality during the past year.

Fire Escapes

In Accordance with the Law, Manufactured and Erected by Taylor & Dean, Pittsburgh.

Leland Powers Tuesday night, Allegheny Carnegie hall. Seats today, 500 Federal st.

ASSESSMENTS ARE CUT $18,000,000

Assessors Declare Larkin Is Overestimating the Increase for 1904.

TAX LEVY MUCH IN DOUBT

Latest estimates of the city assessors indicate that Controller John B. Larkin and the finance committee are groping very much in the dark when they assert that the tax levy for 1904 will be 12 mills upon the appropriations which they have made and reported to councils. Controller Larkin stated Saturday, when the appropriations were approved by the finance committee, that the total valuations of the city would be $400,000,000. Elmer E. Siebert, one of the best informed members of the board of assessors, stated yesterday that Larkin and the finance committee had overestimated the increase in valuations.

Siebert said the valuations would reach about $390,000,000, which is $10,000,000 less than the amount estimated by the controller and his Orphan colleagues.

The valuations will probably be even less than $390,000,000, for a number of appeals are said to have been taken to court and quite a number of reductions in assessments may be made before the triennial assessment for 1904 is completed.

Siebert stated that the assessors would not be ready to give the finance committee an estimate of the valuations before another week. Until this official estimate is forthcoming he declares all calculations regarding the tax levy for 1904 is mere guesswork. A total valuation of $390,000,000 would mean an increase of $70,000,000.

Another thing that makes the tax levy for 1904 a doubtful quantity is the absence of any official estimate from the controller himself regarding the receipts from miscellaneous sources this year. The controller said Saturday to the finance committee that he expected to get about $3,300,000 outside of the general tax levy. He presented no itemized statement of either the estimates of receipts for 1904 nor any statement of the actual receipts for the fiscal year 1903, which closed last night at midnight.

The controller's last report shows that the miscellaneous receipts for the fiscal year 1902 were but $2,546,000, although he claims the miscellaneous receipts for 1904 will reach $3,300,000.

MANY NEW REVIVAL DISTRICTS FORMED

Evangelists in Demand for the Big Central Meetings in Coming Campaign.

Evangelists will have more than they can do in Pittsburgh next week. In spite of the generous response of religious speakers from all parts of the country to the appeal of the promoters of the simultaneous evangelistic movement, new districts are so rapidly formed that the general committee finds a prodigious task

The Rev. E. F. Hallenbeck.

at hand in complying with requests for special pulpit orators for the central meetings. There are now 16 central districts. A meeting of the general committee will be held in the Young Men's Christian association rooms at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon to finally approve requests for central evangelistic gatherings.

This week a personal appeal will be made to 500 church members in Allegheny county asking them to donate $10 each to the revival campaign fund. The committee already has its list complete, gathered from the 13 Protestant denominations interested in the movement. A generous response is looked for. This alone is not depended upon but basket collections and envelope contributions will be taken both in the churches of the county and in the great central meetings. Each of the 700 churches, whose members are promoting the movement, will be asked to take a collection for the benefit of the campaign, at the regular services either on February 14 or February 21.

Among the eloquent speakers, whose sermons will be heard in the big meetings, is the Rev. E. F. Hallenbeck, an evangelist of note and one not unknown to Pittsburghers. He will be one of the early arrivals in the field.

LAMP AND OPEN GRATE CAUSE PAINFUL BURNS

Mrs. John Maloney Was About to Prepare Lunch When the Lamp Exploded.

Mrs. John Maloney of 803 Carson street was badly burned last night by a lamp that exploded and Marcella Brecker, aged 5, lies at her parents' home in Vandalia street with serious burns.

Mrs. Maloney had been talking with her husband, James Alexander and other friends, and at 10:30 o'clock she went into the kitchen to prepare lunch. The lamp she carried exploded and her clothing caught fire. Her screams brought her husband and the others to her aid. A rug and bed clothes were thrown about her, Maloney and Alexander burning their hands and arms before the flames were extinguished. A physician was summoned and he found that Mrs. Maloney was burned about the whole body. She was sent to the South Side hospital.

Marcella Brecker was standing in front of an open grate fire in her night gown. The gown caught fire and the little girl was painfully burned before the fire was put out.

Lunatic Returned to Ohio.

Patrick Lafey, an insane man from Toronto, O., who spent all Saturday night in the Allegheny central station raving and preaching, was taken back home yesterday morning by his wife and father-in-law, Joseph Kilp, 2813 Madison avenue. He will be placed in an Ohio asylum.

W. M. Laird Co.

SHOES
At a Half,
At a Third,
At a Quarter
UNDER PRICE
Great Lease-Expiring Sale.
W. M. LAIRD COMPANY,
Smithfield Street.
Market Street.

PIANO SALE CONTINUED.

W. F. Frederick Listens to Appeals of the Tardy Ones and Gives Them Three Days of Grace.

ANY PIANO IN THE HOUSE AT 20% OFF REGULAR PRICE

BUT ONLY FOR MON., TUES. AND WED.

Fifty Sold—Two Hundred More to Choose From in Our Stocks. New and Perfect, Some Slightly Used.

Chickering, Steinway, Hardman, Kroeger, McPhail, Estey, Mathushek, Haines Bros., Schubert, Kingsbury Pianos.

This sale has been such a success, and so many people have inquired, but been unable to determine upon choice of piano from our great stock, that we have decided to extend the limit of the sale three days.

These 20 per cent off prices will be allowed only on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week, while we are taking stock. When the books are closed on Wednesday and the business of the greatest half year of our lives is closed, we will discontinue this sale. Think of it! Genuine Chickering, Hardman, Kroeger, McPhail, Mathushek, Estey and Haines Bros. pianos.

This is fair warning to all who want to buy the best pianos in the world for less than they were ever before offered for in the history of piano selling.

Come Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday, February 1, 2, 3, or miss the chance of a lifetime. Mail orders filled.

In connection with the selling of new stock at 20 per cent off, all slightly used "floor scuffed" pianos are selling at equally unheard-of prices. The following are a few of our many bargains:

$700 Hardman upright, San Domingo mahogany case, used at Nixon theater a few weeks—perfect, $288.

A $350 Kimball piano, upright, cabinet grand, perfect condition, used, now $142.

Chickering baby grand; sells the world over for $750, used at Grand opera house only a few weeks on stage, only for an ornament, just like new, our price now $568.

$200 New England upright, used, goes for $139.

$900 Chickering upright, used, a bargain, $195. Parlor size.

$500 Sieglway upright, just like new, $245. Rosewood case.

$400 Krakauer upright, used, perfect condition, now $190.

$350 Estey upright, best style, almost new, $208.

$350 Chickering upright, colonial style, used as ornament on stage at Bijou theater, perfect condition, bargain, $208.

$450 Mathushek, new, beautiful mahogany case, sells the world over for $450, our price now, $310.

$400 Behr Bros. new, their best style, mahogany case, $288.

$500 Knabe upright, taken in exchange on Chickering grand, used three years, rare bargain, $285.

Six new sample pianos, sold by other dealers for $900. Full size. Ivory keys; guaranteed; our price, while they last, $148.

$450 Haines Bros. cabinet grand, walnut, used only a few weeks at Grand opera house, $285.

$400 Fischer upright piano, one of their best styles; used two years; taken in exchange; perfect condition, $195.

$800 Chickering upright, mahogany; varnish work slightly damaged in shipping from factory to our store; rare bargain, $148.

$250 Pianola, slightly used; good as new, $148.

$155 Estey organs, new, rare bargains; now $78.

Steinway square piano; good condition, $65.

Two good square pianos at $30 each.

Used organs, high tops, splendid condition, $20.

All these instruments in stock exactly as advertised and will be sold while they last to suit purchaser, some as low as $15 down and $8 per month. Bring this with you.

Money returned if instruments are not as represented.

W. F. FREDERICK.
Reliable Piano Dealer.
G. SCHROEDER, Mgr.,
633 Smithfield Street.
Entire Six-Story Bldg., Near 7th Ave.

Exclusive agents for genuine Chickering, Hardman, Kroeger, McPhail, Haines Bros., Estey, Schubert, Kingsbury pianos and the perfect piano player, Chase & Baker. Plays any piano.

Largest dealer between New York and Chicago. Largest stock in Pittsburgh.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

YOU will always find great articles of national interest, novels by noted writers, and good short stories in

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE

The best of all magazines—and the cheapest

The February Number contains

A very striking article by Ray Stannard Baker about the **Corner in Labor** in San Francisco. Something entirely new in the labor world.

The most extraordinary chapter of Ida M. Tarbell's story of **Rockefeller** How the Standard Oil spies on its rivals. Facts never before published.

"THE ALIENS" A story of love and politics by BOOTH TARKINGTON

YOU CAN GET McCLURE'S FROM ANY NEWSDEALER OR McCLURE AGENT OR FROM THE PUBLISHERS. 10c A COPY—$1.00 FOR A YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION. S. S. McCLURE COMPANY, 158 EAST 25th STREET, NEW YORK

WOMEN.

A healthy bank account will "keep the wolf from the door" when the bread-winner's income fails.

Every woman—married or single—should have her own bank account. A little saved each week and banked with us at Four Per Cent. Interest will soon total a very respectable sum.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS
4TH AVE. & SMITHFIELD ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED 1862

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

35 TABLETS FOR 25 CENTS

CURES COLDS IN 24 HOURS

CURES LA GRIPPE IN 3 DAYS

CASCARA IS THE BEST TONIC LAXATIVE KNOWN

THESE TABLETS DO NOT CONTAIN ANY OPIATE

MFD. ONLY BY THE W. H. HILL CO. DETROIT, MICH.

HILL'S C. B. Q. TABLETS are always in RED BOX with white letters. None genuine without Mr. Hill's portrait, as above, and this signature W. H. Hill

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Snow. Monday, February 1, 1904.

Snapshots of Spring 1904.

Because this store has had a tremendous business is no reason for our giving way to supineness through February. We do not know the word dullness.

In this month next to Spring we invite the public, especially the feminine portion of it, to look over snapshots of Spring—advance styles of Dress Goods and Silks, the new Dress Cottons, both white and colored, a faint glimpse of what shapes the new Spring Hats for women will assume, the new Waists, the new Embroidered Waist Patterns, the new Embroideries and the new Laces—upon the whole a lot of Spring suggestiveness of the most engaging sort. Some brief mention follows, preceded by this

Important Notice to Women.

Tomorrow we will hold a Special Sale of Millinery, and the prices will be the least we ever named. You will understand the import of this sale better when we tell you we are now engaged in remodeling our Millinery Rooms, West Store. You may expect surprises in the details which will follow this afternoon and again in The Gazette tomorrow morning.

Embroideries in the Ascendant

You might ask, How can that be, as embroideries have been employed for years in all manner of ways? True. But there is such a thing as lavish use, and all indications point to the fact that embroideries will be the extreme of fashion this year. The various laces have been a fad for past seasons, but our people over in Paris, Vienna and Berlin write us that embroideries are taking precedence over all other trimmings.

Did we have an inkling of this earlier? Assuredly—or we should never have bought over so many different lines of embroideries, nor in such vast assortment.

Light and sheer waists with embroidery for trimming, $2.25 and up to $15.00 require a embroidered and ribboned corset cover to show underneath, and corset cover embroideries themselves are one of the predominating features of the season. We have these embroideries at 35c a yard and up to $1.50. We also have individual patterns, ready to make up at 85c each and up to $1.25.

Another whim of Fashion is that the embroidered white skirt shall supersede mohair, silk and skirts of other material. At the Embroidery Counter we have 14 to 24-inch Skirting for 35c a yard and up to $3.00. The choice of materials is nainsook, cambric and Swiss.

We might be accused of boasting were we to dwell upon the variety of embroideries we have to present for the season of 1904. We ask you to judge of our efforts.

Carriage Robes for Reduced Prices.

Just as good for automobile, and if you have neither auto nor carriage, there are other uses to which these robes can be applied. All of the robes are first-class, and our reason for selling them for such great reductions is that they were not inventoried and we would be rid of them as quick as possible. Carriage robes are sold in the Men's Furnishing Store.

Green Melton and Plush Robes, were $6.00, now $4.00.

Green Beaver Robes, interlined, were $6.50, now $5.00.

Black, blue and green, Kersey Robes, chinchilla lined, were $8.50, now $6.00.

Green Kersey Robes, plush lined, were $10.00, now $7.00.

Blue Kersey Robes, chinchilla lined, were $12.00, now $9.00.

Green Broadcloth Robes, interlined, were $13.00, now $10.00.

Blue Broadcloth Robes, double, were $15.00, now $12.00.

Green Broadcloth Robes, were $16.00, now $12.00.

Whipcord Robes, were $18.00, now $14.00.

Plush and Cloth (combined) Robes, green, were $20.00, now $15.00.

The New French Voiles and New Crepes.

Our Paris office hastily sends us word, and is rather enthusiastic over the matter, that French Voiles, Crepes, Illusions and Voile-Chiffons have set the pace for the coming Spring and Summer. No woman will gainsay their dressiness, and as to their comfort in warm weather that is undeniable. These filmy French fabrics are strictly all wool and they come in feather weights.

Our recent imports include all the above, and we are ready to show you the new 1904 colors in each of the lines at the following prices: $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 a yard.

Also in the Dress Goods Aisle, West Store, we are ready with new Mohairs and Sicilians, which our British cousins claim will be the leading fabrics for traveling wear.

Recent importations from Bradford and Manchester, England, enable us to place before you beautiful and lustrous mohair, in both plain and fancy effects, at 50c a yard and up to $1.50.

Silks and Yet Again Silks.

The world's finest dress silks are assembled in Greater Pittsburg's finest store.

That is where they should be for your interest and our interest. No other stock we know of is so complete, so massive, so perfect. We stop at nothing to accomplish perfection in this showing, a perfection that means increased prestige. Many are high art designs in individual patterns not to be seen in any other store, yet at no point are prices extravagant. We keep them down to the lowest notch.

The premier silks include:

Ombre Faconne Imprime, $5.50 a yard and up to $7.50.

Ombre Faconne Messaline, $3.50 a yard.

Fancy Checks from $1.00 up to $2.00 a yard.

Foulards of French creation. In great variety of high colorings, single dress patterns, 95c a yard and up to $2.00.

Colored Shantungs, 75c a yard and up to $1.50.

Plain Satin Messaline, a silk soft as Chiffon with a high lustre, $1.00, $1.25, $1.35 a yard.

Fancy Messaline, in small, neat effects, $2.00 a yard.

Satin Liscte, a weave with Louisine effect, very high lustre, all leading spring shades, $1.50 a yard.

Printed Pongees, with jacquard grounds, the printing on the colored grounds makes it very effective, and it will be one of the leading silks for summer. This silk was made to retail for $2.00 a yard, but as a special we name today the price of $1.25 a yard.

Boxbay Nevertear Lining Silk.

Today we introduce a sale of this celebrated lining silk, comprising some 15,000 yards.

Boxbay is a pure taffeta lining and the nevertear quality adds much to this offer, a most interesting one to those wanting dependable taffeta silk linings for Spring and Summer gowns.

Knowing the silk as we do, we are well ready to stand along with the manufacturer when he says:

"We guarantee it pure silk—we guarantee it not to tear, split or stretch. The Boxbay Nevertear Silk will stand the most severe tests, and will positively outwear the dress itself. You will find both name and guarantee stamped on the silk."

At our Lining Department there will be 50 colors and black from which to select. The 19-inch width is 50c a yard; the 27-inch width is 75c a yard.

You might look at the display in one of our Penn Avenue windows.

About Men's Hats.

Most men want a salesman's individual time and attention when buying a hat—in other words, they don't want to be urged or rushed, but do like the benefit of the experienced hatter's opinion on the hat which takes their fancy. You get here undivided attention.

Up-to-date dressers are buying our new Derby "Checkera"—becoming to most men, but it's only one of our styles. Styles here to please every man—and, incidentally, every pocketbook.

Derbies, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00.
Soft Hats, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.
Silk Hats, $6.00.
Silk Opera Hats $7.00.
Caps of all sorts, 50c and up.

Printed Irish Dimities, 18c a yd.

In the Dress Goods Aisle today we are going to hold a sale of these desirable Irish Dimities, in the most captivating of printings, and you will have choice from some 3,000 yards.

Most women take advantage of February in fashioning different suits for summer wear, and in using these Irish Dimities for several of the suits you take up wash goods that lends charming simplicity to Summer dress, and that are dependable in every way, notwithstanding the rather diminutive price.

A Women's Special for Tomorrow.

Tomorrow we will have on sale 2,500 yards of handsomely printed French Organdies and other printed mercerized cottons that will commend themselves for newest Summer styles and for the extreme low price for which they will be sold, namely—

Thirty-Five Cents a Yard.

PENN, FIFTH AND CECIL WAY.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

Established July 29, 1786.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING
AT 347 AND 349 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL GAZETTE, INC'D.,
Owner and Publisher.
GEORGE T. OLIVER, President.
GEORGE S. OLIVER, Treasurer.
WILLIAM R. HOWE, Secretary and Manager.
WILLIAM S. SCOTT, Managing Editor.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Pittsburgh, Pa.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
BELL—Grant 108.
P. & A.—Main 1014-1015-1016

BRANCH OFFICES:
MAIN OFFICE—407-8-9-10 Temple Court.
NEW YORK NEWS BUREAU—Herald Building, Square.
EASTERN OFFICE—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
WASHINGTON (D. C.) NEWS BUREAU—Room 41 Federal Telegraph Building.
PHILADELPHIA NEWS BUREAU—Press Building, Seventh and Chestnut Streets.
LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICE—5 Hearietta Street, Covent Garden.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) OFFICE—Bartlett Building.
ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.) NEWS BUREAU—Steel Pier.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS.

Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition, 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition, at the rate of $3.00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2.50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 30 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5.00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, February 1, 1904.

A fact which attests the exceptional severity of the present winter is that for the first time in 24 years Lake Michigan is completely frozen over. The last record of the kind was made in 1880, a year made memorable by a vast destruction of ship by bergs and floes. The ice fields are described as resembling an arctic pack, with floes of ice 15 feet high often extending for half a mile, and here and there are rocks 30 feet high.

The efforts made to put Yale university in the attitude of condemning the course of the administration in Panama brought out a very effective counter-demonstration. When the first memorial was presented in the senate on Friday by Mr. Hoar, Mr. Platt of Connecticut got up and presented another memorial signed by 40 members of the faculty and 53 of the leading business men of New Haven upholding the policy of the administration and favoring the ratification of the Panama treaty. The whole business is not particularly creditable to Yale or beneficial to its interests. The particular utterances upon political issues of some college professors as such exhibit them in rather a ridiculous light.

Chief Roderick of the bureau of mines has made his report to Gov. Pennypacker, but declines to say what caused the explosion in the Harwick mine until the fact shall be brought out at the coroner's inquest. That will be soon enough. Knowledge of the cause will not help the victims or their unfortunate relatives, and it will be brought out in ample time for any steps that may need to be taken toward preventing similar catastrophes in the future. The consensus of unofficial opinion at present leans to the theory of carelessness on the part of some one in the mine. The most urgent task of the moment is to provide relief for the families of the men. The mine ran barely half time last year, so the circumstances of all are poor enough.

It is uphill work trying to suppress an outbreak of smallpox when the authorities are balked in their efforts to isolate cases. The burning of the building leased by Verona borough for a pesthouse is a case in point. One might hope the incendiary will be punished by contracting the disease so that he might babble in his delirium and thereby expose himself to the further penalties of the law. There is no room in an enlightened age for the prejudice against the establishment of contagious disease hospitals, as there is none for the unreasoning fear that prompts neglect of such cases or the use of the shotgun to warn off the region. Medical practice and sanitary science has reached a stage where rational conduct is demanded.

Attorney General Hampton L. Carson has handed down an elaborate opinion sustaining the judges' salary act, which he construes to apply to all judges in the state. Under this opinion State Treasurer Frank M. Harris will begin the payment of judicial salaries according to the new schedule. It is possible that someone may take exceptions and seek an opinion from the courts, though that is not probable. Mr. Carson appears to have covered all the points from a disinterested angle, while the judges would be obliged to pass upon the question as interested parties, there being no process provided for importing judicial talent from without the state. There is a general feeling, anyway, that the judges are fully entitled to the compensation, since most of them make financial sacrifices for the honor and duty of serving the public.

In the current issue of the Bulletin of the American Iron and Steel association is the official compilation of the product of American furnaces for 1903. The total production of pig for the year aggregates 18,009,553 tons, against 17,821,307 tons for 1902. For the first half of 1903 the production was 9,207,867 tons, and for the last half 8,801,686 tons and the stocks on the market at the close of the year amounted to 598,489 tons. Thus it is seen the product of the last six months was over 1,400,000 tons less than for the preceding six, and the accumulation of stocks indicates a decrease in consuming power of nearly 1,000,000 tons.

There are now signs that withheld orders may soon be placed, but taking the worst possible view of conditions, it is still apparent that demand and production in this country will equal that of the United Kingdom and Germany combined. There is no longer any question of supremacy.

The Hearst boom has come to the surface in Iowa, where it has the help of the Bryan men in endeavoring to capture the Iowa delegation to the national convention. To avert such an outcome a conference of Democratic leaders from all parts of the state has been held, and it was decided to reject all overtures for a compromise and make a fight to the finish. The anti-Bryanites have controlled the last two conventions and say they will do so again. They will probably not lack assistance from Democratic leaders elsewhere. The indications are that Bryan's fight for delegates will be practically confined to the west, where the regular Democracy was to a large extent fused with the Populists. In the south Bryanism appears to be too weak to put up a fight. A poll of the Mississippi legislature made Friday last showed that the opposition to reaffirmation of the Kansas City platform was simply overwhelming, and some of the strongest expressions of opposition to Bryan's policy came from prospective delegates.

Appropriations Ordinance.

While the appropriations ordinance is ready for councils about the date when it should have been passed, there is no sign of the tax levy measure. The new charter requires that both of these must be adopted "before the first Tuesday in February." This provision has been complied with but once since the charter has been in force, and that was when the old Republican organization was in full possession of the administration.

As for the appropriations ordinance as adopted by the finance committee on Saturday, it gives evidence of the application of the pruning knife without much regard for consequences. Director Moore of the department of public safety, who was present when the ordinance was agreed to, entered a vigorous protest against the cuts made in the bureaus of fire, police and inspection. He says it will be impossible to maintain the forces at full strength on the sums allowed by committee. His plea had no effect, however, as the city controller advances the remarkable idea that the absence of men from duty on account of sickness will reduce the actual expenses to the amounts allowed. Equally brilliant reasoning has probably been applied to other matters. At any rate there appears to have been no serious attempt to apply the one true method of gauging public expenses; namely, the actual necessities of thorough and efficient service.

Certain bills are grouped for a bond issue. These include portions of the cost of Grant boulevard; improvements made by the Pennsylvania railroad; the Carnegie institute site and street widening costs. All pertain to permanent improvements which will be enjoyed by succeeding generations and are legitimate objects for which interest-bearing debt may be incurred. In this they differ radically from the purpose for which bonds were issued last year, namely, the current expenses of the bureau of health. That bond issue was a penalty paid for stupidity in making up the budget a year ago. It was inexcusable. Yet with this error staring them in the face the same men are using the same methods for the same purpose, that is to make an appearance of economy, in making up the budget this year. We hope it will prove less costly in this instance.

As a result of the arbitrary reduction of estimates the citizens are promised a reduction in the tax rate to 12 mills. This promise may be realized, since 12 mills on the supposed new valuation of $400,000,000 will produce precisely the same revenue as 15 mills on the former valuation of $320,000,000. This will leave large revenue to be derived from other sources—larger than has ever been realized—or will result in the same old deficiency at the end of the year. Councils have voted some increases in salaries and there is assuredly room for improvement in the public service, but no allowance has been made for either except in the problematic "revenue from other sources" than the direct property tax.

Gorman's Failure.

Senator Gorman's effort to prevent Democratic senators from making speeches in the open senate in favor of the Panama treaty has failed. His first assumed task in this connection as the director of Democratic policies was to secure caucus action that would bind the Democrats to abide by the will of two-thirds of the Democratic members of the senate on this and other subjects. The first note of dissent was sounded by Senator Stone of Missouri, who announced to the caucus that he would refuse to be bound by any caucus rule with relation to the Panama canal. From that moment the Gorman policy steadily lost ground, and its opponents became bolder as it was made clear by the expressions of southern legislatures and by other authoritative expressions in the strongest Democratic sections of the country that Democrats generally felt that President Roosevelt had acted as they would have expected a Democratic president to act under similar circumstances, and that they wished their representatives in congress to support him as they would have supported a Democratic president whose course was approved.

In the face of this, Mr. Gorman endeavored to restrain Messrs. Simmons of North Carolina, Clay of Georgia and Mallory of Florida, who announced their intention of making speeches in favor of ratification of the canal treaty with Panama. He did succeed in holding them back for a time, but the pressure was too strong, and on Wednesday Mr. Simmons made the plunge. "If," said he, "what has been done in Panama can be undone at all by this government, it can only be undone by doing a greater wrong to Panama than has been done to Colombia." He did make a concession to Senator Gorman's feelings by asserting that the course of the president had been "hasty, rash, improvident and dangerous to the peace and welfare of the country," but he believed that "the president and secretary of state should be relieved of all charges of complicity in the Panama revolution," and he refused to say that everything that the president had done was wrong. This is the last straw, perhaps, on the back of the anti-Panama camel. There has been no doubt for weeks but that it would be ratified, and the date of ratification is brought appreciably nearer by the action of Democratic senators, brought about by pressure of the privates in the ranks at home. It is a triumph of American common sense.

Mr. Bryan's Sound Ideas.

In an article in the last issue of his paper Mr. Bryan has some judicious remarks upon the disadvantages sustained by the failure of our government to provide suitable residences for our ambassadors to foreign powers. Mr. Bryan says:

> I found our ambassador to England, Mr. Choate, preparing to leave his residence in Carlton house terrace, London, because of the imminent return of its owner, Lord Curzon, from India. I learned that our ambassadors to France have often found difficulty in finding suitable houses in Paris, while I found that our minister to Switzerland, Mr. Hill, is living in Geneva because he has not been able thus far to find a residence in Berne, the capital. I was also informed that our ambassador to Italy, Mr. Meyer, was compelled to live in a hotel in Rome for a year after his appointment, because he was unable to find a suitable house for the embassy. The trials of our diplomatic representatives in Europe, together with the high rents they are compelled to pay for their residences, have convinced me that we as a people are at fault in not providing permanent and appropriate domiciles for our ambassadors and ministers at foreign capitals.

Mr. Bryan points out that it is becoming increasingly difficult to rent property in a suitable location at any price, and that as real estate in all the capitals of Europe is rapidly rising in value, land purchased now would be a profitable investment. The present method of leaving the site of the American embassy to chance or fortune is bad for public interests, and is quite incompatible with the dignity of our nation. This defect has often been pointed out before, but congress, although housing itself with great luxury, cannot be induced to give the subject its attention. Mr. Bryan has found in this a worthy subject of agitation, and it is to be hoped that he will keep at it.

Facts About Radium.

Notice has been given that a report will soon issue from the United States geological survey indicating in what formations and in what parts of the country radium is most likely to be found. This is prompt recognition of the radium craze and the volume may contribute to the destruction of the ridiculous idea held by some that they may realize immense fortunes from radium discovery. Radium is very valuable because the processes of extracting it are costly in the extreme more than on account of scarcity of the crude material.

Among the first suggestions of the geological survey is that radium hunters shall seek the minerals containing uranium. Chief among the latter is pitch blende. These minerals are widely distributed, though the richness of their radium contents remains to be determined. Some of them may be richer than the Austrian rock refined by M. and Mme. Curie. They may be poorer. There is no probability that any will contain a much larger proportion of the valuable element, and it is quite as probable that the demand for radium will decline within a few years as that the production will be greatly increased.

Radium is a scientific curiosity. Despite all the claims made for it that is practically all that has been proven. It possesses properties of the Roentgen X-ray and of the Blondlot N-ray. It has been quite definitely determined that it exhales helium. Its luminosity appears to be due to the latter element, though its X and N ray qualities imply the power of fluorescence exerted upon certain substances. It has stimulated inquiry into the recently advanced theory that all matter is merely electrical charges and that apparent differences are merely variations of arrangement. In this connection the transmutation of metals has been presumed as a possibility.

Radium is believed to possess curative properties in cancers, lupus and other malignant processes. Its claims are not fully established. It has evil powers that have taught M. Curie and others to fear and respect it. It is being exploited by speculative scientists on more or less legitimate lines and by charlatans for their own purposes. The charlatan is ever present and wide-awake for opportunities. His intelligence is far more acute than his moral sensibilities. He will presently have radium performing miracles for a consideration—and the wise will go slow about falling into his hands. Science was never as active in research as it is today, and the startling discoveries of late years have rendered the general public and even the scientific public more credulous than a quarter of a century ago. This constitutes a hopeful sign for the remoraeless fakir.

By a series of dickers the Sixth ward situation has been somewhat clarified, but the campaign continues warm enough to melt ice and ice cream.

The busy boe will have to take a back seat in favor of the hands on the dial of the gas meter as an example of ceaseless endeavor.

Municipal appropriations have been decided on by committee, but the ordinances can hardly be passed within the charter time limit.

American manufacturers continue to get contracts for foreign equipment, despite foreign manufacturers' protests.

Everyone in Washington is as glad to welcome Taft as everyone in Manila was sorry to see him go.

Mrs. Florence Maybrick is released again. We hope this is the last and that it will prove lasting.

Economy in public expenditures is a great thing, but bond issues have to be paid, plus interest.

Almost everybody has enough of old-fashioned winter to satisfy until the next one comes.

The Quiet Observer

ERASMUS WILSON.

No solemn, sanctimonious face I pull,
Nor think I'm pious when I'm only bilious;
Nor study in my sanctum supercilious
To frame a Sabbath Bill or forge a Bull.
—Hood

Away back before your time a part of the work of rhymesters was to make lampoons.

When a fellow was desirous of holding another up to ridicule he employed a poet to lampoon him. Or if some one wanted to ridicule a doctrine or a theory he resorted to the lampoon.

This was to the times when it was in vogue what caricature is to the present, with the difference that we use pictures instead of rhymes.

Another duty of the rhymester was to write accounts of disasters, accidents, singular events and incidents, particularly those of a humorous, pathetic or sentimental character. These usually appeared in the form of ballads, and many of them have come down to us as a part of the literature of those times.

Nor were all the writers mere rhymesters, for some were poets, all right. You may recall "Lord Ullin's Daughter," which is a fair specimen of this class of work. Our quotation is from one of Hood's clever lampoons, while his "Song of the Shirt" stands as a masterly cartoon in words.

* * * * *

Thackeray was a sort of ambidextrous lampoonist, being able to knock off lampoons and caricatures both in rhyme and picture. Dean Swift could do them in prose and verse, and so could Dr. Johnson. In fact, all or nearly all of the clever writers in those times were charged with lampooning. Some of them, like Goldsmith and Hood, made no bones of it. They did it, probably, because they needed the money.

Lampooning never became very popular in this country, but ballads of the come-all-ye type were quite common. Some of these recounted the exploits of heroes, or villains, while others told the tale of love, of suffering or of adventure. One of the latter class that became quite famous was "Bill Byrd." He was a hero of the battle on the lakes; also a lover bold; likewise a good deal of a scamp.

Thrilling and emotional stories, as done up by the rhymester, or poet, were often used by preachers and exhorters to awaken sinners, and to keep the minds of the people stirred up to remember where they were at.

Following is one of this type, and it had a wide circulation. While being rather long, it is given in full, more as an example of this particular style of work than for its literary merit. Many of you will be able to recall the incident which it depicts:

Let truth and wisdom guide my pen,
While writing to the sons of men—
A sad disaster to relate
Concerning three young ladies' fate.

'Twas on the twenty-fourth of June,
While many hearts were in their bloom,
That fated day and month and time
In Eighteen Hundred Forty-nine

Dark clouds and tempests had arose,
Their fearful contents to disclose,
Bright forked lightning flashed around,
While awful thunder shook the ground.

This is the voice of God on high.
Ye living men, prepare to die!
Many on this eventful day
Will find it their last time to pray.

The dreadful thunder ceased to roar;
The forked lightning flashed no more;
The rain in torrent no more falls,
But God gives more alarming calls.

In Western Pennsylvania fair,
At Washington, those ladies were
All teachers in a Sabbath school,
Where children learn the golden rule.

And on the day before described,
To Gravel run those three did ride,
To God's own house they did appear,
With young John Ash, to worship there.

They heard the gospel's joyful sound,
Then to the altar gathered 'round,
And took the sacraments! wine
And broken bread for their last time.

A hymn of prayer and praise was sung,
And they rode back toward Washington,
Then through a swollen stream to ford,
Which sent their spirits home to God.

Lucinda Phelps and Harriet Strong,
Elizabeth Ash, all three are gone,
The rolling current stopped their breath,
And left their bodies cold to death.

The last one mentioned of the three,
Seventeen short years had lived to see,
The other two, whose race is run,
Had lived till nearly twenty-one.

The young man on the tide did float
Till brought in contact with a boat,
On which he mounted on the wave,
Which saved him from a watery grave.

The mournful tidings soon went 'round,
That those three ladies all were drowned,
Which filled their friends with deep despair,
Their hearts o'erwhelmed with sorrow were.

The people went and searched around,
In French creek their dead bodies found,
Which in the church house were laid—
Their funeral ceremonies paid.

Parents and friends who mourn and weep,
If God's commandments you will keep,
His gracious hand in that great day,
Will wipe your flowing tears away.

Young people, all, both far and near,
Your dying hours will be as these,
And that great day will surely come,
When God will roll the judgment on.

Where now do those three ladies be?
Let three graves make the reply,
And all who wish a joyful doom,
Regard the mourning of the tomb.

* * * * *

The name of the author is not given, but it is probably the work of some emotional friend of the victims of this famous flood of '49.

And it was a famous flood, and the storm that caused it has hardly been equaled since. If the stories of it as told by those who witnessed it, or experienced its fury, may be accepted.

Not only was there a phenomenal fall of rain, but the hail, which fell in almost solid sheets, was more like chunks of broken ice than hailstones. Sheep and calves were killed, horses and cattle bruised and beaten, chickens and geese literally hammered into the ground, trees stripped of leaves and fruit, grain driven into the earth, windows shattered, holes knocked in roofs, to say nothing of various painful injuries inflicted on individuals.

The drowning of the three young ladies, or "maidens," as the poet says, was the one thrilling feature of this great storm. Whether there were other fatalities than these does not appear in our account, but the history of Washington county may give fuller and more satisfactory details.

* * * * *

In an old scrapbook was found this clipping from the advertising columns of a Western Pennsylvania newspaper, which sufficiently explains itself:

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Whereas, my husband, Benjamin Carson, has advertised me as having left his bed and board (he now has neither, having made over all his property to his children with a view of starving me); and,

Whereas, he has now left me this second time to shift for myself:

Therefore, This is to forewarn all persons from harboring him until he provides for my maintenance, and giving security for that and his future good behavior, and otherwise brings forth fruit meet for repentance.

To all good people who want him depicted—To running away he has long been addicted. He deserted his country, being scared at a ball, And ran home the greatest hero (?) of all. For such service as this he obtained a pension. How well he deserved it, I need not mention; But one thing for all I need must acknowledge: He's the worst husband God ever made, to my knowledge.

(Signed) SUSANNA CARSON.
Clearfield, Pa., January 20, 1818.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan 31.—It is something remarkable that in a city so progressive as New York is considered to be, there should be a possibility of a horse famine, principally because owners of horses do not take proper care of their stock. It is declared, on apparent authority, that half the cart horses in this city are smooth-shod. The streets have been slippery or piled with snow for many weeks, and, aside from the difficulty in keeping horses on their feet on slippery asphalt and cobblestones, the hauling has been so hard that business has been seriously hampered. Supt. John T. Haines of the S. P. C. A. says that since the streets have been covered with snow and ice, 30 horses have been disabled daily, and a less number killed. Mr. Haines thinks the trouble would be lessened if drivers would exercise "horse sense" in piloting their horses. However this may be, it is evident that there are not horses enough to do the work, and that their number is lessening every day. Half-loads of coal are delivered, causing trouble from scarcity of fuel, and delivery wagons of all kinds do not get around promptly. The fire department has taken official notice of the bad condition of the horses used in the work of fighting fires. A large number of them are disabled or weakened by this unprecedentedly rough January, and more horses must be purchased forthwith if the city is to be ordinarily safe from destructive fires. The use of automobiles is too inconsiderable to be reckoned with. Horses are used almost entirely for heavy trucking, and it is these that are in dire trouble. Unless weather conditions improve soon, a horse famine in this city may be a reality.

Charity Ball This Week.

Of all the fashionable functions of the winter in New York, there is none in which more widespread interest is taken than the annual charity ball. It will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria on Tuesday evening, and will be open to any respectable-appearing person who cares to buy a ticket. In this it is very different from Mrs. Astor's ball, at which the name of exclusive aristocracy is reached. Gov. Odell and Mrs. Odell have promised to take part in the opening of the charity ball, and Mayor McClellan, with the heads of the various city departments, is also expected to be present. There will be dancing for those who like it, but after the grand march, the amusements generally will be talk and laughter. The Waldorf's ball room is a large one, but it would take a Madison Square garden to provide room for all the dancers, if everyone attending were to insist on such exercise. The army and navy will be represented by generals and admirals.

Why He Doesn't Mind Babies.

A pastor of a Baptist church in an up-state city invited his congregation to bring their babies to church. He said that provision would be made for the care and entertainment of the little people while their elders enjoyed the services. The pastor means well, of course, but it is said that he is very deaf, and that a baby squalling by his side in the pulpit would not disturb him.

Business Versus Patriotism.

Frauncs's tavern, in the heart of the financial district, where Washington had his headquarters when land was cheap in that region, has been saved from destruction by patriotic societies. It seems that their success has made them decline toward unreasonableness. They want the city to buy a large piece of property around the old inn, so that it can be turned into a park with Frauncs's tavern occupying the middle of it. Mayor McClellan has already said that that is a course which must not be undertaken without much thought, and Controller Grout, who would have a great deal to say about it in its final development, is opposed to it. The patriotic women at the back of the project are likely to get a switchlinger. Property on Broad and Pearl streets is worth many dollars a square inch.

Would Have Amused Cox.

It is strange, that, with a municipal art commission full of aggressive activity, there should be no Grant tablet or Grant statue standing in different parts of Manhattan. Whatever particular thing it is safe to say that there are proofs of civic movements to the memory of distinguished men of the past in various parts of this city which are not attractive to the discriminating observer, and must be painful to those of such cultivated taste as it is fair to assume members of the art commission are. Yet, it is only when one of these quite memorials is further disguised by some unusual circumstance that the question of removing the general appearance of the city by repairing some of the more glaring of the statues is discussed seriously. That is the case now with the grotesque statue of "Victory" that is to adorn place as the theodolite. The Rapid Transit Company will build a station in that square, and there is not room for both the car and the station. We cannot well get along without the station, but we could bear the disappearance of the statue of the great conversational joke. It has been put here decided what will be done with it, but it is seldom certainly here to get away from Astor place. By the way, how Mr. Cox himself would have loathed his gift at the wonderful gymnasium to bronze could he have been here to see it.

Talked Golf in a Sanatorium.

With their six inches deep on the level, it is not easy to realize the pleasures of golf. But at the annual meeting of the Women's Metropolitan Golf association in this city yesterday delegates from the clubs which compose the association talked cheerfully about the popular game, regarding this as with as much ardor as if there was a stretch of green links in front of the windows. The most important business transacted, so far as women golfers at large are concerned, was the passing of a resolution to request the United States Golf association to hold the women's national championship games next October.

Takes Flock to Travel.

"Fresh hens" cattle in New York are valued about as much as the public has the contempt for them which is implied in the term. Several casualties in the last week have brought the dangers of "L" and trolley travel more forcibly to the general attention than usual, however. There was the death of the woman who was dragged from the Eighteenth street station of the "L," and crushed under the wheels. A day or two later a girl was knocked down and trampled on the Brooklyn bridge terminal in Manhattan. This was followed by a woman falling in the crush, and being carried upright but unconscious in the train in the awful crowd. On Saturday a man fell between two cars on the elevated railway on the East Side, but got through with a fractured knee cap and many bruises only because he retained consciousness and held on until he was rescued. These cases all got into the newspapers, but there were scores of others not heard of outside of the immediate social circle of friends of the injured. The fact is that urban travel in New York is something to be attempted only by the courageous and strong. Any other class does it with its collective life in its hands.

Pittsburghers at the Hotels.

The following Pittsburghers registered at the New York hotels during the past 48 hours:

Waldorf-Astoria.
D. S. McCann,
R. W. Flenniker,
F. C. Neal.

Holland.
R. W. Allison,
J. W. Beatty,
Mrs. Beatty,
A. Leo Weil,
Mrs. Weil,
Mrs. R. H. Bradford,
Mrs. W. Friend,
W. H. Park.

Manhattan.
R. E. Miles,
Charles R. Finnecan,
William Scott.

Imperial.
Edna M. Carroll,
Mrs. George Myers,
J. H. Gordon,
H. L. Dixon,
R. S. Feicht.

Hardiman.
F. C. Werner.

Grenoble.
George Thomas,
Mrs. Thomas.

Fifth Avenue.
E. J. McKenna,
William E. Flower,
S. Bailey, Jr.,
R. E. Tintsman,
Mrs. Tintsman,
J. Robert Wright.

Irving.
Mrs. H. Allen,
Mrs. W. H. Allen,
J. S. George,
P. H. B. McCulcht.

Grenorian.

Highlands.
John W. Keever.

Gilsey.
B. Bast.

Continental.
M. A. Winans,
A. B. Winans.

Broadway Central.
J. M. Ferguson,
H. A. Kamens.

Victoria.
S. B. Goucher,
Thomas D. Brown,
R. M. Pratney,
W. H. Pratney,
J. Evans,
W. B. Goucher,
J. S. Graves.

Astor.
Dr. George R. Coates.

Gerard.
M. S. Artaberger,
W. J. Rudreth.
Miss B. S. Stewart.

Navarre.
H. L. West.

Bartholdi.
M. E. Sweeney.

Grand.
F. A. Seger,
E. C. Handershot,
Rowland S. Wilson.

Nation's Capital

L. W. STRAYER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—For a long time there has been talk of the government building a new official residence for the president, and now there is a prospect of the discussion bearing fruit. The proposition is to erect a large and commodious home in the suburbs of Washington that will be the private residence of the president during his term of office, and to leave the present White House as it is. There are rumors that the beginning of this project is to be found in a bill introduced by Senator Foraker, providing for the purchase by the government of a large parcel of ground in one of the most delightful sections of the city. The plot contains about 437,000 square feet, and to pay for it a sum not to exceed $750,000 is appropriated in the bill. If the land cannot be bought at a price that is considered satisfactory, condemnation proceedings are provided for as follows:

"The attorney general upon request of the secretary of interior is empowered to make application to the supreme court of the District of Columbia, by petition, at a general or special term of court, for an assessment of the value of the ground, giving a particular description of the property desired, with the name of owners and their place of residence as far as can be ascertained. The court is thereupon authorized upon such application, without delay, to notify the owners and occupants of each parcel of land and to ascertain and assess its value. Three commissioners, to be appointed by the courts, are to appraise values and to return the assessment to the court. If the secretary of interior deems them reasonable, the sums ascertained are to be paid into court for their use. The fee simple of such premises appropriated in this manner for public use, and the rights of possession shall then be vested fully in the United States."

There is nothing in the bill to indicate that it is the intention to use this land as a site for the new White House, it being specified that it is to be bought for a government reservation.

Location for New White House.

But those who profess to be informed declare that it will eventually be used as a location for the president's home. Should a new White House be built, the old one will no doubt be permitted to remain as it is without any further alterations. Last summer repairs and extensions were completed that cost $400,000, and now the house is in better condition than it has ever been before. The erection of the new executive offices as a separate building has also relieved the White House proper and has given more room for the president's family, which was much needed in view of his large family. Harrison, Cleveland and McKinley all had small families, and even then the White House did not give them the room for their personal use that was needed. Then the executive offices were in the White House, which fact intruded upon the privacy of the

Projects have been discussed for enlarging the living apartment of the president by building an addition on to the south side of the White House, and these adding a number of new and modern rooms. This could be done without detracting from the appearance of the mansion from the north side, facing Lafayette square, but even so, it would raise a storm of protest which would be very unpleasant for the president who occupied the White House at the time this change was made. Last summer, when the building was thoroughly renovated, some new fabric put in and the east terrace built, there was much grumbling by people who feared that the contour of the historic old mansion would be destroyed. One good lady from Virginia came here and watched the carpenters and laborers at work, and shed real tears of grief that this carriage should be committed upon the place. As a matter of fact the appearance of the White House was not changed in anywise a particular from what it was after it was rebuilt when the house had been made a heap of it in 1814, but there is no doubt a strong sentiment for preserving it as it is and any further changes proposed will meet with opposition.

May Be Used for Some Purpose.

If an official residence is built for the president in the suburbs, it is likely that the present White House will be used as a historical museum or some place, and it may even be utilized for state functions, such as receptions, musicales and dinners. The idea would not be to detract from its importance in any respect, but merely to allow the president and his family a home in keeping with the office he is to fill. The family of small children always make much more preferable residences than does the president of the United States, and as for the chief executive of the great powers, one of them would occupy our White House as magnificent home for them. However, it is quite probable that a great many people will take the view that a man who has been honored by election to the supremest office is able to make himself comfortable in any house that served as a residence for the great man who preceded him.

Baroness Gives a Shindig.

Last evening the Baroness von Hengelmuller, wife of the Austrian ambassador, gave the first of her Saturday evening musicales of the season. These affairs are the most interesting of Washington society, as they are attended by the diplomatic set and by the young people of Washington society and they have been of the style of European musicales about them due to the other functions of society here. The baroness numbers are particularly attractive, and usually because the baroness is considered the most charming woman of the diplomatic set, it follows the music is good and the people are charming, and it is common talk that the musicales of the very best there is to be had in Washington. It is said that it is the same sort of punch served by the ambassador himself at state affairs, but whether that is true or not, the fact remains that it is positively the best in Washington.

Many hostesses would give a good deal to have the recipe for concocting this delicious beverage after the Hengelmuller formula, but it is said to be hard. Society men know of it, and regretfully declare that impossible as Baroness Hengelmuller's drinks generally make it necessary to drop into the American cocktail long enough to absorb a few cups of it. At these musicales one sees the finest gowns to be seen in any drawing room in Washington, for the diplomatic set leads in the matter of styles.

Rivalry Between Three Ladies.

It is common talk that there is a great rivalry between the Countess Cassini and the baroness in the matter of gowns, and each strives to outshine the other in this respect. Last season much of these distinguished ladies' finery came from Europe many trunks full of the latest Paris creations, which has given them the opportunities for a splendid comparison. Both are handsome women, though of a different type of beauty, the countess being rather slim, while the baroness is inclined to be plump. The example set by these two ladies in the matter of dress is followed by the gayest to appear to advantage, and the result is a gorgeous array of gowns.

In the matter of style, these gowns are ultra decollette, and the baroness' musicales are often spoken of as the "arm and neck" shows.

Last evening the musical program lasted until 1 a. m. and then bridge whist was played. To make it interesting, the stakes were fixed at $25 a game. Ladies and gentlemen went enthusiastically at the game and some of them found it possible to win or lose a very considerable amount up to 4 a. m. Some young army officers saw a month's pay melt away and pass to the keeping of fascinating opponents of the opposite sex, but they did not grumble, for it was the last musicale of the season, and the punch was still in the bowl.

Other society affairs may possess more dignity and impressiveness, but the doings of the diplomatic circle are always interesting and contain more spice than anything else of a social nature in the capital. Many people here will look forward with interest to the first of the Baroness von Hengelmuller's musicales next season.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Brown—Smith is down with brain fever.
Green—You don't say!
Brown—Yes. The doctor says if he recovers, his mind will be a blank.
Green—Gee! But I'm sorry to hear that. He owes me $10.—Chicago News.

Cæsarina nudged her sleeping spouse.
"Julius," she whispered, "I suspect there is a man in the house!"
"Nonsense," he answered: "Cæsar's wife should be above suspicion."
Pulling the bedclothes over his head, Julius feigned a heavy slumber.—New York Sun.

The Death Roll

J. Frank Larimer.

J. Frank Larimer, a member of an old Westmoreland county family identified with the early history of Pennsylvania, died yesterday morning in Leavenworth, Kan., where he was a prominent business man. A telegram telling of his death was received by his brother, Capt. D. K. Larimer of Turtle Creek, who left for Leavenworth last night to attend the funeral. Mr. Larimer was born near the site of Larimer station, and was the son of James I. Larimer. Before the war of the rebellion his uncle, William Larimer, moved to Kansas, afterward becoming a general in the union army. In 1854 James I. Larimer went with his family to Kansas. Later his three sons returned to Western Pennsylvania, and two of them went into business in Turtle Creek. The deceased returned to Leavenworth and entered business there. He was married to Miss Fanny Taylor, who survives him. He leaves no children. He was connected by blood with Mrs. B. F. Jones and Mrs. James Mellon, and is survived by another brother, W. C. Larimer of Indianola, Iowa, and a sister, Mrs. Nancy L. Hunting of Leavenworth.

Mrs. Edward J. Banks.

Mrs. Edward J. Banks, formerly Miss Hannah Miller of Ryde, Pa., died at her home, 1713 Switzvale avenue, Wilkinsburg, on Saturday night of typhoid fever. Mrs. Banks was born in Ryde, where she lived until April 1, 1903, when she moved to Wilkinsburg. She was a most energetic worker in the Ryde Methodist church and a member of the Christian Endeavor society. She is survived by her husband, her mother, Mrs. Mary Miller; her two brothers—Edward A. and Harry M. Miller—and two sisters—Carrie and Laura. The funeral will take place from her old home in Ryde at 10 a. m. on Wednesday.

The Rev. Dr. Jacob Cooper.

The Rev. Dr. Jacob Cooper, professor of philosophy and logic in Rutgers college, died at New Brunswick, N. J., yesterday afternoon after an illness of several weeks, with pneumonia. He was born in Ohio, in 1831. He was chaplain of the Third Kentucky regular infantry during the civil war, and a professor of Greek in Centre college prior to the war. He became professor of Rutgers in 1866, and in 1883 left that college for a professorship in the University of Michigan. Since 1898 he has been professor of ethics in Rutgers.

James Howard McClure.

James Howard McClure died suddenly at his home in Hollowering Saturday of heart disease. Mr. McClure was a well-known business man and owned considerable property there. He was the eldest son of the late John McClure, and was born at Monongahela, December 26, 1826. Deceased was prominent in Democratic politics, having been for years a member of the democratic county committee.

Henry Knox.

Henry Knox, a prominent politician and old war veteran of Latrobe died at his home Saturday from the effects of wounds received in the civil war. Mr. Knox was 65 years old and had a brilliant war record. He was prominent as a politician in the Ligonier valley. He is survived by his widow and seven children.

Mrs. Elizabeth McGuire.

Mrs. Elizabeth McGuire, wife of John McGuire, is dead at her home in Thornburg. She was 49 years old and had resided on the hill at Thornburg almost all her life. She was active in church work, being a member of St. Philip's church, Crafton. She is survived by her husband, three sons and two daughters.

Obituary Notes.

Timothy S. Godman, well known in business circles, and one of the leading members of the Chamber of Commerce, died yesterday, aged 73.

Samuel H. Wilson, an Allegheny millworker, died at his home, 1525 Gerlach avenue, Allegheny, of a stroke last night. He was 60 years of age.

Henry Flinn, aged 40, died yesterday morning of pneumonia at his home, 328 Fourth avenue, Aspinwall. He was a steel worker. He is survived by two children.

Clark Grant, the accused eldest outlaw of Hazelhurst, Ky., died on the scaffold Friday morning. Mr. Grant was a retired business man and was well known. Death was due to the effects of old age.

Thomas McRoberts, vice president of Farmers National bank of Somerville, Ky., the wealthiest man in that locality, died at his home in Somerville yesterday. He was 80 years old and had been many years in declining health.

Mrs. E. J. McElwain, widow of James McElwain, died yesterday at her home, 5 Winslow street, Allegheny. Funeral services will be held at the house at 2 p. m. tomorrow and on Wednesday Mrs. McElwain will be buried at Sewickley.

PERSONALS

A number of Pittsburgh merchant tailors have bought for Atlantic City to attend sessions of the Merchant Tailors' National Union and the Southern Tailors' Association convention, the convention of both bodies to meet tomorrow morning and adjourn on Thursday evening. The Pittsburgh delegation will be augmented by delegations from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and other cities. Among those who will accompany them to Atlantic City are Harry Jones, who, however, will not go only one to make the trip. Among the delegates who will accompany them to Atlantic City, who during less than three years has risen from the position of a clerk in the wholesale dry goods house of Kaufmann and Baer to that of buyer and manager of the department, and who has not yet been 30 years old, is a shrewd and successful merchant and has a keen interest in politics. It is probable that the project will be taken up at the coming convention. Twenty-six men from Cleveland passed through Pittsburgh last night in a special car on their way to Atlantic City.

Visitors from Nearby Towns.

The following visitors from towns near by were registered at the Pittsburgh hotels last night:

Seventh Avenue—Floyd C. Engelhart, City, and J. F

OMANCERS HAVE BEEN VERY BUSY

eports That Penrose Succeeds Hanna Are Not True.

S. QUAY TO GET HIGH PLACE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.

Senator Boies Penrose will not succeed nator M. A. Hanna as chairman of the publican national committee. J. Hampn Moore, formerly treasurer of the city Philadelphia, has not been slated as publican state chairman to succeed nator Penrose. Mr. Moore is president the National League of Republican bs. Politically speaking, there is noth- more important credited to his account the immediate future.

Since the testimonial dinner of Friday ht to Senator Penrose romantic "news lters" have been more than generous. ey have exalted Penrose to the national airmanship and elected J. Hampton oore as chairman of the Republican ate committee. Either proposition, in absence of motive or substantial circmstance, is indicrously absurd.

When Penrose was first mentioned as national chairmanship probability The azette upon authority treated the prection as one within the classification of leasant conversation." As a matter of t, it has never passed these limits. t that Penrose is not fully competent, king in ability or experience, but that e logic of conditions makes impossible ch an arrangement. Senator Penrose n, without doubt, succeed himself as publican state chairman, and as this entuality has long been fixed, there has been any discussion about filling a eancy which will not exist. This dissde of the assertion that J. Hampton oore will succeed Penrose as state chairn.

Moore Much for Himself.

Mr. Moore would make a good chairn. In a general way his fitness is not estioned. But Moore is an ambitious n. He has accomplished much for himand little for the Republican organtion of Philadelphia. Never has he been ked upon as a reliable asset of the anization. He has enjoyed the friendp of leader Israel W. Durham, but ne s not always accepted the advice of Mr. rham. The organization regards him a political entity apart from itself, and n this view it would not support him the powerful position of state chairn. Before Moore arrives in this sense must give less attention to his personal erests and more to the organization. eryone in touch with local conditions erstands these facts, and for this rea- the statement by a Pittsburgh newsper that Moore was to be state chairn evoked much merriment. pponents of the Republican organizan have made much of the fact that ator Penrose at the dinner given in honor did not develop a more enthusie Roosevelt ovation, and the minority s finds solace in the significance athed by itself. Penrose was the guest honor. With respect to himself he id not take the initiative as to Roose- or other matters politically potential. address was able and brilliant, and faithful and generous tribute to the onal administration. Had ne gone furthan he did he would have opened door to justifiable censure and to the rge that he was using the occasion for advancement of personal considera-s.

Kindly Message to Roosevelt.

he 600 Republicans present sent cordial citations to the president, who promptly procated the compliment. This was cient. A step further would have gressed proprieties and good taste. ifferent construction is not tenable. ay and Penrose are enthusiastically Roosevelt. They are in touch with country leaders and the plain people, voice popular opinion. They have the handwriting on the wall and w it will there remain until indelibly by the popular vote next November. ho will be national chairman is not fixed, but if the honor comes to a nsylvanian it will be Quay, nor Pen- If the senior senator's health perhe may succeed Hanna, and if he s not deny himself the honor he may eed John Hay as secretary of state Roosevelt's next cabinet.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

UL'S FAMOUS PHRASE EXPLAINED IN SERMON

All Men Are Prisoners of he Lord, Profiting by Life's Disappointments.

Rev. Dr. F. S. Luther, acting presi- of Trinity college, Hartford, Conn., ched yesterday at Calvery Protestant ch at the morning services. The ch was crowded. Dr. Luther's dis- e was entitled "Prisoner of the d" and was based on the expression phesian iii:1: "I, Paul, the prisoner sus Christ for you Gentiles."

Luther explained that when Paul the letter to the faithful at Ephesus s an actual prisoner, shut off from religionists, although burning with inary zeal, he was unable to carry Word of God to the heathen—absohelpless. Viewed from the viewpoint e philosophy of life, we were all ners of the Lord, said Dr. Luther. conditions of health, family ills and les, business reverses, all tended to fe our aspirations; yet if we accepted as coming from the Lord, as prisonthe Lord, and tried to do our duty ite the shackles that bound us, we d find that we enjoyed an unexpected dom.

I knew what steam is, yet what good it until, jacketed up, confined in a r and led through tortuous passages, ased the wheels of industry to re- The wind blew as it listed apparirregulated by any law, but when ned and directed it moved the organ chanted the praises of God.

e disappointments of life were many, runings by sickness and death seemed bad things; yet we noticed that when branches of the vine had been cut off s and the rain those same elements, trating the earth, revivified the vine, ce grew the fruit that produced the mental wine used on the altar in e of the Lord Jesus Christ. Thus rofited by apparent ills.

ring his visit here Dr. Luther is the of Judge Joseph Buffington, who is f the trustees of Trinity college. He enewed his acquaintance with John rasher at dinner in Judge Buffington house. He met Arthur A. Hamerg, director of the Carnegie technical ol, at luncheon and afterward talked him concerning the plans and scope new institution.

Luther is a mathematician, a civil mechanical engineer and an astron- He was in charge of the observastation established at Winton, N. C., serve the solar eclipse of 1900. Alh a clergyman, he has been consultengineer for several manufactories, y the Pope Manufacturing Company artford, and was largely concerned the engineering development of the ess bicycle. He is also an authority e tensile strength of steel. He was ted at Trinity, was a professor in e, Wis., and at Kenyon college, in and is now professor of mathemat- at Trinity. When Dr. Williamson e, the president of Trinity, went to e Dr. Luther was made president ad- and many of his friends hope some time he will be president of the ution.

Social Night at Carnegie.

Monday Night club of Carnegie, a y organization of the Chartiers valill hold its regular monthly meetthis evening at the home of Mrs. bson, in Sixth avenue, Carnegie. al program has been arranged and will be followed by a dance.

ays Remember the Full Name
xative Bromo Quinine
s a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

WORK OF GOD IN CALAMITY

Dr. Ward Draws Lesson from Recent Horrors at Chicago and Harwick.

ALL PART OF HIS PLAN

A lesson drawn from the recent catastrophes at the Iroquois theater in Chicago and the Harwick mine was delivered to the congregation of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church, Forbes street and Craft avenue, by the Rev. Dr. E. H. Ward, the rector, yesterday morning. His text was Ephesians v:17: "Be ye not foolish, but understanding what the will of the Lord is."

He said in part:

"I believe in God the Father Almighty." Such is the first article of the creed of Christendom, and if it be true, God is not only Creator, but Governor and Lord of all. Whatever happens is by His permission. His providence extends to the minutest things, noting even the fall of a sparrow. If that be so, how are we to account for such catastrophes as the Iroquois theater fire and the Harwick mine disaster? This question has no doubt been asked by many, and the faith of some has perhaps been sorely tried. Let us see if we can get any light upon it.

First—These catastrophes are only unusual instances of what is constantly taking place. Death is always busy, and every moment dies a man. Since we assembled for worship, one hour ago, a far larger number have passed from this earth than perished in the Harwick mine disaster. Our difficulty then springs not from the lesson, but the imagination. It pictures vividly what takes place in the catastrophe, but fails to depict what is constantly taking place in the world.

Second—A second thought which I would throw out for consideration is this: God does not think of pain and suffering and death as we do. Our age has a morbid dread of pain and suffering. We seem to think that life should be free from suffering and that all should have a pleasant, easy time in this world. Here God's thoughts are not our thoughts. Christ was "a man of sorrow," and was made perfect through suffering. Pain develops manhood, and even suffering refused there could be no heroism. And death is not an evil, for all through the ages it has been the means by which higher life has been evolved. For man death is not the cessation of life for one moment; it only changes the conditions under which life is lived. Nor does death change the soul's relation to God. Jesus is Lord of the invisible world as well as of this and has "the keys of death and hades." For those whom He calls away from this earth He may have work elsewhere. Somewhere "in the soundless labor house vast of being" He may have work for those sons of toil called so suddenly from this earth.

Not Due to Wrath.

Third—These catastrophes are not due to the wrath of God, nor are they evidences of His indifference to human suffering; they are the result of violations of law. This world is governed by fixed, invariable law. "Thou hast given them a law which shall not be broken," said the psalmist, and to this fact are due the order and stability of the universe. Effect follows cause, and causes always operate uniformly. But we must not think of law as an entity which executes itself. Back of the law is the law-giver of whose will law is the expression. Law is but the method by which God works, as James Martineau finely says. The laws of Nature are but the habits of God.

All law, then, is an expression of God's will, and we must think of Him as working always from within, and not from without, as man works. All the great forces of nature, such as light, heat and electricity, are but currents of Divine energy, and in these God is eternally at work. The old simile of the watch, which when wound up runs of itself, has been superseded by the growing flower, which needs every moment the energy of the creator to sustain its life. So, then, we are to think of God as resident in the world, energizing in its force and upholding and governing it. Law is the method by which He works, and when we discover the laws of Nature we learn something of Him and His will.

The apostle says of the moral law that it is holy, and the commandment is holy and just and good. So we may say of natural laws that they are good and their purpose is always beneficent. It is well that winds should blow and that fire should burn and that certain chemicals should explode, and that the same causes should always be followed by the same effects. All science is based upon the invariability of law. To it we owe all progress the world has thus far made. Take away the uniform action of law and all progress would cease, chaos would come again, and men would lose their reason and become as wild as the raving inmates of a lunatic asylum. It is better, then, that law should reign, even though through the violation of law catastrophe should be produced and lives should be lost. Law, then, is God's method of procedure, and its purpose is always beneficent.

Did it rather seem that God's purpose is to minister to men, not to kill them. But why does not God interfere to prevent catastrophe? That is to ask why He did not build the world differently, for if we have grasped the idea of His immanence in the world, any interference with the laws of Nature would be interfering with Himself.

Parts of Great Purpose.

Catastrophes are but isolated parts of a great purpose which our finite minds are too feeble to comprehend. Theologians speak of a world-process by which is meant an ideal in the mind of God which is slowly being achieved. Could we see the construction of a rivet in one of our mills, how the iron is heated in the fires and beaten by the hammers, we would think its treatment severe and cruel. If we knew nothing of its purpose. But when it is completed and placed in the plates of some great steamer like the Cedric, we understand why the heating and hammering were necessary. Now it forms a part of that magnificent vessel, which moves majestically over the waters of the Atlantic, bearing on its decks products to "the haven where he would be." So amid the pains and sorrows and catastrophes of life God is developing manhood, and man, when morally and spiritually developed, is to shine as a jewel in the Redeemer's crown. Tennyson, when his friend was taken away by a sad accident, experienced a sorrow which clouded his soul's capacity for grief, and in his "In Memoriam" laid bare to us the doubts and misgivings of his heart. But he fought his doubts and allayed them, and came at length to see a great world-process, a "far-off Divine event to which the whole creation moves," and that event—none other than the coronation of God as King of Kings and Lord of Lords.

We can help on the world-process by the assimilation of our wills with the Divine will. "God's will means always man's blessedness, in the strength of that hope we can stand before the darkest mysteries of earth and see a gleam of light as we hear the Word sounding to us out of the darkness, 'What I do thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter.' We can wait with patience the dawn and the morning, when we shall see no longer 'through a glass darkly,' but face to face, and know even as we are known."

Professor in Chinese College Talked.

The Wilmerding branch of the Young Men's Christian association is making a special effort to arouse interest in missions in foreign fields among its 500 or more members, by holding a series of meetings and addresses. Yesterday afternoon the Rev. James Sinclair, Ph. D., a member of the faculty of the Anglo-Chinese college at Foo Chow, China, made an address to an audience of almost 800 men in the Y. M. C. A. hall in the Westinghouse building.

Revival Services at Braddock.

The Rev. O. H. Phillips, pastor of the First Christian church of Braddock yesterday began a series of revival services. He will illustrate his sermons with the stereopticon and there will be special illustrated song services.

THAW CAUSES SLIGHT RISE IN THE RIVERS

A scarcely perceptible rise in the rivers brought the stage to 7.6 feet yesterday. The rise which was caused by the milder weather, is not expected to be heavy enough to furnish a boating stage. There is not enough snow remaining on the watersheds of the Monongahela and Allegheny rivers to bring them up to even a 9-foot stage. The rivermen do not expect navigation to be resumed for some time unless heavy rains swell the rivers.

Chased Wife With an Ax.

Isaac Golden, arrested by Inspector McStay for chasing his wife with an ax, was fined $25 and costs.

ARE YOU FAGGED?
USE
BEECHAM'S PILLS
Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c and 25c.

BATTLE FOR SCALE RESUMES TODAY

Miners and Operators, Still Far Apart Upon a Wage Basis for Next Year.

A BIG FIGHT IS PROMISED

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Jan. 31.—Mine operators and miners here attending the joint wage conference spent the day resting. The joint wage scale committee will meet tomorrow morning to begin active discussion of the demands, which are widely separated.

The outcome of the present conference is being watched with keen interest throughout the country. The men involved say they have no idea what the issue will be. It is understood here that the operators are more in earnest about their demands for a reduction than ever before, and that they will fight for it. There is a feeling also that the miners are firm in the demand for their scale of a strictly run-of-mine basis, a flat difference of seven cents, and a uniform wage for outside employment.

The battle for the demands is scarcely begun. The strenuous fight is to follow. Most of this takes place in the meetings of the scale committee, where the utmost secrecy is maintained. More or less apprehension is being shown by both sides.

Should it happen that no scale can be agreed upon it will mean a great strike in the competitive field. The coal companies' representatives declare that unless there is a reduction in wages they cannot continue to operate at a profit.

TWO SHIPS COLLIDE IN NEW YORK HARBOR

One Vessel Was Grounded to Prevent Sinking, the Other Took Crew Ashore.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Wilson line steamship Colorado, Capt. Cox, from Hull, while proceeding up the lower bay today came in collision with the outward-bound steamer Boston City, Capt. Carey, from New York for Bristol and Swansea.

The Boston City had a large hole torn in her port side forward of the bridge. She began to fill rapidly and was run into shallow water to prevent sinking. Later in the afternoon the Boston City floated with the rising tide, only to drift aground again.

The Colorado, after the accident, stood by and took off some of the crew of the Boston City and then proceeded to her dock. The Colorado suffered but slight damage. One or more of her forward plates were started, which let some water into her forepeak. When the accident occurred both ships were running slowly.

MANY IDENTIFY BOYS ALLEGED TO BE BURGLARS

Mike Santo, Leo Schultz and "Chick" Higgenbottom, the three young men who were arrested on charges of committing numerous robberies in the Lawrenceville district, were again identified by several people as the men who were seen leaving different stores which had been robbed. Capt. Peter Welsh has made four informations against them for entering a building, and the men were committed to jail for a hearing tomorrow. Higgenbottom has confessed.

'Celloist at the Jail.

The Rev. J. L. Milligan, chaplain of the Western penitentiary, conducted the religious services at the county jail yesterday. He was assisted by Ralph Seibert, who played the 'cello. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

DEATHS.

BAKER—Suddenly on Thursday evening, January 28, 1904, at Brooklyn, N. Y., JOHN BAKER, Jr., in his 30th year.

Funeral from the residence of his mother, No. 218 Stratford street, Mt. Washington, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

EAKIN—On Sunday, January 31, 1904, at his residence, 113 West Eighth avenue, Homestead, SIDNEY HENRY EAKIN, aged 58 years. He was a member of Free and Accepted Masons lodge, Railroad Telegraphers and Knights of Pythias. He survived by his mother, two brothers and wife and child. Funeral services will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock at his late residence. Interment at Philadelphia Wednesday, February 3, 1904.

FINES—On Sunday, January 31, 1904, at 7:45 a. m., at his residence, No. 124 Fourth street, Aspinwall, HENRY FINES, aged 63 years.

Funeral services at the Aspinwall M. E. church on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HILL—On Friday, January 29, 1904, at 7 a. m., ELIZABETH A. HOUD, wife of William Hill, in her 55th year.

Funeral services will be held at her late residence, No. 810 Washington avenue, Carnegie, Pa., this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Carriages will be waiting at Carnegie on arrival of train that leaves city at 12:30.

KINDSVATTER—On Sunday, January 31, 1904, at 9:30 p. m., at parents' residence, 810 Telford street, Allegheny, ROBERT EMIL, beloved child of Emil and Elizabeth Kindsvatter (nee Lenhart), aged 4 months 16 days.

Notice of funeral later.

MELWAIN—On Sunday, January 31, 1904, at 8 p. m., MRS. M. J., widow of James McElwain.

Funeral services at family residence, 1202 Monterey street, Allegheny, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private Wednesday morning at Bakerstown, Pa.

MILLER—On Sunday, January 31, 1904, at 3:03 p. m. EDNA MAY MILLER, infant son of Edward M. Miller and daughter of G. W. and Anna M. Long, aged 27 years.

Funeral services at her late residence, 513 Trenton avenue, Wilkinsburg, this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are specifully invited to attend. Interment at Canonsburg, Pa., on arrival of 11:20 train. (Canonsburg (Pa.) papers please copy.)

MCLURE—On Thursday evening, January 28, 1904, at 10:40 p. m., CHARLES M., aged 15, son of James M. and Alice McClure, formerly of Elizabeth, Pa., at his home, Stata street, Sharon, Pa.

Interment at Elizabeth, Pa., Monday, February 1, 1904, at 2:30 p. m.

OAKLEY—At her home, in Philadelphia, on Sunday morning, January 31, 1904, at 3 o'clock, MARIE L. OAKLEY, daughter of the late John Milton and Kate S. Oakley, formerly of this city.

Funeral services at Philadelphia on Tuesday, February 2.

WEAVER—At his residence, 1525 Garfield avenue, Allegheny, on Sunday, January 31, 1904, at 9 p. m., SAMUEL H. WEAVER, aged 64 years.

Funeral services on Tuesday evening, February 2, at 8 o'clock at his late home. Interment private Wednesday morning.

(McKeesport and Butler papers please copy.)

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

Pure Banner Baking Powder
Always the Best

WOODLAWN CEMETERY
PENN AVE.
Pittsburgh's most beautiful burial place. High ground. Well drained. Write for our special offer of burial plots.
WOODLAWN CEMETERY OFFICE,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
WILKINSBURG, PA.
Bell 'phone 420 Wilkins.

REMOVAL:
DOCTOR GARDNER,
OSCILLATION
Formerly 411 Fifth Ave.
Now Permanently Located
501-502 NIXON THEATER BLDG.
Sixth Ave. Above Smithfield St.
Elevator Entrance First Door Above Main Entrance to Theater.

Karo
CORN SYRUP
The New Table Delicacy.
A new syrup with a new flavor—pure, wholesome and good. Karo Corn Syrup is made from that portion of the corn kernel which contains the greatest strength-giving, energy-producing and flesh-forming elements. Karo Corn Syrup is a pre-digested food—ready for use by the blood—which the weakest stomach of infant or invalid will readily assimilate. Best for every home use from griddle cakes to candy.
The Great Spread for Daily Bread.
Sold in airtight, friction-top tins which protect its purity, guarantee its goodness, and insure its cleanliness, something no uncommon in common syrups. 10c, 25c and 50c sizes, at all grocers.
CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

OUR TWELFTH SEMI-ANNUAL
CLEANING-UP SALE
tremendously successful Saturday, continues
ALL THIS WEEK.
These bona-fide prices are the attraction which is enabling us to clean up probably the largest line of Shoes and Stockings in the city. Successful because true to fact.
TERMS OF SALE STRICTLY CASH.

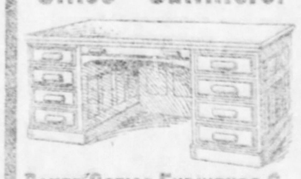
Any Season's Shoe

Men's or Women's	$7 or $8 Shoes,	$5.00
" "	6 "	4.00
" "	5 "	3.50
" "	4 or 3.50 "	2.50
" "	3 "	2.00
Boys' or Misses'	$3.50 Shoes,	2.50
" "	3.00 "	2.00
" "	2.50 "	1.75
" "	2.00 "	1.50
Any Child's	$2.50 Shoe,	2.00
" "	2.00 "	1.50
" "	1.50 "	1.00

Many odd lots of our finest shoes at practically your own price.
Ladies' Evening and Felt Slippers, $5 grades down, sacrificed at remarkable underprices.
The prices of our entire stock of Hosiery, all new and fresh goods, silk, fancy or plain, cut right in half to clear.
W. B. LOVELESS CO.
Sixth and Penn.

THE OLDEST TRUST COMPANY IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
THE SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.
OF PITTSBURGH
SAFETY
In the matter of security and service the superiority of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh is generally recognized.
This company never goes out of its legitimate field, but is ever ready to render efficient service in all capacities of trust.
Capital, $3,000,000. - - - - - Surplus, $7,500,000
WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE

"JUST THE CHEESE"
or in other words, "The Limit."
VOL-TA-IC DIAMONDS
Defy experts. Worn by the best people for 20 years. Just like genuine diamonds, but 90 per cent. cheaper.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, FREE
B. E. ARONS, Sole Owner,
205 and 207 Smithfield St.
Old Gold Bought or Exchanged.

Office Outfitters.

BAKER OFFICE FURNITURE CO.
815-817 Liberty Ave.

BINDLEY HARDWARE CO.
SEVENTH AVE. & GRANT ST.
PITTSBURGH
EVERY THING IN HARDWARE

THE KEELEY CURE has been used successfully for 21 years. Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users.
The Keeley Institute, 650 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.

Pit BULL and BEAR Flinch
Combination Game Boards
Games, Amusements for Young and Old.
—AT—
J. G. LAUER'S TOY HOUSE,
625 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURG, PA.

MANUFACTURERS
OLIVER
Iron & Steel Company,
ESTABLISHED 1865.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron.
Solts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.

B. & B.
stock taking
Any and every odd lot and "slow sellers" whether medium fine—price is put on to sell at once—no difference as to sacrifi
Not going to measure or count any such slow lines for st taking—but sell.
Not in one department—but in all—all over the hous whether it's yard goods, ready to wear, outside garments, und wear, fancy or useful goods or novelties.
Note some lots to be sold today that are not going into st account.

dress goods and woolens
Lot $1.25 to $2.00 assorted short skirt woolens—mostly Oxfords—very dark greys, and other greys—color mixtures—54 inches wide, 75c.
Lot neat 75c colored brown and black neat fancy check Dress Goods—with colored silk threads in checks—54 inches wide, 25c.
Few pieces all-wool Ladies' Cloth—double widths—36 inches wide—mostly plain greens, 25c.
Few old pieces $1.50 imported colored Broadcloths, 75c—cardinal, wine and old rose.
Few pieces fine all-wool navy blue Serges, 35c—below wholesale price.
Blacks—out this morning and they'll go—odd pieces of good and fine black goods at 25c, 35c, 50c and $1.00—fancy and plain weaves—both staple and dressy kinds—only a piece or part piece of each kind.
A very considerable variety.
10 pieces, 44-inch wide, all-wool black storm Serges, 35c.
Small lot 75c very fine all-wool Scotch Flannels—all plain lavenders—30 inches wide, 25c.
Splendid quality—good quality as many fine Dress Goods.
Small lot all-wool 65c French Flannels—tan grounds—with black polka spots, 25c.
Small lot blue and white 15c broken barred Flannels—part wool—more cotton than wool—but close, fine, well-made goods—30 inches, 5c.
Didn't sell because they were barred—stripes of same quality sell right along at 15c.
Some 65c superb white Vestings—with neat, pretty black figure printings, 25c.
Lot of 50c extra nice white mercerized Vestings—neat, fancy black stripe printings, 25c.

silks
Two important specials at the Silk department.
500 yards Pointille Taffetas—small dot—assorted colors—24 inches wide, 65c—were one dollar.
500 yards gun metal effects—small figures, checks, stripes and bayaderes—choice 65c and 75c qualities, all 50c.
There will be other mighty interesting lots in the Silk department during the few days before stock taking—very small portion of them get mention.

linens that won't
be taken into stock but sold.
Full bleached Irish Damask, nearly two yards wide, 50c.
Fine full bleached elegant heavy Table Damask, 85c.
Stock taking price on 17-inch all-linen Napkins, 75c a doz.
And hem'd huck Towels, 8c.
Three thousand yards yard wide Percales—linen color ground, neat colored stripes, 6½c.

laces and embroideries
Forty patterns 25c Ecru Venise and Batiste Insertions, 10c.
Lot five-inch 25c embroidered Swiss and Nainsook Flouncings, 15c.

trimmings and buttons
Lot out at prices to put an end to them b stock closes—Fur Trimmings included.
$2.50 Novelty Trimmings, $1.00.
50c Braid Trimmings, 20c—25 cent, 12½c—cent, 5c.

men's shirts
Dollar colored Dress Shirts—odd sizes—14, 16½, 17—50c.
"Star" and other good makes, $1.50, $2.00 a $2.50 Shirts—sizes 13½, 14, 16, 16½, 17—75c.
Boys' 50c regular linen bosom white Shirts, 25
Men's $5.00 Union Suits, $2.50.
Men's $10.00 English House Coats, $5.00.

men's shoes
Men's $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 box calf, cordova patent colt, vici and velour calf Shoes—ends lines, $2.50.
Lot women's $3.00 velour calf and vici ki Shoes, $2.00.
Children's $1.50 Slippers, 50c.

carriage bags
Two and $2.50 red, blue, green and black 7 8-inch ones, with leather handles, $1.00.

odd trunks
that must be moved.
$16.50 ones, $7.00—$18.50 ones, $12.5 $21.00 ones, $14.00, and others equally i esting.

some of the notions
18c and 20c Dress Shields, 5c.
45c Skirt Facings, 10c.
10c jet Pin Cubes, 5c.
10c amber Barretts, 5c.
Boys' 25c Suspender Waists, 15c.

lace curtains
Two pairs various kinds—Cluny, Renaissanc Irish Pointe, etc.—worth $10.00 to $15.00—$6 and $7.00 for the two pairs.
Lot of dollar and $1.25 Silk Pillow Tops, 50c.
Lot of $12.50 single white Irish Pointe Be Sets, $3.75.
Lot of single pairs $6.50 and $7.50 and $8. Portieres, $4.50 a pair.

pictures 5c
—25c unframed Remingtons.
Lot of dollar unframed Pictures—some them soiled, 10c.
Stock taking lot of framed Pictures, 13 by inches—copies of oil paintings, 50c.

1904 cottons
Fine Wash Goods, Novelties, Linens and White Goods.
Shirting Madras and Oxfords—French Organdies and Printed Tulles.
So much larger variety than usually found to select from.
Shanghai mercerized Cottons, Jasper mercerized silks, cotton
Altogether so large a collection of Cottons as justifies ou asking attention thereto—particularly styles and prices.
BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

AMUSEMENTS.
GRAND EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING
THE NEW STOCK CO.
"THE MIDDLEMAN."
Next Week—Clyde Fitch's "Nathan Hale."
Bijou BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
THE HEART OF MARYLAND.
Next Week—Charles Warner in "DRINK."
EMPIRE UP TOWN COLLI'S 5 AVE. | Stretched by all others' car ideas
THIS WEEK
ISABELLA EVESSON THE PALACE OF THE KING.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2:15.
Next Week—"THE SIGN OF THE CROSS."
THIS WEEK DUQUESNE Mats. Tues., Thurs. and Sat.
HI-LO COMEDIANS Popular Prices 25 and 50 Cents
4—BOATMEN—4 4—ELLI ADAIR SISTERS—4
and Six Other Big Acts. Night prices 10, 20, 30 and 50 cents. Next week Cohan Travestians.
DUQUESNE GARDEN
Skating Every Aft. and Eve.
One Hockey Game This Week.
P. A. C. VS. BANKERS—TUESDAY NIGHT.
World's Amateur Skating Races Next of Week.
HARRY W. WILLIAMS' ACADEMY
Matinee Today. ALL THIS WEEK. Evening P.
FAY FOSTER CO.

Your Nerves
Furnish the motive power of the entire body. Dr. Miles' Nervine will keep the nerves strong and healthy or restore their strength if weakened. Sold on guarantee. Write for free book on nervous diseases.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO. Elkhart, Ind.

AMUSEMENTS.
NIXON—TONIGHT AT 8:15. Mat. Saturday Only.
The Charles Frohman and George Edwardes London Musical Comedy Co. in
THREE LITTLE MAIDS.
Next Week—MAXINE ELLIOTT.
ALVIN—TONIGHT AT 8:15. MATINEES WED. & SAT.
SPECIAL NO MATINEE WEDNESDAY
GRACE GEORGE in the Great Metropolitan Success
"PRETTY PEGGY."
Next Week—"THE BELLE OF PAWTUCKET."
AVENUE—Continuous Vaudeville—10c to 75c
THIS WEEK DAVIS MACAULEY CO. AND
Popular Prices—10, Great Bands—Class Ley Thos
OLD CITY HALL
BROOKE AND HIS BAND
Big Thos Concert Tonight. Popular Prices 25-50-75c
SEATS AT MELLOR'S MUSIC STORE

Preserves
—Quick, infallible, whether of canning fruit to be sold, pure, odorless, tasteless, healthful, sealed with Refined Paraffine Wax (can be used under any other method). Dozens of other uses will be found for
Refined Paraffine Wax
in every household. It is clear, transparent, pure, odorless, sealed and self-sealing. Get a 1-pound cake of it with a box of Stanley wire from your druggist or grocer.
Ask for booklet. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

REE PASTORS SAY FAREWELL

nisters in Shadyside, Bellevue and Wilkinsburg Hold Final Services.

HOLMES LEAVES PULPIT

Rev. Dr. Richard S. Holmes ed his farewell sermon in the ide Presbyterian church last night. lmes has been pastor of the Shady- church for several years, resigning come editor-in-chief of the Presby- Journal, published in Philadelphia. particular demonstration marked the e nor did he, during the sermon, to his departure.

e Rev. J. H. Craig in his farewell n to the congregation of the Belle- Christian church last night com- ed on the friendliness shown to the rches by the newspapers in the publi- on of religious news and expressed re- that the Salus-Grady libel bill had enacted. Mr. Craig was pastor of Shady Avenue Christian church for ars and many of his former parish- s were present last night. He leaves sume his pastorate of the Christian ch at Logansport, Ind.

he congregation of the Wilkinsburg ptist church listened, yesterday morn- to the farewell address of the Rev. hn M. Moore, who has been the pastor the church for the past seven years. r. Moore goes to Chicago to become pas- for of the Centennial Baptist church there. His sermon, in part, follows:

Almost seven years ago I came at your call and became pastor of this church. The church which I found was less than five years old. I was just completing my seminary ours and had not been ordained. We ere thus alike characterized by youth and experience in the beginning of our work d grew up together. Few of you who now all this church yours were hers when I reached my first sermon. Of the 75 mem- ers constituting the church then but 45 re- main. More than 400 new members have been added, so that in spite of losses by death, removal and erasure, we have a pres- ent membership of more than 320.

I do not expect ever to find a church that will be to me what this one has been. I question whether it is given to pastors more than once in a lifetime to secure such com- plete sympathy and such loyal co-operation as I have enjoyed here. You have been kind enough to say that I have done much for this church. It takes just as much to do but a man at his best. A church can make or unmake its minister. I could find no words that express more accurately my wish and my prayer for you, as I go away, than these, with which Paul lovingly bids fare- well to the church at Corinth:

"Finally, brethren, farewell. Be perfect, be comforted, be of one mind; live in peace, and the God of love and peace shall be with you."

AMAGE SUITS WILL BANKRUPT THE CITY

ty Attorney of Chicago Hints at Organized Effort to Loot the Municipality.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HICAGO, Jan. 31.—Personal injury s amounting to $38,666,952 are pend- against the city of Chicago, accord- to the report of City Attorney John Smulski, made public today. The coun- , the legislature and finally the people e appealed to for relief. Sidewalk in- uries caused the majority of the suits. Mr. Smulski in his report shows that he in ests combining to loot the city in this way amount practically to an or- ganization. Names of lawyers, mostly ng men, and doctors occur with great frequency in the list of suits. The city ttorney says the piling up of suits will nevitably continue for some years, even hould the city at once begin to tear up very wooden sidewalk.

The city attorney says the main cause of this condition is the deplorable state of the city's finances, which makes it impossible to care properly for its streets and sidewalks. The remedy, he says, is a new city charter. The many judgments awarded against the city are pointed out and Attorney Smulski says that unless favorable action is taken in regard to a new charter inevitable bank- ruptcy will result.

BLACK SUITORS' FIGHT MAY END IN MURDER

Henry Cain Was Dangerously Stabbed by Rival for Colored Belle's Hand.

A quarrel between rival suitors for the attentions of a colored woman at the "Buzzards Roost," an old tenement occu- pied by negroes in Soho, may result in murder. Henry Cain was stabbed several times by Charles Brown and seriously wounded. Both men are colored.

The men have had frequent quarrels on the woman's account. Two weeks ago a fight occurred and Brown slashed Cain with a razor, almost severing the man's ear. Both men were arrested, but the injured man refused to prosecute and his adversary was released. The second quar- rel occurred at 2 o'clock yesterday morn- ing.

Cain was taken to the Mercy hospital and Brown will be held to await the re- sult of his victim's wounds.

Donnelly Murder Suspect Arrested.

Thomas McQuaide, superintendent of the bureau of detectives, received a tele- gram yesterday from Louisville saying the police there would hold Robert Childs until they would hear further and that his photograph would be sent here. Childs is a negro, 26 years old, who is suspected of being with Frank Ousley and John H. Johnston on the night of December 31, when James Donnelly was shot and killed in his grocery store on Bedford avenue, and who were held for his murder by the coroner. Childs was arrested in Louisville on Saturday.

Roumanian Pianist Appears.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The concert of the Washington symphony orchestra was conducted by Mr. Reginald De Koven at Chase's theater this evening. There was a large and fashionable audience. Miss Maria Von Unschuld, court pianist to the queen of Roumania, who has come to this country under the immediate patronage of the Austrian ambassador and his wife, played and captured her au- dience.

CAMPBELL'S.

After-Inventory Clean-Up Sale Starts Today.

Our annual inventory has just been completed. Hundreds of small lots, odds and ends, broken lines and discontinued patterns, bob up everywhere. These, to- gether with all slightly soiled goods from our January sales, must make their hur- ried exit. We've grouped them in spe- cial lots and priced them at mere frac- tions of their real worth. The savings thus afforded ought to insure your prompt and early attendance here this morning.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
Fifth Avenue.

Greatest the World Has Seen

is the St. Louis Universal exposition, within a few hours' ride over the world's greatest railway system—the Pennsylva- nia lines. "Look at the Map!"

Fire Escapes

In Accordance with the Law, Manufac- tured and Erected by Taylor & Dean, Pittsburgh.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CRAMP FAVORS USE OF TURBINES

Declares They Can Give the Ter- rific Speed Desired by the Naval Department Chiefs.

THE OLD SYSTEM IS AT LIMIT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Press Building, PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.

The next program for adding to the American navy, it is said, will include turbine engines and to this end about every shipbuilder of note is experiment- ing along the line of perfecting engines of this type.

The question of perfecting the turbine engine here came with the navy depart- ment proposition that the new scout ships which will likely be authorized by the present congress shall have the turbine engines instead of the gear fitted to whirl the ordinary twin screws. It is calculated that in these ships turbine engines de- veloping 16,000 horse power should afford the development of 24 knots an hour. With 20,000 horse power turbines it would be possible, the engineers believe, to get 26 knots speed. In a 4,000 ton ship, the installation of engines to develop any such power would be unprecedented but it is not believed impossible or even unlikely by the builders.

Edwin S. Cramp said tonight that the turbine proposition is not only apparently the most practical way of increasing the speed of ocean-going vessels, but is a per- fectly feasible idea.

"I know nothing about the plans of the navy department chiefs," he said, "but it is a well known fact that the speed limit of warships and ocean liners as well, has about been reached under the old system. The Cunard officials talked of turbines for vessels they wanted to construct to take the speed record of the North Atlantic and the British and French naval men have been experiment- ing along this line for some time, using the new engines in torpedo boat destroyers and such light craft.

"I believe that the system can be ap- plied to engines of the terrific power talked of for the United States, and it is really a question as to where the develop- ment of the idea will stop. I know that this country will not be behind when it comes to installing the new engines, though I know nothing of the plans that may be under discussion."

It is understood that all the naval de- partment officials are decidedly in favor of trying out the turbines on the scout ships, believing that the progress made gives knowledge enough to enable the builders to construct machinery that will be sufficiently powerful to safely propel the vessels at the desired sped.

The turbine idea means the use of five propellers, two on each side of the ship, and one on the keel line. This is two more than any United States vessel has ever been equipped with, the Columbia and Minneapolis, the fastest ships of the navy, having three, with power applied in the old way.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

GIVEN GUARD OF HONOR.

Five Members of Council Will Escort Home Remains of Washington's Burgess.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Washington council last night, President Myers ap- pointed a committee of five members to go to Cincinnati to meet the remains of the late Burgess George W. Manifold, whose death occurred yesterday at Hot Springs, Ark. The party left late last night and met the funeral party. They will arrive in Washington with the body early to- morrow morning. The funeral services will probably be held Tuesday or Wednes- day and the city offices will close. The local lodge of Elks of which the dead burgess was a member will hold special services tomorrow over the remains.

Eagles' Memorial Services.

The annual memorial service of Pitts- burgh Aerie No. 76, Fraternal Order of Eagles, will be held next Sunday evening in the Avenue theater in honor of the de- ceased members of the organization. Eloquent speakers will be in attendance and the instrumental and vocal music will be of a high order.

COUNTERFEITS CAUSE TROUBLE

Innocent "Spreaders" are Being Picked Up by the Police.

MANY BILLS IN CIRCULATION

About 2,000 counterfeit $1 bills are in circulation in this vicinity and as a re- sult many innocent persons are being put to considerable trouble. An instance of this occurred last night when Richard Zacher, aged 19, of 6354 Frankstown ave- nue, was lodged in the East End police station for attempting to pass one of the bogus bills.

The Pittsburgh Railways Company has shown specimens of the bills to its con- ductors with a warning to carefully scru- tinize all paper money tendered them. Zacher boarded a Frankstown avenue car last night and handed the conductor one of the bills. When the police station was reached the car was stopped and the con- ductor had Lieut. Edward McFolland place Zacher under arrest. The young man protested his innocence of any in- tentional wrong doing, but was detained until the secret service operators can be notified.

The bills which are causing all the trou- ble are said to be excellent counterfeits, the only means of detection being the glossiness of the ink used and the fact that pen lines are put on to represent the silk threads to be found in the paper of the genuine bills.

The makers of this bogus currency began operations in St. Louis about a year ago, and after flooding the Mississippi valley with the "stuff" came to this city a few months ago. Shortly after their arrival the counterfeits began to make their ap- pearance in all parts of the city. In one instance a bank accepted five of them without detecting their worthlessness.

The government secret service bureau sent a half dozen of its best men here to run down the counterfeiters. A com- plete plant for turning out the bills was finally discovered in a house in Wilkins- burg, but owing to a blunder of outside officers who had taken a hand in the case, without the knowledge of the secret service operators, the counterfeiters were scared away before they could be cap- tured. The United States detectives, however, succeeded in arresting James C. Hutchinson, who is now being held for trial. When arrested he had 17 of the bills in his possession.

The plates from which the bills were printed have not been secured, Hutchin- son asserting that they were thrown in the Allegheny river. Capt. William P. Walsh of the secret service has recovered about 200 of the bills, but dozens of them are still turning up every day.

HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT?

Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your drug- gist and ask for

TONSILINE.

TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline not only cures Sore Throats of all kinds, very quickly, but is a positive, never-fail- ing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.

Don't be stiffen in time. Don't neglect to use it.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

Reductions Again

The last of our winter suits are as smart and worthy as any we have had—

Stock is limited now—just one or two of a size—that is the only trouble—

Some are long suits—others walking length.

All are $40, $50, $55 and $60 values—

Monday—

$25.00

Walking skirts are likewise reduced, and for the same reason—"Only a few left"—

$15 and $17.50 ones—for

$10.00

J. G. BENNETT & CO.,

New Stores, Wood and Fifth.

Thousands of miles traveled as quickly as you can talk—and without stirring from your home! There never can be another "ground coverer" like the BELL RESIDENCE PHONE.

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.

Grant Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave. Ask for Contract Department, 8000

ARTIFICIAL EYES

Our Artificial Eye Department has every convenience for fitting and matching. The largest assortment of Artificial Eyes kept in stock, also made to order when required, at

KORNBLUM'S, Arcade Building, Second Floor.

There's Merit In THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.'S BEER—ALE—PORTER.

TAYLOR BROS., THE OLD RELIABLE HOME FURNISHERS. 932-934 PENN AVENUE.

Singed! Smoked! Soaked!

$50,000 Worth of Fire and Water Damaged Furniture and Carpets at

1/2, 1/3 AND 1/4 OFF!

Peremptory sale of every piece of furniture—every yard of carpet that was in any way damaged by the recent fire. Many of the goods merely smell of smoke and a little touching up will make them good as new. Sale opens this Monday morning at 9 o'clock and continues until all damaged goods are sold.

INCLUDED IN THE COLLECTION OF DAMAGED GOODS ARE:

CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, PARLOR SUITES, DINING ROOM CHAIRS, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, BEDROOM SUITES, DESKS, LACE CURTAINS, EXTENSION TABLES, COMBINATION LIBRARY CASES, KITCHEN CHAIRS, ETC.

Richest picking—most tempting bargains on Carpet Floor. Whether you need Carpets now or later—here is the opportunity to get 'em at small cost. Every roll of carpet that even smells of smoke will positively be closed out.

Tapestry and Smyrna Room size Rugs that were $18.00—fire sale price only..... $10	Fine Ingrain Carpets that were 75c a yard—fire sale price only..... 45c	Tapestry Carpets that were $1.00 a yard—fire sale price 60c and..... 50c	Superb Wilton Velvet Car- pets that were $1.85 and $1.50 a yard—fire sale price..... $1.00

By making a small deposit buyers of Furniture or Carpets during this Sale can have goods stored until April 1st, if desired.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUT OF TOWN BUYERS.

TAYLOR BROS.

932-934 PENN AVENUE.

AVOID THE RUSH BY COMING EARLY.

HORNE-STEWART Co

DRY GOODS Monday 1 February 1904

With such makes and makers as Roger-s-Peet to talk about what more is there to say than to print the price.

Clearing Clothing

Cuts here are final—there is no chipping and chopping of prices and the cut is deep and general.

Mens Overcoats

Every overcoat in the house without the first reserve and there are no patriarchs among them

18.50 and 20.00 Overcoats Cut to 13.50	45.00 Overcoats Cut to 31.50
22.50 and 25.00 Overcoats Cut to 16.50	50.00 Overcoats Cut to 36.50
And 12.50, 15.00 and 16.50 Overcoats Cut to	9.00

Mens Suits

Longs, stouts and regulars—broken lines of course but your suit is here no matter who you are.

20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 Suits Cut to 15.00	16.50 and 18.50 Suits Cut to 13.50
30.00, 33.00 and 35.00 Suits Cut to 25.00	25.00 and 28.00 Suits Cut to 18.50
And 12.50, 13.50 and 15.00 Suits Cut to a finish at	9.00

Rogers-Peet

Regular prices scarce half good tailors have to charge and they follow Rogers-Peet.

Buy by Phone 233-235 FIFTH AVENUE Shop by Mail

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 151.)

AN ORDINANCE—Changing the grade of Wentworth street, Eleventh ward, from Winthrope street to Chelsea street.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grade of Westmin- ster (formerly 22nd) street, from Win- thrope street to Chelsea street, be and the same is hereby changed as follows:

Beginning at the intersection of the center line of Westminster street and the east curb line of Winthrope street, at an elevation of two hundred six and thirty-hundredths (206.30) feet above city datum; thence ascending at a rate of eight (8) feet per hundred (100) feet for a distance of three hundred thirty-eight (338) feet to a point, elevation two hun- dred thirty-three and seven-hundredths (233.07) feet above city datum; thence as- cending at a rate of two and nine-hun- dredths (2.09) feet per hundred (100) feet for a distance of one hundred nineteen and five-tenths (119.5) feet to the center line of Chelsea street, elevation two hun- dred thirty and fifty-seven-hundredths (230.57) feet above city datum.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is here- by repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 156.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and or- dering the grading and paving of an un- named alley in the Third ward from Hasley alley to Boyle street, and pro- viding for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading and paving of an unnamed alley in the Third ward, from Hasley alley to Boyle street, be and hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifica- tions, and award the contract therefor, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly in such cases made and pro- vided.

The cost and expense of said improve- ment to be assessed and collected in ac- cordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 161.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the issue of twenty-five thousand eight hundred ninety-seven ($25,897.00) dollars, Grand avenue bonds, to pay the cost of grading, paving and curbing of Grand avenue, from Brighton avenue to Riverview park.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That an issue of registered bonds in the name of the city of Alle- gheny, to the amount of twenty-five thousand eight hundred ninety-seven ($25,897.00) dollars, to be designated Grand avenue bonds, in accordance with the act of assembly entitled "An act providing a system whereby cities may pave streets and alleys, pay the cost thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in installments," approved June 12, 1868, and the same be and is hereby authorized and directed.

Sec. 2. Said bonds shall be of the de- nomination of one thousand dollars or multiples thereof, payable in five years from February 1, 1904, with interest thereon at the rate of four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the of- fice of the city controller in the city of Allegheny, Pa., and the principal thereof at maturity at the same place. Said bonds to be signed by the mayor and treasurer and countersigned by the con- troller, and sealed with the corporate seal of the city, and the proceeds thereof shall be applied exclusively for the pay- ment of the cost of grading, paving and curbing of Grand avenue, from Brighton avenue to Riverview park, and to no other purpose whatsoever. Said bonds to be issued and sold to the sinking fund commission of the city of Allegheny at par.

Sec. 3. Upon collection of the cost of said grading, paving and curbing of Grand avenue, in the manner presented in the act of assembly aforesaid, the money so received by the city treasurer shall be applied semi-annually to the sinking fund for the payment of the in- terest and principal at maturity.

Sec. 4. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 154.)

AN ORDINANCE—Transferring the sum of two hundred and thirty-eight ($238.00) dollars from appropriation No. 69, item No. 1, bureau of building inspection, de- partment of public safety, to appropria- tion No. 6, item No. 3, bureau of police, department of public safety.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the sum of two hundred and thirty-eight ($238.00) dollars is hereby transferred from appropriation No. 69, item No. 1, bureau of building inspection, department of public safety, to appropri- ation No. 6, item No. 3, bureau of police, department of public safety, to meet ex- penditures of said item No. 3 for the re- mainder of the fiscal year.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 155.)

AN ORDINANCE—Changing the grade of Vinis street, Tenth ward, from a point 108.33 feet south of the south line of Watson boulevard to the north curb line of Milroy avenue.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grade of Vinis street, Tenth ward, from a point four hundred eight and thirty-nine-hundredths (408.39) feet south of the south line of Watson boulevard to the north curb line of Mil- roy avenue, be and the same is hereby changed as follows: Beginning at a point distant four hundred eight and thirty-nine-hundredths (408.39) feet from the south line of Watson boulevard, at an elevation of four hundred twenty-one and eighty-four-hundredths (421.84) feet above city datum; thence descending at a rate of eight and two-tenths (8.2) feet per hundred for a distance of two hundred eight and forty-two-hundredths (208.42)

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

feet to the intersection of the center line of Viola street and the north curb line of Milroy avenue, elevation four hundred four and seventy-five-hundredths (404.75) feet above city datum.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 160.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and or- dering the grading and paving of George alley, Sixth ward, from Rush street to Franklin street, and providing for as- sessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading and paving of George alley, Sixth ward, from Rush street to Franklin street, is hereby au- thorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifica- tions therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in ac- cordance with such specifications and award the contract therefor, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improve- ment to be assessed and collected in ac- cordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 162.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the payment of the sum of $1,018.30 to L. A. Thompson & Co., contractors, for labor and material furnished in alter- ing a building in the Eighth ward into a municipal hospital. Said amount pay-

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

able out of Item No. 2, appropriation No. 7, bureau of health.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city comptroller be and hereby authorized to issue a cer- tificate to the mayor in the sum of one thousand nineteen dollars and thirty-nine cents ($1,019.39) in fa- L. A. Thompson & Co., contract payment for labor and material fur in the alteration of a building Eighth ward into a municipal ho Said warrant payable out of Item appropriation No. 7, bureau of

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be sup by the foregoing be and the same hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 163.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the mayor and the director of the depart- ment of public works to advertise for proposals for the sale of scrap iron and award the contract therefor to the high- est responsible bidder for the same.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the mayor and the di- rector of the department of public works be and are hereby authorized to adver- tise for proposals for the sale of scrap iron and award the contract therefor to the highest responsible bidder for the same, for one year from the date of con- tract.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 164.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the payment of the sum of $1,018.30 to L. A. Thompson & Co., contractors, for labor and material furnished in alter- ing a building in the Eighth ward into a municipal hospital. Said amount pay-

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

able out of Item No. 2, appropriation No. 7, bureau of health.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city comptroller be and hereby authorized to issue a cer- tificate to the mayor in the sum of one thousand nineteen dollars and thirty-nine cents ($1,019.39) in favor of L. A. Thompson & Co., contractors, for payment for labor and material furnished in altering a building in the Eighth ward into a municipal hospital, from January 24, 1903, to July 14, 1903. Said warrant payable out of Item No. 2, appropriation No. 7, bureau of health.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is here- by repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 165.)

AN ORDINANCE—Transferring the sum of $3,000.00 from appropriation No. 4, item No. 2 and $6,200.00 from item No. 4, appropriation No. 11, bureau of highways and sewers, to item No. 1 said appropriation No. 11, department of public works.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the city comptroller be and hereby authorized to transfer the sum of three thousand ($3,000.00) dollars from item No. 4, appropriation No. 4, three thousand two hundred ($3,200.00) dollars from item No. 4, appropriation No. 11, bureau of highways and sewers, to item No. 1 of said appropriation No. 11, to meet the expenses of item No. 1 for the remainder of the fiscal year.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 166.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the mayor and the director of the depart- ment of public works to advertise for proposals for the sale of scrap iron and award the contract therefor to the high- est responsible bidder for the same.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby or- dained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the mayor and the di- rector of the department of public works be and are hereby authorized to adver- tise for proposals for the sale of scrap iron and award the contract therefor to the highest responsible bidder for the same, for one year from the date of con- tract.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is here- by repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 28, A. D. 1904. The above ordi- nance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 167.)

AN ORDINANCE—Transferring the sum of $2,243.80 to L. E. Methe- nomis furnished patients in the Mu hospital from January 24, 1903, to 14, 1903. Said amount payable item No. 2, appropriation No. 7, bu of health.

Section 1. Be it ordained and e by the select and common councils city of Allegheny, and it is here dained and enacted by the authori the same, That the city comptro hereby authorized to issue a cer- tificate to the mayor in the sum of two thousand two hundred forty and 80-100 dollars in favor of L. E. Methenomis in payment for meals furnished patients in the Municipal hospital from January 24, 1903, to July 14, 1903. Said warrant payable out of Item No. 2, appropriation No. 7, bureau of health.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordi- nance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is here- by repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 29th day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.
Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa.

See the Coon Hollow Folk
On Their Tour of the World,
in Next Sunday's Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1904.—PAGES 7 TO 12.

Buster Brown and Tige
Best Comic Page Printed. See It
in Next Sunday's Gazette

WEIGHTS NAMED FOR BIG RACES

ooklyn Handicap to Be Run May 26 and Suburban June 16 of This Year.

ALE ON FATHER BILL DALY

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Owing to the eights for the Brighton handicap hav- been published last week, the an- uncement of the imposts for the Brook- n and Suburban handicaps has lost uch of its former glamour. The three ndicaps are practically one and the me thing with a slight variation only the dates, and when one has been seen e whole has been seen.

Already attention has been called to e allotments made by Vosburg to the ore celebrated of last season's perform- s, and, oddly enough—though a handi- p is a race in which every horse is esumed to have an equal chance—it is ldom that the winner is sought for nong the lightweighted division. Pre- dent has much to say to this, since se races never seem to fall to the lot lightweights, and, if memory serves, nroy was about the only horse ighted under 100 pounds which ever ceeded in carrying off one of these big ndicap prizes. His weight was 98 unds, but he carried 102½ in order at O'Connor might have the mount. Weight, it is said, will bring any horses ether, the best and the poorest, yet rdly such weight as comes within the pe of the handicapper. Vosburg him- tells a tale of how, after the victory Gold Heels with 126 pounds on his k in the Brighton handicap of 1902, approached W. C. Daly and suggested m a match between one of his horses den by one of his lightweight jockeys inst Gold Heels, ridden by A. H. Bat- by, the gigantic and popular treasurer the Brighton Beach association. ther Bill thought for a minute and n, mindful of the adage that weight l bring any two horses together, said t he was agreeable to run.

"But," he added, "I don't think they'd Mr. Battersby ride—would they?"

"I always thought until then," said the ndicapper, "that Daly had a sense of nor. But now I don't believe he can reciate a joke any more than an Eng- man."

Needless to say that with the large ux of three-year-olds into the handi- s this year they form the larger part the entries weighted at 100 pounds and der. Of these such animals as Delhi, ell, Stalwart, Ormondes Right, Dolly nker, Wotan, Jocund, Orthodox and ght Errant are all deserving of recog- on from their breeding and perform- s. How greatly a colt may improve n two to three years of age, has been nstrated in the case of Conroy and ory is as liable to repeat itself now hen.

ficial weights for the Brooklyn handi- to be run on Thursday, May 26, fol- : McChesney, 129; Hermis, 127; ander, 126; Irish Lad, 125; Advance rd, 121; The Picket, Major Dainger- , Savable, 119; Golden Maxim, les Elwood, Shorthose, 118; Gunfire, lbourne, 117; Runnels, 116; Lord of Vale, Aceful, Santon, 115; Mizzen, 114; ler, 113; Hellalite, Grand Opera, ster, Dalesmain, 111; Prosper, Eugenia rch, 110; Roehampton, Buttons, 109; n Chancellor, Injunction, Red Knight, r Pirate, 108; High Ball, Grey Friar, ade, Captain Bickle, 105; Bonnibert, Hamburg Belle, Broomstick, Reser- on, Rostand, New York, 102; Pulsus, ddam, Embarrassment, Billy Banks, ing Torpedo, South Trimble, Onatas, Tobogan, 99; Delhi, Jockey Club, 98; Bernard, Stalwart, Damon, Ort, s, Colonial Girl, 97; Montreson, Can- ball, Ormondes Right, 96; Gold Saint, ocust, Masterful, Orthodox, 94; Robin d, Knight Errant, Gettysburg, 93; es V., Peter Paul, Lord Badge, Ost- , 92; Lord of the Valley, St. Valen- , 90; Illyria, 89; Careless, 88; John 84.

he weights for the Suburban, to be June 16, 1904, follow: Waterboy, McChesney, 128; Hermis, 126; Mis- er, 125; Irish Lad, 124; Advance d, 121; Savable, 119; The Picket, Daingerfield, 118; Golden Maxim, Shorthose, 117; Charles Elwood, 117; es, 117; Hurstbourne, 116; Runnels, Lord of the Vale, 115; Aceful, Dis- l, 115; Mizzen, 114; Whorler, 113; n, 112; Reliable, 111; Grand Opera, Francesco, 111; Igniter, 110; Prosper, Eugenia Burch, 110; Buttons, 108; Chancellor, 108; River Pirate, 108; ction, 108; Hunter Raine, 107; Mel- , 107; High Ball, 106; Grey Friar, Captain Buckle, 105; Claude, 105; bert, 104; Hamburg Belle, 103; ping Ground, 103; Reservation, 102; York, 102; Aristocracy, 101; Mon- Beauclaire, 100; City Bank, 100; Fly- Torpedo, 100; Onatas, 100; Pulsus, South Trimble, 100; Tobogan, 99; , 98; Jockey Club, 98; Orly II, 98; Bernard, 97; Stalwart, 97; Adbell, Hippocratus, 97; Demon, 97; Colonial 97; Ort Wells, 96; Montreson, 96; ade's Right, 96; Cannonball, 95; Saint, 95; Ocean Tide, 94; Jocund, asterful, 94; Robin Hood, 93; Knight , 93; Gettysburg, 93; James V., 92; n, 92; Ostrich, 92; Illyria, 89; Care- 88; Bob Murphy, 87; Ruby Ring, 86; F., 84.

ELLISON STILL LEADS.

eet Second in Winnings at New Orleans—Floral King Lacks Gameness.

EW ORLEANS, LA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)— changing track conditions during the past days of racing on the fair grounds upset calculations, and favorite players received ade the worse of the break, but 11 out of ssible 36 choices making good for the tal- .

arley Ellison, for the second time during meeting, celebrated the week-end day by ing off the stake event. It remained for Arnold to be the color bearer on each ion. The wonderful improvement of this is the subject of much comment, though to be said he is only beginning to repay n for the $3,600 which the latter invested m as a yearling. The Merchants' handi- also served to bring Floral King promi- y to the fore as a possibility in the Cres- City derby. Analgrael, the race of H. ner's Giganteum colt was a brilliant ef- and in a measure substantiates the claims for him by his owner; that he is a mag- nt looking colt is dad to be credited, and he possesses a wonderful turn of speed is ust as true, but there is a lurking suspi- that he is lacking in that all-necessary es- al to a race horse, gameness, and that supreme test comes in the big 3-year-old ts he may be found wanting.

arley Ellison now leads the list of winning rs, with $11,044 to his credit; S. W. Street e next, with $11,008; S. C. Hildreth next, 3; G. C. Bennett, $8,794, and J. Arthur, $5,702. With the close of last week 65 50 was distributed among the owners. Phillips still keeps on increasing his lead the other boys, now having ridden 47 win- Fisher comes next, with 32; Robbins ha his credit; W. Hennessy, 24, and Fuller e up the first five with 20 winning mounts.

Pillsbury to Play Blindfolded.

arry Nelson Pillsbury, the foremost s player of America, will appear before East End Chess club, Penn and Franks- avenues, tonight in an exhibition of ltaneous blindfold chess. Play will be- at 8:30. Visitors will be made welcome.

Cresceus' Valuation Too High.

OLUMBUS, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)— tor David Davies of Lucas county was yesterday in consultation with State tor Guilbert in regard to reducing the ation of Cresceus, the famous trotter, h is on the duplicate for $20,000. es thinks this valuation is too high.

EALTH AT CAMBRIDGE SPRINGS.

$6.00 Excursion Tickets $6.00.

e Pittsburgh & Lake Erie people re- heavy travel from Pittsburgh to the ous springs and are selling a great y excursion tickets for the fast train ing Pittsburgh at 1:50 p. m., city time, ugh parlor cars.

Fire Escapes
ccordance with the Law. Manufac- d and Erected by Taylor & Dean, burgh.

FRANK HALLER LIKELY TO MANAGE THE DAYTON CENTRAL LEAGUE CLUB THIS YEAR

W. W. COLEMAN.
The Wilmerding Pitcher, Who Is One of the Best in the State Pitching Independent Ball.

Directors of the Club Want Him to Take Charge of Team on the Field.

AN OFFER TO JIM FERGUSON

Harrisburg Club Starts Flirtation With Pitcher Bill Coleman of Wilmerding.

"DOGGIE" MILLER HAS A JOB

Frank Haller of Allegheny may be engaged to manage the Dayton Central league team this season. The directors of the Dayton club are seeking a manager who can go on the field and play one of the positions, so that he can direct the plays.

"Hiney" Youngman of Homestead managed the team from the bench last year, but when he sold out his interest in the club the directors began to look around for a playing manager. Haller still is after the Evansville directors for that throw-down, and he is of the confident opinion that he will be able to force them to do business with him.

Haller, however, is negotiating with the Dayton club owners, and may yet close a deal with them. If he goes to Dayton it is likely he will take the players along who were signed for Evansville by him, Buck Kennoy, Jimmy Ganzer, Ike Collins, Zellers, Roache and Mullen being the men he had under contract.

Jimmy Ferguson, the East Pittsburgh shortstop who finished the season at Homestead last year, has sent his terms to the Chester, Pa., team for the coming season. Ferguson came to Homestead in early summer from Johnstown to fill the position when Charlie McCloskey left for the Eastern league. McCloskey will be back in Homestead this year, and will again play short. Ferguson was wanted at Harrisburg, but he was unable to come to terms with the management.

The Harrisburg club is trying to start a flirtation with "Bill" Coleman, the premier southpaw of Wilmerding. Coleman, who is one of the very best left-handers in the state pitching independent ball, is deluged with offers from independent teams and minor leagues. He could not go to Harrisburg if he should choose, as Altoona has him on its reserve list. Coleman pitched several games at Altoona last summer while on his vacation, and as a precaution to keep him from any other team in the association if he should decide to play ball for a livelihood this season, it would have first call on him.

George ("Doggie") Miller, the old Pittsburgh catcher, who was field captain of the Dayton Central league team last year, will manage the Gloversville club in the New York State league this season. F. S. Bonsett of New York and Thomas A. Hart, the West Virginian who pitched for Dayton last year, have signed to return. Hart was on the verge of leaving the league to come to Homestead.

It is said that Frank Smith, the local pitcher who was released by the Chicago club, and who played with the Birmingham Southern league team last fall, may return south. Smith and Comiskey of Chicago cannot agree on terms. Smith wants $400 a month and $400 advance money.

There is talk of Wheeling of the Central league and Columbus of the American association meeting in a spring series for the minor league interstate championship of West Virginia and Ohio.

George W. Andrus, second baseman on the Zanesville Independent team last summer, has been traded by the Wheeling club to the Dallas, Texas, league club for Don Curtis, an outfielder. Andrus lives at Portsmouth, O. He was signed with Wheeling last spring and refused to report.

Walter Crum, the New Castle fielder, who was with St. Joseph in the Western league last year, has signed with Grand Rapids.

H. O. Kruger, the third baseman, who was with Jamestown, N. Y., and Warren, O., last year, has signed a Bloomington III. contract.

A meeting of the Rankin Athletic club was held Saturday evening and a baseball team was organized for next summer. The club includes a majority of the old players. F. A. Sloss was chosen manager and D. H. Murray captain. This evening at 8 o'clock the Carnegie Athletic club team will meet for reorganization in the office of the superintendent of the C. A. C. It is probable that the board of directors of the Carnegie Institution will submit a proposition for enclosed grounds the coming season. It is the intention to have a first-class nine, either amateur or professional.

Any young player wishing to join the Nixon club, write H. Marcus, 1814 Wylie avenue.

George Miller, a young Allegheny pitcher, would like to catch on with any good local 18-year-old team. Address him at 856 Vista street.

JACK M'CLELLAND'S HAND IS IN VERY BAD SHAPE

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Jack McClelland had his left hand examined here today by a surgeon, who told him it will take at least four weeks to get it in fit shape to fight with. He was to have met Young Mowatt here Friday and Charley Neary next week at Milwaukee, but called both fights off and will leave for home tonight.

CHARLIE DEMOSS,
The Allegheny Shortstop Who Is Signed With the Haverhill, New England, Team.

"JIGGER" ROBINSON IS RELEASED BY THE P. A. C.

Ed. Roberts Leads "Big League" in Shooting Goals, and Ahl the Interscholastic.

It was reported in hockey circles yesterday that "Jigger" Robinson, the fast forward on the P. A. C. team of the Western Pennsylvania league, had been released by his manager. A close friend of Robinson said that he had received a letter from the P. A. C. manager advising him of his release, but there were certain conditions that he would hold him to.

No reason was given for Robinson's release, but it is said that there was a run-in between him and his manager. When the P. A. C. team left for Houghton last week Robinson did not accompany it. If Robinson is taken off the P. A. C. team it will have much to do in order time in making the games interesting than at any time this season. Robinson is one of the most clever players in the league and one of the best drawing cards. It is said that he may join the Bankers. Robinson, besides being a good shooter, is a clean player. He has much to do this year, which puts him fourth in the list of the league. Ed. Roberts of the Victorias has taken the lead from Campbell of the Bankers, who has led the procession all season. A. Sixsmith of the Victorias is third and Robinson fourth. In the Interscholastic league Charlie Ahl of Shadyside has the lead by virtue of shooting one of his team's two goals against High school Saturday. He again leads Askin of East Liberty by one. Shadyside and East Liberty meet this coming Saturday, and the two leaders will surely have a merry time chasing after goals. The figures follow:

INTERSCHOLASTIC LEAGUE.

	1st Half.	2d Half.	Extra Period.
Ahl, Shadyside	3	3	0
Askin, East Liberty	4	2	1
Williams, Shadyside	2	0	1
Brown, High School	1	1	0
Bryan, East Liberty	0	1	0
Hall, Shadyside	1	0	0
Kohne, Shadyside	1	0	0
Mortchebach, Shadyside	0	1	0
Schenck, High School	0	1	0
Buxton, East Liberty	1	0	0
Spohler, High School	0	1	0
Hall, High School	0	1	0
Nelsar, High School	0	1	0
Mueller, Shadyside	0	1	0

Shots, past goal tenders—Carnahan (Shadyside), 2; Balgard (East Liberty), 10; Harper (High School), 11; Kohne (Shadyside), 1; Yohe (Shadyside), 4.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA LEAGUE.

	1st Half.	2d Half.	Period.
C. E. Roberts, Victorias	5	3	0
Campbell, Bankers	3	3	0
J. Sixsmith, Victorias	3	2	0
Robinson, P. A. C.	3	2	0
Wilson, P. A. C.	3	1	1
G. Sixsmith, Victorias	2	3	0
Taylor, Keystone-P. A. C.	1	4	0
J. Roberts, Bankers	2	2	0
Briggs, Victorias	2	1	1
Degruister, Bankers	1	2	0
Leffelton, Bankers	1	1	0
Willett, Keystone	1	1	0
Young, Keystone	1	0	0
Ross, Bankers	0	1	0
Duvall, Victorias	0	1	0
*Melville, Keystone-P. A. C.	0	0	0

*Shot goal in extra period.

NEW CASTLE AHEAD.

Followed by United States Still in the Bowlers League.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The New Castle club increased its lead considerably during the past week in the championship series now being played here under the auspices of the New Castle Bowling association. The standing of the clubs follows:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New Castle	28	5	.848
U. S. Steel	20	13	.606
Independents	19	14	.577
Eagles	14	19	.424
Tigers	10	24	.303
Sycamores	8	25	.242

EAST LIBERTY ACADEMY TO PLAY LEADING SCHOOLS

Western Colleges to Be Largely Represented at U. of P.'s Big Meet at Philadelphia.

Kennedy "Pewee" Bunton, manager of the East Liberty academy baseball team, will begin work on the schedule for the season today. Bunton plans to have East Liberty meet the leading schools of the country, but he has not yet determined whether he will arrange games with any of the local college teams. Last year East Liberty beat Pittsburgh college, but lost to Washington and Jefferson. These are the leading college teams hereabouts, but he may include Beaver college.

Bunton will write to Pittsburgh High school for two games, to Kiski for two, University school of Cleveland, Greenville High school Mercer academy, Sharon High school, Bellevue High school, Allegheny High school, Washington and Jefferson academy, Beaver college, Lindsay Institute of Wheeling, W. Va., Greensburg High school, Johnstown High school, Sewickley High school, McKeesport High school, Braddock High school and W. U. P. freshmen.

Alex. McCracken, captain of the team, will issue a call for candidates this week and they will be put to work in the gymnasium about the beginning of next week. Coach Ed. Hickey will take charge when work outdoors is begun.

Western colleges will be largely represented in eastern competition this spring. Chicago, Michigan and Wisconsin have previously sent teams to the Pennsylvania meet at Philadelphia, but this year Purdue and Iowa are to be included in the list. The announcement has been made that Iowa will send Capt. Swift, who holds the western discus record, and that Purdue will send a four-mile relay team headed by Capt. Hern, who won the mile race in the conference meet last spring.

Frank Woods of Wilmerding will be a candidate for the baseball team at Michigan this spring. Woods is an infielder, is big and can hit. He went out for the team last spring, but was compelled to retire on account of sickness.

IMPORTANT GAME TONIGHT.

Olympics of McKeesport Play Manchester at the Raleigh.

The championship basketball game scheduled to be played at the Raleigh, Manchester, tonight will probably be one of the best games ever played in that hall. The Manchester and Olympia teams will be the contestants, and if ever they played a good game they will do so tonight, as the result of this game will have a decided bearing on the final standing in the Allegheny County league. Following is the line-up:

Manchester.	Position.	Olympic.
Graham	R. F.	Pierce, Dilworth
Koch	L. F.	Mulholland
Metzker	C.	Myers
Walliser, Hay	R. G.	English, Edmundson
Burry	L. G.	Stewart, Huggans

Referee—Ernest Seibel.

The preliminary will also be one of the best of the season, the champion Sterlings being scheduled to appear against the fast Manchester Juniors. Following is the line-up:

Manchester Jrs.	Position.	Sterling.
O'Neil	R. F.	McMahon
Dillinger	L. F.	Kurt
Tannehill	C.	Criswell, Sutter
Graham	R. G.	Bertgen
Alton	L. G.	Yoodt

Referee—Ernest Seibel.

INGLESIDE TO OPEN.

Burns Handicap and California Derby on the Card.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Commencing tomorrow, Ingleside will be the scene of racing and will continue throughout February. A number of events will be decided this month, among them the Burns handicap and the California derby. The Burns handicap, valued at $10,000, will be run next Saturday. It is at a mile and a quarter, for 3-year-olds and upward. Weights are to be announced Tuesday. The best field that has met for several years will contest for the rich prize. Among the candidates are Proper, Claude, Carsman, Shotgun, Fossil, McGregor, Nones, Dainty, Honiton, Blair Cathcart, Toledo, Rockaway, Kenilworth, Waswitt, Falconbridge, Beau Omonde, Hornitus, Divina, Horton, Yellow Tail, Ben McIhut, Incubator, Grafter, Major Tenny, Arabo, Leader, Arcade and Nigrette.

Jones to Coach Western Reserve.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Paul Jones, the star full back of the University of Michigan's 1902-1903 football team, has been engaged by Western Reserve to coach its football team next fall. Jones is one of the best players in the country and would have surely won a place on the All-American team last fall had he not been kept out of the game by illness. He was "Hurry Up" Yost's chief assistant in coaching the Michigan eleven last fall.

Dubois Five Winners.

DUBOIS, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The Dubois Y. M. C. A. basketball team played its second game of the season here last night at Ridgeway, defeating the team of that place 32 to 22.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

The W. B. Blacks want games. Address George P. Benning, No. 1813 Fifth avenue, city.

The Herron Hill Athletic club will hold its fifth annual ball tonight at Germania hall, corner Rose and Grove streets.

The Superior team would like to hear from all 16-year-old teams having balls. Address John R. Neely, No. 2706 Shady avenue, Allegheny.

The Trenton Reserves have changed their name to the Armory A. C. and would like to arrange games with all 13-year-old teams. Address J. Simms Hunt, Armory mail, Everett street, East End.

The Duquesne A. C. of Allegheny would like to hear from all teams having balls. Address William Barmorth, No. 162 River avenue, Allegheny, or 'phone P. & A. 1503 and ask for William Sloss.

GOTHAM BOWLERS ARE STRONG LOT

Bernard J. York Will Champion Cause of Easterners at the Congress.

THREE MEN TOURNAMENT

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Go to Cleveland will be the slogan of the Greater New York bowlers this week. Bernard J. York has accepted the appointment of the eastern pin knights to champion their cause at the American bowling congress.

York's qualifications as a delegate to the bowling congress was tested at Buffalo two years ago. Those who participated in that lively session at the Elson City remember the clever manner in which he led the New York delegation, so conducting the fight between the warring factions that the Chicago people, although they actually won a victory, felt that the New York people withdrew leaving them in full possession, came to Mr. York for a compromise.

He will be ably seconded by Charles H. Ebbs, Dr. H. Timme, Jacob Louly and W. B. Fisher, and it will be a very obstinate committee of the American bowling congress that will withstand this forceful combination. The scheme to form a national three men tournament promises an interesting interchange of contests among the bowlers of the east and west next year. This plan has been in the minds of several promoters for some time past, but its fulfillment has not been expected for several years at least.

Findlay College Victorious.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The Findlay college basketball team defeated the Ohio Northern university five at Turners hall last night 14 to 12. Line-up:

Findlay.		Ohio Northern.
Spence	Forward	Herr
Spitler	Forward	Hockley
Bailey	Center	McKeown
Garner	Guard	Hagerman
Wheelstone	Guard	Lashorn

Goals from field—Spence, Spitler (2), Hockley, McKeown. Goals from foul—Spitler (4), Hockley (6). Referee and umpire, alternately—Wingard and Morris.

CONTRACTS ARE LET FOR NEW RACE TRACK

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Contracts have been let for the race track and building which will be erected by the Avon Park Racing and Amusement association. The track will be half a mile long and this city will have running races for the first time next summer.

Koerchers
439 WOOD ST.
"OUR 'ADS' ARE TRUTHFUL"
IN THE LITTLE WINDOW.

COMBINATION BEVEL.
The bevel is far superior to any other in the market both in its range of usefulness and in compactness of construction. Both blades are slotted from end to end so that the connecting link can be used in the extreme limit. It also permits the blades to be quickly reversed. The ends of the blades are ground to correct angles.
Price 75c
By Mail 3c additional.

IN OUTSIDE SHOWCASE.
"BED ROCK"
IRON SMOOTH PLANES
The most perfect Plane ever produced, the only Plane machined, not ground, insuring perfect fitting. Do not fail to see them.
Price, $1.75

On Friday Only We Will Sell
CORUNDUM KNIFE SHARPENER
10c

316th SPECIAL WEEKLY SALE
For This Week Only We Will Sell Steel Shears, 7, 7 1-2 and 8 inch blades. For
30c each
Every shear warranted. None better at any price.
Koercher's, PITTSBURG.

PASSION-A-T-A
NERVE TABLETS
will quickly and permanently cure all Nervous Diseases, Insomnia, Failing Memory, Despondency in either sex. No matter what you have used in vain, we guarantee you will not be disappointed. Price 50 cents per Box; 6 Boxes $2.50. Mailed in plain package on receipt of price. For sale only in Pgh's by JOS. FLEMING & SON, Druggists, 412 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

COMTESSE KILLS HIMSELF.

Son of the President of Switzerland Committed Suicide at Dijon, France.

DIJON, FRANCE, Jan. 31.—M. Arnold Comtesse, son of the president of Switzerland, committed suicide here last Thursday by shooting.

M. Comtesse, who has been living here recently, drove out on Thursday to pay a visit to a woman of his acquaintance. Upon being informed that she was not in Comtesse re-entered his carriage and shot himself in the mouth with a revolver, the bullet penetrating his brain. He was taken to a hospital where he died at midnight. He had been suffering from cerebral derangement, resulting from malarial fever.

Lunatic Becomes Violent.

Annie M. Liese, demented, was yesterday turned over to the department of charities by the police. She has been deranged since 1894, and after confinement in Marshalsea was released at the request of a sister at Tionesta street, in 1902. She has since lived with her sister until she became uncontrollable.

Israel Charged With Abduction.

Charles V. Israel was arrested yesterday on a charge of abduction made before Police Magistrate Joseph Vichstein by David Pritchard. It is alleged Israel enticed Annie, a 19-year-old daughter of the prosecutor, away from her home on November 14, 1903. He will be given a hearing this morning.

MORALES TRIUMPHANT

Controls All the Ports—Recognition by the United States Government.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Accord... information received at the state... ment, all the ports of Santo Do... now in the possession of the Mo... visional government, which suc... government of Gen. Woo y Gil... ary revolution seems to ha... stamped out.

Though there has been no di... recognition of the Morales go... United States officials in Santo ... have entered into relations wit... step being necessary for the r... action of commercial business.

WINTER·RESORT·HOTELS AND STEAMSHIP ANNOUNCEMENTS

FLORIDA AND THE SOUTH.

Season 1904
Florida East Coast Hotel Co.

Ponce de Leon
ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Mr. Robert Mercer. Now open. Closes Tuesday, April 12, 1904.

Alcazar
ST. AUGUSTINE. Under the management of Jos. P. Graham. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 30, 1904.

Ormond
ORMOND-ON-THE-HALIFAX. Under the management of ... Messrs. Ambrose & Price. Now open. Closes Monday, April 11, 1904.

Royal Poinciana
PALM BEACH-ON-LAKE-WORTH. Under the management of ... Mr. Fred Sherry. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 9th, 1904.

The Breakers
PALM BEACH-ST-THE SEA. Under the management of Mr. Fred Sherry. Opens Monday, February 1st, 1904. Closes Saturday, April 2, 1904.

The Royal Palm
MIAMA. Under the management of ... Mr. H. W. Merrill. Now open. Closes Monday, April 4, 1904.

The Colonial
NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of ... Mr. H. E. Bemis. Now open. Closes Saturday, April 2nd, 1904.

The Royal Victoria
NASSAU, N. P. (Bahama Islands). Under the management of ... Mr. H. E. Bemis. Announcement will appear later.

Reservations, rates, handsomely illustrated souvenir booklets and other information may be procured of the managers.

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's Ocean pier.

The facilities include stationery and a private directory of Pittsburgh visitors in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.

Booklets, descriptive of the resorts advertised, may be had in application at The Gazette office.

HOTEL MORTON.
VIRGINIA AVE., NEAR BEACH.
Open all the year. Special rates for Winter. Refurnished and decorated. Rooms en suite with baths. Elevator from street level. Fine table. Write for booklet and terms. MRS. N. B. HAINES, Owner and Manager.

NEW BRICK BOSCOBEL.
Every known hotel appointment with exceptional luxury. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Magnificently furnished rooms, single and en suite, with large luxurious baths. Splendid sanitary arrangements. Write for illustrated literature. Elevator to street level. A. E. MARION, Owner and Manager.

HOTEL BELMONT.
Virginia ave. near the Beach. Open all year. Absolutely fireproof. Has all Home Comforts. Elevator, Steam Heat, Sun Parlor. Special winter rates, $10, $12, $15 weekly. No better accommodations given at any hotel in the resort. Booklet. C. S. Waters, Manager.

HOTEL IMPERIAL, Ocean End Maryland Avenue. Absolutely situated and modern in every detail. Excellent table. $2.50 to $3.50 per day; $10 to $20 a week. Send stamp for guide book of Atlantic City. W. CHANDLER STEWART, Manager.

THE STRATH HAVEN.
Open all year. R. SIDNEY AVE., near Beach. Steam heat. Special rates. Special attention given to cuisine and service. Albert R. Gleason, manager (formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago, and Hotel Florescourt, New York).

THE CHETWOODE.
Open all year with every comfort for guests at moderate Winter rates. Heated sun parlor, private baths, spacious exchange and parlors. Near Beach and Piers. Write for booklet. EMILY M. DEMPSEY, Owner and Manager.

HOTEL ARLINGTON.
Michigan ave. and Beach. Offering Special Rates $10 up weekly. Excellent and modern. Steam heat, electric elevator, private baths, etc. Superior table. Booklet mailed. L. K. KUNZ.

THE RUNNYMEDE.
Park Place, close to Beach, facing City Park. Select location. New and strictly modern. Elevator, steam heat, sun parlor, rooms en suite with bath. Cuisine of the highest excellence. Booklet mailed. T. MILWAIN.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH.
Re-opens January 28. Attractive and Homelike place. Hot and cold sea water in all baths. Long distance phone service in bedrooms. Cafe. Orchestra. CESBRON & PAINTER.

HOTEL RALEIGH.
Ocean end of the Boardwalk Place. Finest location. Open all year. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, sun parlor, etc. Special spring rates. Booklet mailed. C. C. SHANN.

HOTEL WARREN.
Managed by CRAFFORD C. HUBER of Pittsburgh. European plan. Cafe and Grill. Open all year. Atlantic and New Jersey ave. 2 blocks to boardwalk.

THE ELWOOD.
Sea end St. James Place. Open all year. Fireproof. Rooms en suite or single, with baths. Elevator from street level. Hot and cold water in all rooms. ROBERT S. SMITH.

THE PENNHURST.
Michigan ave. and Beach. Perfectly equipped for winter guests. Elevator, steam heat, private baths, etc. Wilmer rates. W. H. WOOD.

HOTEL MAJESTIC.
Virginia ave. and Beach. Open all year. Steam heat, elevator, sun parlor. Superior table, $12 weekly and up. Booklet. Samuel Mills.

THE WILTSHIRE.
Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City. OPEN ALL YEAR. Booklet mailed. E. S. PERKINS.

THE NEW HOLLAND.
New York ave., close to Beach. Open all year. Every comfort. Winter rates. M. J. Lee.

THE NEW CLARION.
Kentucky Ave. and Beach. Excellent and modern. Special $1.50 up daily. J. P. Gilbert.

THE EASTBOURNE—Pacific Avenue, Opposite Park Place. Open all year. Unobstructed ocean view. Steam heat. Mrs. E. P. Hagle.

WALDORF—New York ave., near Beach. Home like comforts. Steam heat, sun parlor. Special rates. H. E. Wright.

ACME—Kentucky ave. and Beach. Thoroughly modern. Every comfort. Special rates for spring days. MRS. C. W. STOCKDALE.

ATLANTIC CITY.

PHILLIPS HOUSE—So. Penn. ave. Enlarged with modern improvements. Terms reasonable. P. H. PHILLIPS.

BEAUMONT—Tennessee Ave. near Beach. Steam heat. Open all year. $7.50 up daily. Booklet freely. H. P. COLE.

COLWYN 21 So. Michigan Ave. Open all year. Steam heat, sun parlors, all comforts. Special winter rates. F. C. Watterson.

LAMONTE 23 So. Ohio Ave. Centrally located and modernly furnished. Steam heat. $1 daily; $6 weekly and up.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL
Atlantic City, N. J.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.

Hotel Chamberlin,
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.
The situation, as well as the appointments of this famous hostelry are peculiarly conducive to recreation and enjoyment at this season. Cuisine and service of unsurpassed excellence.
Hampton Roads: Rendezvous of the White Squadron.
Fortress Monroe: Largest military post in the country.
3 Shooting preserves of 10,000 acres for exclusive use of guests. Fine shooting; dogs and guides found. Opens the year around. Booklets at offices of Merchants & Miners' Tr. Co. and Burton House Journal. GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr. Fortress Monroe, Va.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

HOT SPRINGS, N. C.
MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL.
Hot Mineral and Plain Baths; superior rolls from Platform, cold Winter; grand scenery. Both houses modern in every detail; cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery, bowling, tennis. Opening June 15th of the year.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO
MID-WINTER TOURS
WASHINGTON and BALTIMORE
FEBRUARY 18
ONLY $9 ROUND TRIP
Tickets Good Ten Days

FLORIDA
February 9 via Southern Railway
March 8 via Atlantic Coast Line
ONLY $53 ROUND TRIP
Including all expenses as outlined in itinerary.
For itineraries giving full details call at ticket offices Baltimore and Ohio, Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, or B. & O. station, Fourth avenue and Water street, or at 335 Park building.
E. D. SMITH, Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.

Mardi Gras at New Orleans
—VIA—
ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.
A Personally Conducted "Mardi Gras"
Party will leave Cincinnati 6 P. M. Saturday, February 13th. Call or send for beautifully illustrated "Mardi-gras" pamphlet and our publication, "New Orleans for the Tourist."
Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars. Buffet Library Smoking Cars. Free Reclining Chair Cars and Dining Cars. Service "a la carte."
If you are contemplating a trip to the Mardi gras make your arrangements at once for securing our accommodations. Also FREE descriptive matter and full particulars upon application to
E. A. RICHTER, Trav. Passenger Agent, Illinois Central Railroad.
201 PARK BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA.

DAYTONA, FLA.
GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL
On the beautiful Halifax River, in Fla., now open for winter guests. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Under management Geo. L. Sprague.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Our Delightful Winter Cruis...
Offer an unparalleled opportunity ... leisure and pleasure-seeker; they ... ing to spend a month or more in the ... and climate of all who can afford ... escape the rigors of our severest months.

To Nassau
The West Indies
and Bermu...
By the "PRINZESSIN VI... LUISE." Most perfect Cruising ... afloat.
From New York March 8, 1904
From Nassau March 11, 1904.
From Havana March 14, 1904.
Itinerary: NASSAU, HAVANA, ... AGO DE CUBA (Cuba), PORT ... NIO, KINGSTON (Jamaica), PA... (Costa Rica), ST. THOMAS, ST. ... (Virgin Islands), BRIDGETOWN ... (Barbados), GRENADA, TRINIDAD, ... ST. PIERRE (Martinique), HOT... NEW YORK.

25 Days—$175 and up
On this trip steamer calls at ST. ... AND HAVANA first, where ... who are SOUTH can be visited. ... interesting islands in the West ... including a stay of 36 hours in ...

Bermuda
and to sail again in New York ... before Easter.
Bookings for Cruise leaving February ... now Complete.

Around the World
... cruise.
Sept. 15, 1904, from New York.
... cruise.
Jan. 24, 1905 from San Francisco.
By the PRINCESS IRENE or VICTORIA LUISE, occupying 4½ months. ... cost, including H. R. across U. ...

Send for illustrated pamphlets.

Hamburg-American L...
37 Broadway, New York.
J. J. MCCORMICK, Pittsburgh Agent, 336 Smithfield St. (Fifth ave. & Wood) ... and other Pittsburgh agents.

JAMAIC...
"The land of never-ending ..."
THE UNITED FRUIT CO.'S STEAMSHIP LINES
offer an interesting, comfortable voyage on the magnificent steamers ... sailing Wednesdays and Saturdays from ... Pier No. 2, North River, foot of Chambers ... New York.
For illustrated pamphlets, rates, etc., apply to any ticket agent, or to ... J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., ... Chambers St., New York.

Hamburg-Americ...
Weekly Twin Screw Service ... PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, ... Belgenland, Feb. 6, Kaiserin ... Pennsylvania, Feb. 13, Pretoria ...
"The only steamers with Turkish and Russian baths on

NEWS OF THE NEARBY TOWNS AND COUNTRY

GOT A DEATH WOUND TRYING TO SAVE WOMAN

Italian Shot by an Unbidden Guest at a Party Near Greensburg.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

GREENSBURG, PA., Jan. 31.—Fatally wounded in the abdomen Guiseppe Perl, employe of the H. S. Kerbaugh Company in the improvement work of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Bradenville, was brought to the Westmoreland Hospital. He is not expected to survive the night, his intestines being torn in seven places by a bullet alleged to have been fired by Pasquale Madon.

Officer C. A. Wynn and District Attorney J. E. B. Cunningham this afternoon made an unsuccessful attempt to get a statement from the dying man. He said that while a number of Italians were in a house near Bradenville yesterday afternoon, Madon came in an intoxicated condition. He drew a revolver and fired five shots into the ceiling.

Mrs. Mary Datsi remonstrated with Madon and that he turned the revolver on her and fired. Perl, in attempting to wrest the revolver from Madon, received the bullet intended for the woman. Madon was arrested by Constable George C. Flickinger and taken to Greensburg jail. Sheriff John H. Shoup brought the prisoner to the county jail tonight.

NEW LAW ESSENTIAL TO FIX REAL BLAME

Rev. Young Urges Holding Capitalists Where Negligence Causes Big Catastrophes.

The Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young used the Iroquois theater fire and the Harwick mine disaster as the main theme of his sermon at the Second Presbyterian church last night, and said in part:

"Not a hint of a good Providence shall we have in these horrible events? This, the preacher of less startling, but more widespread woes. The Harwick disaster will save lives in the long run, as the Johnstown flood has done nearly every dam the world over since these 14 years. Scarcely a public building in Europe or America has escaped inspection, consequent upon the Iroquois horror. Cholera at Hamburg, Germany, years ago, turning whole streets into graves, gave Hamburg from that day forth a high place in the front rank in the Father-land for sanitary regulations. Has not Butler suffered many a community from typhoid fever? Was not the Baltimore and Ohio railroad wreck the forerunner of precautions by thousands of thousand roods in loading lumber cars? Though it is that drowsy humanity must be aroused by terrific catastrophe. Our entire public sorely need framed everywhere the Divine command, 'When thou buildest a house, Then shalt thou make a battlement for thy roof, that thou bring not blood upon thine house. If any man fall from thence.'

"We should our railways kill three times as many passengers proportionately to the lives carried as do Germany's railroads? Why dollars seem to us more dear and lives more cheap? Is the man or the corporation that will save somebody rather than spend money in safeguarding life less murderous than the highwayman who kills somebody for money? Under our new vast corporation laws, with their responsibility for accidents is there not danger of such like locating the mirage of the fellow servant? We shall never have the thing satisfactorily settled until we have a law fastening the responsibility at both ends of the line—on the owners in the bottom and on the engineer at the top, and sending both, when culpable, to the penitentiary. Let the president and board of directors be held by your new statute as responsible for each accident implying criminal negligence unless such negligence is proven to belong elsewhere. Let them be the first arrested. Heads of corporations are more responsible for most of these disasters, and they are more than when the alternative shall be the settlement. A test of American justice will be furnished by the Iroquois proceedings and the Harwick investigations—the former of which by wealth and influence, the latter for the most part representing the claims of the moneyed class.

"I am not, O Western Pennsylvania, where there is so purely justice! Charity, such as we gospel, just now are showering upon the widows, may hide a multitude of sins; but it is not sufficient to cover so tremendous a shade of sinners as would constitute the city wherein justice slights some 200 families because they possess not the ability to push their case effectively.

JESUS AS CLEANSER.

Work of the Saviour Compared to Task of Hercules in Mythology.

In the East End Christian church Sunday morning the pastor, the Rev. William Russell, preached on the angel's announcement of the child Jesus to Joseph, taking for his text: "Thou shalt call His name Jesus; for He shall save His people from their sins." (Matt. 1:21.) He said in part:

"Jesus was the personal name of our Lord, the Greek equivalent of the old Hebrew name Joshua, which means Jehovah is salvation. The story of Hebrew history was the captain who led the Israelites into the Promised Land and gave the victory over all their enemies. And this name is a fitting one for the Son of Mary, named Jesus, "for it is he that shall save his people from their sins."

"Parables is often sung in poesy and pictured in art as the idea of human endurance and toil. In his wanderings, while performing his manifold labors, he came upon the king of Elis, whose Augean stables had for long years housed his cattle and beasts of burden, but had not been cleaned. The depth of the accumulations so vast it was deemed impossible to cleanse them. But Hercules hastily reviewed the situation and agreed to cleanse them in a single day. How was he to do it? By inventing some machine which would toss out the filth? No. He opened two neighboring rivers, whose waters flowed on either side of the stables. He cut a canal from the upper river, causing its waters to rush through the stables, carrying off all the filthy contents, turning it into the lower stream and thus washing it in the great deep beyond.

"Are not our hearts Augean stables of impure desires and indulgences and tendencies have been piling up through all our years and long before? Who shall cleanse us from all uncleanness? Ah! even Jesus, who came his people from their sins. He opens the fountain of ever-flowing water from above which course through our hearts and percolate through every part of our beings, cleansing, purifying, healing. O divine Hercules, Jesus our Saviour, to-day open up these fountains of thy love and purity and let them freely flow through our willing hearts.

The Three Rivers

CINNATI, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—River 7 feet and falling, making a fall of 6.8 in last 24 hours. A light snow is falling today. The river is about one-third full of ice. It was not very thick and also the movement of packets and other Queen City is to be taken off docks today and will leave Tuesday for Pittsburgh. All the towboats arriving today from Pittsburgh with coal are the Mariner, Fred Way and Thomas Rees. Capt. Crumpton of the transportation line of the Monongahela Navigation Company, is here sending the coal fleets south.

ISVILLE—Falling. In canal, 13.6 feet; locks, 10.4 feet; below locks, 36.5 feet. Clear and colder.

PELING, W. VA.—River, 9 feet 10 inches and falling. Threatening.

KERSBURG, W. VA.—River, 10 feet falling. Weather cloudy and warm. No

RTENVILLE—River, 9 feet 9 inches falling. Clear and cool. Up, Ironsides, at 3 p. m. Sam Brown at 3 p. m.

IPOLIS, O.—River, 16 feet and falling. Heavy ice running. Cloudy and warmer.

NT PLEASANT, W. VA.—River, 13 feet 6 inches and falling. Cloudy. No boats.

CITY—River, 4 feet 10 inches and falling. Clear and mild.

REEN—River, 3 feet 5 inches. Fair and

A stage of water at Davis Island dam at 8 o'clock last night was 7.7 feet and the river falling.

Fight Over Garbage Cremalory.

Meetings of both branches of McKeesport councils will be held tonight, when a full discussion is expected over the report of the conference committee appointed to locate a site for the city garbage cremalory. The old furnace was recently condemned by the United States Steel Corporation for $1. The site chosen in the Fifth ward has caused a fight.

CHOICE OF BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

A. G. MORRIS.

of Tyrone, for whom the county will vote for delegate to the Republican national convention.

RAILROAD OFFICIALS AT Y. M. C. A. ANNIVERSARY

Organization at Youngwood Receives Substantial Donation from the P. R. R.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

GREENSBURG, Jan. 31.—Prominent officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company assisted in making the thirteenth anniversary of the Everson and Youngwood Young Men's Christian association at Youngwood, this afternoon a notable affair. The exercises were held in the big roundhouse over a half of which has been boarded off and made into an amphitheater.

A special train from Pittsburgh contributed over 500 guests and every station along the Pittsburgh division and the southwest branch was well represented. The provision for visitors, however, proved insufficient and at least 500 persons were unable to take any part in the exercises. Henry S. McIntyre of Greensburg was the presiding officer and addresses were made by Robert Pitcairn of Pittsburgh, A. M. Schoyer, general superintendent Northwest system, Pennsylvania lines west; S. C. Long, superintendent Pittsburgh division, and E. B. Buckalew, secretary state executive committee of the Pennsylvania railroad Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Pitcairn said it would not be many years before the Youngwood association would have as a permanent home one of the most ornate structures in Western Pennsylvania. The Rev. Dr. E. J. Ritter of Greensburg and the Rev. United C. R. Dieffenbacher of Youngwood took part in the devotional exercises. Among the Pennsylvania railroad officials present were D. C. Stewart, trainmaster of the Pittsburgh division; Harry Taylor, superintendent Cresson and Clearfield division; R. T. Morrow, superintendent West Penn division, and A. G. Mitchell, superintendent Monongahela division.

The Everson association was organized in 1891. Mark L. Brown was the first president. With the establishment of the big boards at Youngwood Everson was practically abandoned and the work of the association was taken up at Youngwood. The membership is over 300 and plans are now being discussed for a building. The Pennsylvania Company contributed $2,500 to make today's anniversary a successful affair.

NEW CHURCH AT ROSCOE DEDICATED BY CATHOLICS

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The new Catholic church at Roscoe, this county, was dedicated today. The dedicatory exercises were in charge of the Rt. Rev. J. F. Regis Canevin, coadjutor bishop of the Pittsburgh diocese, who was assisted by a number of clergymen. The dedicatory sermon was preached at 10:30 this morning followed by high mass celebrated by the Rev. R. McDonald of Charleroi. Other clergymen present were the Rev. C. A. McDermott, McKeesport; the Rev. William Kittell, Pittsburgh; the Rev. P. J. McKenna, Coal Center. The pastor of the new congregation is the Rev. T. J. Glynn. The new church is one of the finest in this section, being a brick structure erected at a cost of $35,000.

McAfee a Traction President.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—At the annual meeting of the Youngstown Park & Falls Railway Company, held yesterday afternoon, Robert McAfee of Allegheny was elected president to succeed the late Samuel Greer of Pittsburgh. The officers and directors are: President, Robert McAfee; vice president, Harry M. Gehring; secretary, James W. Dahlinger; John R. Murphy, W. H. Park, A. H. Trimble and Albert Swan.

Elopers Arrested for Theft.

DUBOIS, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Anthony Dagostino and Mrs. Maria Carrenge of Rochester, N. Y., were arrested here today on warrants charging them with grand larceny. The woman, who is 40 years old, is alleged to have stolen $400 from her husband and eloped with Dagostino. Their trail was identified by the woman's husband and the proposition will be here tomorrow for their return to Rochester.

A Sequel to the Flood.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Trumbull county will be made the defendant in a suit for damages which will be brought by Mrs. Jacob Huffman, the widow of the man who was washed into Yankee run and drowned a week ago. The claim is that the commissioners of Trumbull county should have put guard rails along the road.

BNAI BRITH SESSION OPENS AT LANCASTER

Important Action Taken at Biennial Convention of Seventh District.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

LANCASTER, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The biennial convention of the seventh district (Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and West Virginia), of the Bnai Brith, opened a two days' session here this morning. O. H. Rosenbaum of Pittsburgh presided.

Official reports showed largely increased membership and the increased treasury balance of $85,500 is claimed to evidence the wisdom of changing from an endowment to a purely philanthropic organization. It is proposed to turn the district manual training school at Philadelphia over to the Philadelphia lodges for support, as that city alone benefits by it.

This afternoon a public memorial meeting was held at the temple for the deceased international president, Leon Levi of New York. This district favors Oscar Strauss of New York as successor to President Levi, which office will be filled at the grand lodge meeting in New Orleans, in 1905.

USED THE MONEY.

Boy Who Found Large Sum Disposed of Most of It Before Discovered.

IRWIN, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—George Hudson, 10 years old, picked up a bag in the street yesterday and on opening it he found $61 in silver and bills and a note for $500. The latter he tore up. He hid $25 and divided the remainder among companions. He reserved enough to purchase a cheap revolver, a dollar watch, a pair of shoes and a number of five-cent cigars.

The person who lost the money and note had about given up recovering them when young Hudson went to Burgess Rodgers and asked him if persons who lost money usually gave a reward. Being plied with questions, the boy confessed finding the money. He took the official to where he had hidden part of it and his companions returned the amounts given them. Of the $61, $42 50 has been recovered, but the torn note cannot be found.

STUDENTS' FIRE BRIGADE PREVENTED CONFLAGRATION

CALIFORNIA, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—A fire which threatened the destruction of the entire business portion of the borough destroyed the stock and fixtures of S. A. Winer, a clothier at an early hour this morning. Prompt work by the students of the State Normal school confined the fire to the one building. Mr. Winer carried insurance to the amount of $6,000 on his stock, which was totally destroyed.

BIG PLANT AT SHARON PUTS MORE MEN AT WORK

SHARON, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—More activity than usual will be manifest at the South Sharon works of the United States Steel Corporation this week. The wire and wire nail mills will work double turn, 10 of the 20 tin mills will be operated, while the blast furnace, open hearth department, blooming mill and rod mills will be running. The entire plant, with the exception of the skelp mill will be running.

Missionaries to Meet at Sharon.

SHARON, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The seventh annual mid-winter convention of the Christian and Missionary Alliance of this district will open Wednesday at the Maitland Memorial Methodist church of this city and will continue until the night of February 7. Among the speakers expected are Mrs. E. D. Hilside of Pittsburgh, Dr. W. J. Gillespie of Allegheny, the Rev. and Mrs. F. H. Fenst of Philadelphia, the Rev. W. F. Memlinger of Chicago and Prof. J. C. Kirk of Flushing, Ohio.

Fewer Applicents This Year.

SOMERSET, PA., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The time for filing applications for liquor licenses in Somerset county expired Saturday with 86 applications on file, eight less than last year. Judge Kooser has fixed February 24 for hearing arguments on applications. Two persons filed new applications for license at the Humbert house in Lower Turkeyfoot, and two for the Hotel Maine, Windber. Among the many new applicants are the Somerset Distilling Company and the Windber Brewing Company.

Fiend's Work Proved Uneffectual.

IRWIN, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The Westmoreland Coal Company has posted notices offering a reward of $250 for information that will lead to the apprehension of the men who cut the big steel haulage rope at the Larimer mine. The rope was cut with a chisel, only a few strands being left. They parted but luckily no one was injured. Operations were stopped for half a day and later it was learned that the rope had been tampered with in two other places.

New Castle Church Dedicated.

NEW CASTLE, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The Park Christian church, of the Seventh ward, was formally dedicated this evening in the presence of a large audience. Dr. T. E. Cramblet, a former Pittsburgh pastor, but now president of Bethany college, preached the dedicatory sermon. Frederick Bright, the state evangelist, assisted in the exercises. The Rev. Mr. Chisholm, a young preacher is pastor of the new church.

Maccabees to Hold Convention.

NEW CASTLE, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The grand officers of the great camp of Pennsylvania Knights of the Maccabees will hold a special district convention in this city, March 31. The great camp officers will be guests of New Castle tent, No. 280, which has a membership of 600. A public reception will be given the visiting officials.

SHERIFF'S SALE BLOCKED BY HOLDER OF MORTGAGE

Plant of Eleanor Iron and Steel at Irwin Not Disposed Of.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

IRWIN, Jan. 31.—When Sheriff Trescher started to sell the property of the Eleanor Iron and Steel Company, Saturday, he was confronted by two other interests than the Liberty national bank and the Butler Land and Improvement Company, under executions for $38,000 and $10,500 respectively. The Fidelity Title and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, served notice that the mill equipment must not be sold, as it held a mortgage on the plant to cover bonds of the Eleanor Company.

It was then decided not to offer anything except some scrap and other personal property, mostly office fixtures. Local constables were present to claim priority in the matter of making a sale on judgments for supplies purchased a year ago. Sheriff Trescher gave notice that he would protect the latter claims and proceeded to sell what property was left unattached.

It was purchased by the representative of the Liberty national bank for $615. This, it is stated, will leave the Butler judgment of $10,500 unsatisfied and the Eleanor Company in shape to resume business at will.

CAMPBELL'S.

The special attention of men is called to the fact that any winter overcoat in our stock is now selling at exactly half former prices—which means that you can get highest grade garments that sold from $7.50 to $25, at

$3.75 to $12.50.

Isn't this worth investigating?
THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
Fifth Avenue.

Fire Escapes

In Accordance with the Law. Manufactured and Erected by Taylor & Dean, Pittsburgh.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Welsbach

21,689,765 genuine Welsbach mantles sold last season—a substantial proof of public endorsement.
15, 20, 25, 30, 35 cents.
All Dealers.

The Welsbach Store 722 Penn Avenue.
This Shield is on the Burner
41

JUST PURE BEEF
LIEBIG COMPANY'S
Extract of Beef
Genuine with blue signature: Liebig

SCOTT
OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE
626 PENN AVE.

STIEFF
Direct branch of factory
PIANOS
$18 Penn Ave.
EASY TERMS.
LOW PRICES.

There are some rare opportunities this week in the
Bargain Annex
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings—Odd lots from all over the store—Remnant pieces of 10 to 20 yards.
Half Price
OLIVER McCLINTOCK CO.,
219 Fifth Avenue.

Millinery and Fur Sale
Continues all this week—Women of fashion and taste will find many hats and furs to be desired in our most choice display—
Millinery—
All trimmed hats—without one exception—are divided into four groups—
$1.50, $3.00, $5.00 and $8.00
Models that were formerly from $12 to $25—
Furs—
From the cheapest to the finest Russian Sable—
Elegant Persian and seal coats—are all
⅓ to ½ off.
Absolutely nothing reserved—
PAULSON BROS. CO.
515 Wood Street.
Women's department—2nd Floor—Take elevator—

PIMPLES

After Treatment Before Treatment
Sunlinox Marks, Blackheads, Freckles, Enlarged Pores and every eruption of the skin removed by my treatments. I have the medical weeklies as my references. Consultation and advice free and confidential. Every person receives my personal attention. Office hours, 9-6. Call or write. A. SPAN, Dermatologist, Room 28, McClintock Bldg., 516 Market St.

Men' Clothes
Cleaned, Pressed, Repaired.
Special facilities for rush orders. Work called for and delivered. Popular prices.
Dickson, The Tailor 420 Wood St.

Don't Scold.
Irritability is a nervous affection. Strengthen the nerves with Dr. Miles' Nervine. Sleep better, eat better, work better, feel better, and be better. Sold on guarantee. Book on nerves for postal. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SAVE TO SPEND
Mere saving is distasteful to most persons. Misers are the exception. Most persons save in the hope of some time spending. And, ordinarily, spending is contingent upon saving. Therefore, save, if you would spend. Save in the best way: Put your money in this bank at 4 per cent interest. Its safety is guaranteed by capital, surplus and profits of $3,950,000.
Real Estate Trust Co.
311 Fourth Ave.
There Is No Safer Place for Money.

Among the Books
The new books are—as usual—many and varied—some are splendid—and still others that are extremely light, but readable—
We have them all—enough to answer every mood—
Three that are worth special mention—that are cleverly written and beautifully illustrated—are—
"My Friend Prospero," Harry Harland, author of "The Cardinal's Snuff Box." $1.08.
"The Deliverance," A Virginia Romance of the Tobacco Fields. Ellen Glasgow, $1.08.
"Mrs. M'Leris," J. J. Bell, author of "Wee Macgreegor."
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 WOOD STREET.

HAND SAPOLIO
FOR TOILET AND BATH
Delicate enough for the softest skin, and yet efficacious in removing any stain. Keeps the skin in perfect condition. In the bath gives all the desirable after-effects of a Turkish bath. It should be on every washstand.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

TYPEWRITERS
Agents for the Manhattan Typewriter. Also dealers in all makes of second-hand Typewriters at reasonable prices. Monthly inspection of typewriters a specialty. Rent and repairs all makes of typewriters. F. S. Webster Co. carbon paper and star brand ribbons.
Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.,
F. S. WEBSTER CO., Prop'rs.,
433 DIAMOND ST.

Ayer's
Ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for colds, coughs, croup, asthma, bronchitis, consumption. He knows. Trust him.
50c., 50c., $1.00. Sold for 60 years.
Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
AYER'S HAIR VIGOR—For the hair.
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA—For the blood.
AYER'S PILLS—For constipation.
AYER'S AGUE CURE—For malaria and ague.
Cherry Pectoral

TELEPHONE YOUR "WANTS" TO "THE GAZETTE"
Bell 1630 Grant,
P. & A. 1014-1015 Main.
IT PAYS TO USE GAZETTE WANT ADS.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Agents.

AGENTS—Something new, and needed by every man and woman, our combination accident and sick benefit policies; issued by this company only, covering all accidents, diseases and occupations; costing $6 per annum each, payable quarterly; over $300,000 already paid in benefits. Agents wanted everywhere; large permanent commissions allowed. Address National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell the "Rush patent Curtain holder;" entirely new; sold on sight. Liberal commissions allowed to agents to sell either goods or territory. Address H. O. and C. V. Keefer, Pittsburg, Pa.

Male Help.

ANY intelligent person may earn $10 to $100 monthly in spare time corresponding for newspapers. No canvassing. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

ANY person to distribute our samples, $2.50 daily, steady. "Empire," 3520 Orland Road, Chicago.

BOILERMAKERS—Fifteen, open shop; good wages to first-class mechanics. The Walsh & Weir Boiler Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

CANVASSERS—Good men only, big money for right men. Call on curiosity seekers. Room 204, 209 Fourth ave.

DRIVERS—Experienced drivers for teams for freight depots and city deliveries. Apply 4 o'clock in the morning, Sixteenth st. and Liberty ave., Pittsburgh.

DRIVERS—Must have experience in freight and city delivery. Call Monday, 4 o'clock in morning, 440 West North ave., Allegheny.

GROCERY SALESMAN—Insurance solicitors, collection office to put your own town on Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, New York and New Jersey states, $20 weekly; references and security required. Address for information, D. J. Cotter, 120 Sixth st.

MEN—Young, to learn telegraphy by May 1 for railroad work. Apply at once to Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

SALESMEN—We want active and energetic salesmen to call on retail trade; a position to men of experience and reference. J. S. The Gazette.

SALESMAN—Wholesale butterine salesman; good experience and reference. J. S. The Gazette.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps—Able-bodied, unmarried men, between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; service extra at sea on men-of-war in the navies of the United States and insular possessions and at naval stations in the United States. Apply Recruiting Officer, rooms 414 city Postoffice building.

Female Help.

CHAMBERMAIDS—Two, at Home Hotel, Duquesne way.

WOMEN—Young, to learn telegraphy; good salaries. Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

Situations Male.

YOUNG man, 25 years of age, now employed, desires position as confidential stenographer or private secretary; has had 7 years' experience as stenographer and private secretary, capable of handling correspondence, shorthand, commercial branches, and will furnish A-1 unquestionable references. Compensation and prospects for advancement are only reasons for desiring change. Address G 1, The Gazette.

POSITION as advertisement writer. Address H 19, The Gazette.

Situations—Female.

SITUATION—As housekeeper in highly respectable family; well recommended. Address Q 95, The Gazette.

Students.

Educate For Position.
SECURE SPECIAL SCHOLARSHIPS NOW. They guarantee a useful, money-making education, including Modern Bookkeeping, Corporation Accounting, Banking, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Spelling, Grammar, Correspondence, Commercial Law and the necessary training and experience for honorable and profitable positions. Winter term just beginning. Now's the best season to enter. Day and night school all year for young and middle-aged men and women. A scholarship will give your son or daughter a start on the right road to educational and financial success. ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 330 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. Twenty-fourth year. W. J. CONNER, J. A. CONNER and C. C. WADE, PRINCIPALS. Miss F. CRAGHEAD and Miss C. E. KEANE, PRINCIPALS LADIES' DEPARTMENTS. Catalogue free. (Big Ten-Cent Store Building.)

Pupils.

SPANISH LESSONS AND TRANSLATIONS. BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, NIXON OFFICE BUILDING.

Real Estate.

WANTED—Boat house, consisting of storeroom and flat less than four rooms, in good neighborhood. Address A 100, Schilling Hdw. Co., E. E.

Houses.

HOUSES WANTED.
We can sell your house if price is reasonable. KEYSTONE REALTY COMPANY, Farmers Bank Building.

Business Opportunities.

WANTED—A small restaurant for cash; state location; no agents. Address P 3, The Gazette.

Roommate.

OAKLAND AVE., 320—Wanted, quiet lady roommate in pleasantly furnished front room.

Miscellaneous.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3021 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

A BACHELOR to occupy an ideal room in private family; $5. 6126 Penn ave., East End. Address Z 70, The Gazette.

ALBERT APARTMENTS, 4 corner Stevenson—Large furnished room; steam heat, hot water; gentlemen.

ATWOOD ST., 323—Furnished room, breakfast and dinner if desired.

BAKER ST., 260, Oakland—Large sight, well-furnished room; all conveniences.

CHERRY ALLEY, 720—Furnished rooms; centrally located; 50c; Liberty at.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

CLIFF ST., 1516—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; boarding near.

COR. SECOND AND FLOWERS AVES., Hazelwood—Two large comfortable furnished rooms, for refined gentlemen; home comforts; meals optional. Address Y 28, The Gazette.

DINWIDDIE ST., 109—Nicely furnished front room; every convenience; splendid location.

FEDERAL ST., 1205—Two furnished rooms; all conveniences; board if desired.

FIFTH AVE., 1025—Neatly furnished room, bath, both gases; gentlemen only.

FOR RENT—One large room, nicely located, second floor, 1127 Liberty ave.; available for barber shop or office purposes. Inquire 1140 Liberty ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT—South Highland ave., 286—Two furnished rooms.

FOURTH ST., 3611—One or two nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences.

FOURTH ST., 3624—Large neatly furnished front rooms, all conveniences; gentlemen only.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, single or en suite; convenient to all our lines. Forbes st.; 15 minutes' ride from city. Address H 3, The Gazette.

GROVE ST., 15—Two furnished rooms for colored men; $1.25 per week.

HASTINGS ST., 419—One large second-story front room, nicely furnished; private family; all conveniences.

JEANNETTE ST., 629, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished front room; all modern conveniences; references.

MAWHINNEY ST., 11—Third floor front room; rent $12.

MOULTRIE ST., 131—Two nicely furnished rooms; housekeeping if desired; all conveniences.

NINTH ST., 315—Nicely furnished rooms at reasonable rates. Male tenants preferred.

PARLORS suitable for physician or studio; desirable location; Forbes st.; 15 minutes' ride from city. Address G 5, The Gazette.

SENECA ST., No. 8—Second floor front room; private family; terms reasonable.

SOUTH AVE., 1024, WILKINSBURG—Two second and two third floor front rooms; all conveniences.

WALLACE AVE., 794—Three neatly furnished rooms, single or en suite; heard nearby.

East End.

A BIG LIST OF ROOMS—Don't waste your time hunting. WE CAN LOCATE YOU; city or country. THE INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, Room 305, 321 Fourth Ave.

ALDER ST., 5818—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

ALDER ST., 5824—Second-floor front, alcove and middle room.

ATWOOD ST., 432—Nicely furnished rooms, every convenience.

BEN VENUE ST., 4725—Finely furnished rooms; gentlemen only; heard near by.

BOQUET ST., 3435—Two furnished rooms; parlor and bedroom.

BRUSHTON AVE.—Nicely furnished room; private family; phone 802-Y. Address G 15, The Gazette.

COR. FIFTH AVE AND JUMONVILLE, 2007—Large neatly furnished front room; private family; call and investigate.

DITHRIDGE ST., 218, N.—Three neatly furnished rooms; every convenience; first-class board.

ELEGANT ROOM for gentlemen; private family, 6126 Penn ave., E. E. Address B 15, The Gazette.

EMERSON ST., 234—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; good boarding next door.

FIFTH AVE., 4708—Furnished rooms; reasonable; all conveniences; phone 236-R Park.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms, bath room and bath, new house, near three car lines. Apply or address 7403 Race st., Homewood.

FOR RENT—Large well furnished room, with board; Hebrew preferred. Mrs. Speyer, Forbes and S. Negley ave.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 1004—First floor, large neatly furnished front room; gentlemen only.

KELLY ST., 1306—Two connecting furnished rooms; private family; rent reasonable; boarding house opposite.

KELLY ST., 1308—Nicely furnished front rooms, private family; pleasant location.

MARIPOS ST., 4740—Four neatly furnished rooms; most desirable location; modern conveniences.

MILLVALE AVE., 808—Three nicely furnished rooms, every convenience; gentlemen. 'phone 408 Park.

NEVILLE ST., 50, corner Bayard—Desirable well furnished room; heat; board if desired; every convenience; good surroundings. Call 'phone 2409 Fallowfield.

NORTH CRAIG ST., 168—Nicely furnished room; best of table board, hot and cold water.

PACIFIC AVE., 434—Neatly furnished front room; suitable for one or two gentlemen.

RACE ST., 7314—Two neatly furnished rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen only.

SUMMERLEA ST., 739—Two furnished rooms, second floor; all conveniences.

SUMMERLEA ST., 625—Large furnished, three unfurnished rooms; near station and cars.

THREE unfurnished rooms for light house-keeping; all conveniences. 5901 Hippo st.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1311—Furnished front room; all conveniences; gentlemen; also two unfurnished rooms.

ANDERSON, 207, ALLEGHENY — Second story room, nicely furnished; all conveniences; with board if desired.

ARCH ST., 821—Two elegantly furnished rooms, all conveniences; gentlemen or couple.

ARCH ST., 917—Three furnished rooms, bath, gases, hot water, board if desired.

ARCH ST., 411—Two furnished rooms; bath, gases, hot water; gentlemen preferred.

BEECH AVE, 205—Two furnished rooms, with or without housekeeping; gases, bath.

BIDWELL ST., 1135—Large front room, third floor; all conveniences.

CEDAR AVE., 624—First floor, furnished front room, bath, both gases.

CEDAR AVE., 636—Two furnished rooms, bath, gases, hot water; for gentlemen.

DESIRABLE furnished double parlors; doctor's office; facing park. Address B 95, The Gazette.

E. STOCKTON AVE., 230—Furnished double parlors; also other rooms; board if desired.

FAIRVIEW ST., 1207—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences; pleasantly and conveniently located.

FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY, 1307—Furnished room, with board.

JACKSON ST., 318—Furnished front rooms, bath, gases; Spring Garden ave. car.

MONTEREY ST., 1211—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; near North ave.

NORTH AVE., W., 412—Two elegantly furnished rooms; one front; all conveniences; 'phone.

PALO ALTO ST., 1220—Desirable furnished room, with alcove; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

PALO ALTO ST., 1212—Nicely furnished rooms, best of board, every convenience.

PALO ALTA, 1220—Very desirable furnished room; all conveniences; near North ave.

PENNSYLVANIA AVE., 1125—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath, gases.

PENNSYLVANIA AVE., 809—Furnished room; bath gases; gentlemen preferred; $1.50 per week.

PENN ST., 28—Two neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences.

PERRYSVILLE AVE., 1749—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; gases; hot water.

RACE ST., 1116—Neatly furnished room; bath; both gases.

RIDGE AV., 926—Furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences; meal ticket, $3.75.

RINGE AVE., 805—Nicely furnished front room, park frontage; all conveniences.

SAMPSON ST., 118, cor. Arch—Furnished room for gentlemen; all conveniences.

SAMPSON ST., 106—Furnished front room; gases, bath; gentlemen or couple.

STOCKTON AVE., W., 18—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; rent by day or week.

STOCKTON AVE., WEST, 202—Nicely furnished rooms, newly renovated.

W. DIAMOND ST., 811—Two connecting housekeeping and small lodging rooms.

W. NORTH AVE., 926—Second-story front furnished rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

WASHINGTON AVE., 308—Two large connecting rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping; private family, gas and bath.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

DIVISION ST., 91, Bellevue—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, with gas.

PENN AVE., 624—Unfurnished rooms, suitable for doctors or dressmakers; rents reasonable.

East End.

CHISLETT ST., 519—Three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Phone 1245 East.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 1946—Three large furnished or unfurnished rooms; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

MAWHINNEY ST., 25—One or two furnished or unfurnished rooms; private family.

Allegheny.

FEDERAL ST., 502—Corner Robinson st., two connecting unfurnished rooms, bath, gases.

PERRYSVILLE AVE., 2309—Two unfurnished rooms and one alcove room; no children.

RACE ST., 1254—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms; bath, laundry; no children.

SEDGWICK ST., 1457—Two and three unfurnished rooms, Calico Row. Mellow

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

HUNTING—At $5 to $6 per week—Central location; women only. 56 Eighth st.

"GROVE CORNER CLUB"
(1840-42 Forbes ave.)
Two handsomely furnished rooms, suitable for 2 or 3 young men. Rates reasonable, with privileges. Best table board in Oakland.

MEALS IS WANTED—$3.50 week; Fischer's German kitchen. Call 1109 Penn ave.

THE HOWMOOT—Corner North and Ridge (Allegheny); pleasant home for business or traveling men; rooms 15c up; good table board; large lawn. P. & A. 1050 North.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5955, East End—Finely furnished room, second floor, with board; two gentlemen; reference exchanged.

CENTRAL AVE., 2035—First-class meals 25 cents; vicinity of East End.

LIBERTY AVE., 5018—Nicely furnished second-story front, with small connecting room; board if desired.

MILLVALE AVE., 240—Two nicely furnished rooms, with board; home; board if desired.

PENN AVE., 5902—Large, light furnished front room, suitable for gentlemen or couple.

RACE ST., 7308—Two nicely furnished rooms; every convenience; board if desired.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A BIG DEMAND FOR FURNISHED ROOMS. List with us. Many applicants waiting. Best references. Reasonable charges. THE INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, Room 305, 321 Fourth Ave.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

HOUSE—To let, $40; Bellevue; nearly new; brick house, 10 rooms, all improvements; 2 medium grounds. Apply to
HENRY W. ARMSTRONG,
218 Federal st., Allegheny.

East End Residences.

FOR RENT,
HOUSES DESIRABLY LOCATED, WITH ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.

Bogust st. (Oakland), brick and stone, 8 rooms, bath, 9 rooms.....$ 45
Lowell st., corner Winslow, new brick; reception hall; 9 rooms.....
Lloyd st., near Sterritt school, new brick; reception hall; 10 rooms.....
Dallas ave. (between Penn ave. and Forbes st.), brick; reception hall; 10 rooms.....
Linden ave. (between Penn ave. and boulevard), brick; hall, 9 rooms.....
North Negley ave. (near Black st.) brick; reception hall; 9 rooms.....
Wilkinsburg ave., frame; center hall, 12 rooms.....
Highland ave. (corner house) near Fifth ave., stone and shingle; reception hall;

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

R SALE—New colonial dwelling, 4806 South antic ave.; very desirable. Inquire W. A. e, 432 Diamond st. Bell 'phone.

Allegheny Residences.

TEN PER CENT INVESTMENT.
or Sale—In Fayette st., Allegheny, 2-story ck dwelling of 12 rooms; good condition; 69x154 feet to street; will sell for $20,000; r terms; have plans by which building can remodeled for $5,000 or $6,000 into first-ss apartments, so as to rent for $230 a nth. This would mean a 9 or 10 per cent estment. Price named is about one-half ginal cost, and is due to owner's leaving

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

TO LET
or
FOR SALE
CHEAP

Lincoln ave., Allegheny, residence, cheap. Good house, 12 rooms. Stable on alley in rear. See

COMMONWEALTH
REAL ESTATE AND
TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

Real Estate—Special.

AST M'KEESPORT, PA.—Let me sell your and improved properties; renting and collecting looked after carefully; handling best operties; money promptly forwarded. Office Chicora and Fifth ave., East McKeesport. S. W. McCORKLE.

INDEPENDENT—Buy a farm; we have a ge list. 503 Hamilton bldg.

Farms.

AWAY FROM THE DUST AND SMOKE.
60 acres of the choicest of land, Crawford , Pa., with a pressed brick house, large rn, fine orchard of all kinds of fruit. You n raise 100 bushels of clover, timothy, heat, oats, corn, potatoes and everything at grows. A rich soil in high state of cultiion; street car at your door; R. F. D., urch and school in sight; 1 mile to 2 railads; price $6,000; will exchange for a resice in Pittsburgh or suburbs.

24 acres near Conneautville, Pa.; fine house d barn, good fruits of all kinds; a fine little covering about 3 acres fed by springs rnishing the purest of water for stock and rm purposes; 20 acres timber; choice soil, high state of cultivation; bargain at $5,000.

40 acres near Sharon, Pa.; 6-room brick use, bank barn, 30x65; all in best of condi; fruits of all kinds; elegant location; coal this vicinity. Price $7,000.

4 acres, good improvements.....$3,500
0 acres, good improvements.....$1,500
5 acres, good improvements.....$1,000
0 acres, good improvements.....$1,600
end for list.

VET L. BROWN,
oom 208, 331 Fourth ave.

ARM of 124 acres located one mile from broad; 6-room brick house, another building, cellar under all; good spring house smoke house, new bank barn, 40x60; two en houses, 22x155 each, heated with hot er; free gas, convenient to coal, bank operation; plenty of all kinds of fruit; 3 es in strawberries, 1¼ acres in grapes, 1 s in winter onions, about ½ of farm in timber. Price $7,500.

Farm of 90 acres underlaid with coal, located West Deer township, one mile from railad, 6-room brick house, bank barn, 40x good soil, easily cultivated, plenty of ber, apple and peach trees. Price $7,200. ARVIN BROS., Tarentum, Pa.

R SALE—Beautiful level farms of all sizes; ny on easy terms and near towns; send for list that gives full description, price and ms. S. W. Wilson, Niles, O.

FARMS.

nd for our new January list of farms. A. C. McCOMB & CO., 256 Fourth ave.

EAGLE OHIO FARMS.

end stamp for 1904 illustrated list. NEILL & BLAKESLEE, CAMEMONT, PA.

Business Opportunities.

SINESS of all kinds bought and sold; part- s secured for established business, etc., all ansactions strictly confidential. KIRK & VOGEL, 1169 Arrott Building.

FOR SALE.

sehold and fixtures of a licensed hotel; d paying stand. Purchaser can apply for license. Inquire H. Friedman, Attor- 400 Grant st., Pittsburgh.

SINESS CHANGES—Before buying, call or e us.
ESTEP & CO., 326 Fourth ave.

DE STORE—Doing good business, well ted, rent low; will sell at invoice. In- ire of Marvin Bros., Tarentum, Pa.

U WANT to buy or sell any kind of busi- see CAVANAGH CO., 481 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

FLOODS—HIGH WATER—FLOODS.
o you wish to protect your basement or er property by putting in a pump for a days?

WE RENT THEM.
Can deliver the following immediately:
STEAM PUMPS.
8x13¾x32" Cameron single cylinder, 12" harge.
5x16x16" Blake single cylinder, 8" discharge.
5x6½x12" Deane single cylinder, 3" discharge.
4x8x10" Hughes duplex, 5" discharge.
2½x4½x10" Worthington duplex, 3" discharge.
4x6" Snow duplex, 2" discharge.
9x3x9" Hall duplex, 1½" discharge.
BELT DRIVEN.
x" Deane triplex, 2½" discharge.
½x8" Deane triplex, 1¼" discharge.
lso vertical and firebox boilers.
WICKES BROTHERS.
'phones. 45th St. & A. V. R. R.

MACHINERY.

COMPRESSORS for all duties.
K DRILLS.
PUMPS.
AM PUMPS, single and duplex.
ER PUMPS.
P WELL PUMPS.
In stock and built to order.

HALL STEAM PUMP COMPANY,
215 Grant ave., Allegheny, Pa.
Near Union Bridge.
ll 'Phone 554 North.
& A. 'Phone 155 North.

GAS AND STEAM ENGINES

Gas and gasoline engines in any sizes from two-horse power up, and for any purpose that power can be used. Boilers, team pumps, power pumps, dynamos, hafting, hangers, pulleys, etc., gasoline nd steam fitting, sitting engines.
TRANTER MFG. CO.,
105 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, to 325 H. P., stationary and portable ght boilers and engines; large assortment in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers. large lot of miscellaneous machinery; sec- hand belting, leather and rubber; large k of all sizes at low prices; machinery of kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

HOISTING ENGINES, DERRICKS.
x10, double drum, with boiler.
x10, double drum, with boiler.
x10, single drum, with boiler.
rrick timber and derricks.
TRACTORS SUPPLY CO., PARK BLDG.

New——GAS ENGINES——Second-hand.
20 THE FAIRBANKS CO.—236 3d ave.
1—2 h. p. 1—4 h. p., second hand.
Horizontal and Vertical.

E ENGINES. Woodworking Machinery.
GGS MACHINERY CO., 4th and Liberty

Pianos.

BARGAIN PIANO.

right, beautiful mahogany case, large perfect condition, fully warranted; cost $350; used four months—now, only $135. HOFFMANN'S, 537 Smithfield st.

BARGAIN PIANO.

Marshall & Wendall Upright, in good condi- n, sweet tone and fine action; pretty ebon- d case; only $100.00.
HOFFMANN'S, 537 Smithfield st.

Oil Production.

WITTISH, 424 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, offers for sale several good, settled pro- tions; for particulars, call.

Typewriters.

HAVE several late model Remington and Premier typewriters which we will sell ap. Call or write.
UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO.,
241 Fifth ave.

Miscellaneous.

LOT of new and second-hand mandolins, ins, banjos, guitars; must be sold at a rifice. 3511 Forbes st., Oakland.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

WEENEY Interstate Detective Agency, 627 ond st., Pittsburgh, Pa., transacts a gen- detective business; all communications ted strictly confidential.

DANCING academies.

EB P. BROOKS' Dancing Academy, 1010 e ave. Beginners' classes Mondays and ays. Advanced class, Thursday evenings.

PATENTS.

, EWERT & Co., Patent Attorneys, 305 field st., opposite postoffice.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

Real Estate Trust Co.
311 FOURTH AVE.
Partial Rent List.

EAST END APARTMENTS.

Elberon Apartments, corner Winebiddle and Friendship aves., 3 and 4-room flats, with bath, range, hot and cold water, etc.; possession February 1. $27.50 to $37.50. (r571

Homer Apartments, 5542-5546 Homer st., near Negley and Stanton aves., beautiful 3 and 4-room apartments in Highland park district, every imaginable convenience. (r529 to r512

Lennox Apartments, 223, 227, 231 Mathilda st., near Penn ave.; highest class apartments of 3 and 4 rooms each, with bath and every modern comfort.

Get complete rent list mailed to you every week by sending in name and address.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

EAST END DWELLINGS.

$15—4 rooms on first floor, modern conveniences. Enfield st., near Marlborough ave. (r522

$16.50—2-story brick, 4 rooms. 349 Gross st., near Cypress st. (r483

$16.50—2-story frame, 6 rooms. 221 Whittier st. (r485

$18—2-story and attic brick, 7 rooms, modern conveniences. 11 Baxter Place, near Penn and Frankstown aves. (r679

$18—6 room brick, bath, 8 Allison ave., near Wood st., Brushton. Possession April 1st. (r572

$22—2-story 8-room frame, 3225 Juliet st. (r446

$35—New 2-story and mansard brick, 8 rooms, bath, electric light, furnace, laundry; very complete and modern. 7411 Race st. (r416

$40—2-story 8-room brick, modern, 7214 Hereditage st. (r547

$40—2-story and mansard, 8 rooms, 7142 Monticello st., near Homewood ave. (r553

$55—2-story brick, 10 rooms, reception hall, hardwood floors, both gases, furnace, stationary tubs. 5036 Wilkins ave., near Wightman st. (r574

$60—2-story and attic brick, 10 rooms, all conveniences, 1106 N. Euclid ave. Possession April 1st. (r572

$65—2-story brick, 8 rooms, 5429 Kentucky ave. (r562

$65—2-story and attic brick, 10 rooms, 256 Bellefield ave., near Center ave. (r507

$87—2-story brick, 9 rooms, 403 Evaline st. (r600

$90—2-story colonial brick, 12 rooms, center hall, 2 baths, all modern comforts. 103 Dallas ave. (r617

$100—3-story brick, 11 rooms, reception hall, bath, electric light, both gases, furnace, front and rear porches, lot 65x150. 903 Wendell ave., near Friendship ave. (r281

$100—Handsome brick house, every modern comfort, 17 rooms; 410 East End ave., Wilkinsburg. (r739

$100—3-story and mansard brick, 14 rooms; possession at once. 3456 Boquet st., near Dithridge. (r602

$125 per month—3-story brick, 14 rooms, reception hall, every convenience; lot 75x200. Nice lawn. 225 W. Craig st., near Center ave. (r353

$125—2-story, 12-room frame; modern comforts; 91st ave. and Beechwood boulevard; fine location. (r677

$1,500 per year—3-story brick, 12 rooms, center hall, 2 baths, electric light, instantaneous water heater, furnace, stationary tubs. Will lease finished if desired. 905 Roup st., near Friendship ave. (r615

$2,000 per year—Large 3-story shingle and brick residence, 17 rooms, reception hall, 2 baths, electric light; entirely modern. Lot 114x157, Center ave., corner Neville st.

$2,500 per year—2-story 15-room brick 3 baths, lot 60x150, stable. Will lease completely furnished for $3,000. 4259 Fifth ave. (r428

NORTH HIGHLAND RESIDENCES.
FOR RENT—At 1023 N. Highland ave., near Hampton st., in most desirable residence district, 2-story and attic brick residence, 12 rooms, every conceivable large stable. Possession at once, $75 per month.

Get complete rent list mailed to you every week by sending in name and address.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

PITTSBURGH DWELLINGS.

$15—3 rooms on first floor, use of bath, 7 Anderson st., near Thirty-third st. (r470

$17—2-story and mansard frame, 8 rooms, 3353 Ridge st. (r413

$18—4 rooms and bath on second floor; 3208 Juliet st., near Frazier st. (Oakland). (p505

$20—2-story 6 room frame, bath, 14 Coleman st., near Greenfield ave. (r524

$20—Flat of 5 rooms and bath, on third floor, 625 Duff st., near Webster ave. (r353

$22—2-story and attic brick, 8 rooms, 291 Elizabeth st. (r367

$28—Two new 2-story 6 room brick dwellings, 911-913 Anderson st., near Camp st.

$30—7 room brick dwelling, bath, 618 Perry st., near Wylie ave. Possession February 1. (r479

McKEES ROCKS DWELLINGS.

$20—2-story frame; 5 rooms, 247 Grove st., McKees Rocks. Possession at once. (r622

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

DWELLINGS OR OFFICES.

9 rooms on second, third and fourth floors, 642 Smithfield st., suitable for offices or dwellings. $90. (r563

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

ALLEGHENY DWELLINGS.

$15—2-story brick, 5 rooms. Possession at once. 65 Melrose ave., near Taggart st. (r597

$17—3 rooms and bath on second floor, 1430 Hudson st., near Chartiers st. (r556

$25—Nice flat of 6 rooms and bath, second floor, both gases, all conveniences. Possession at once. 152 Taggart st., Allegheny.

$65—3-story brick, 12 rooms, vestibule, bath, furnace, modern comforts. 834 E. North ave., near Cedar ave. (r618

$1,500 per year—4-story brick, 18 rooms and storeroom; good location for hotel or rooming house; 805 Sandusky st., near Lacock st. (r534

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

SUBURBAN DWELLINGS.

Avalon, Pa., California ave., near Florence ave., 4 room flats, with all modern conveniences; $30 on second floor, $27.50 on third floor. (r477

Wilkinsburg, Pa., 472½ Ella st., 2-story brick, 6 rooms, vestibule, bath, range, cabinet mantels, stationary tubs. $25. (r408

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.

STORE AND DWELLING ROOMS.
$4,500—At 439 Sixth ave., near Grant st., 5-story brick building; store and 14 dwelling rooms.

$3,000 per year—3-story brick business house, 18x80 ft.; 340 Smithfield st. (r576

$50—Store room and basement, 18x100. 3906 Fifth ave. (r686

$100—Large business room, second floor, 214 Sixth st., present use, dancing school.

$3,500 per year—Long lease, building for light manufacturing or storage; 12,800 sq. ft. Liberty ave. and Thirty-second st. (r322

LARGE, CONVENIENT
STOREROOM AT
706 PENN AVENUE.
FREE STEAM HEAT
and ELECTRIC LIGHT.
RENT MODERATE.
EXCELLENT LOCATION.

BUSINESS PLACES.

$35—Two connecting offices; heat and light (Penn ave., side); 6222 Penn ave. (r615

$1,000 per year—Store room 18x90, heat and light furnished. 3615 Forbes st., near Atwood st. (r540

$2,200 per year—Store room 18x40 ft.; 2 rooms second floor front $1,200; 2 rooms second floor rear, $800. 426 Penn ave. (r538

$3,000 per year—Room 20x30 ft., second floor, corner 9x12½ ave. and Wood st. (over A. & O. Ticket Office.) (r542

$3,600 per year—Two front second floor rooms, 1,200 sq. ft.; $3,000 per year for third floor, about 3,000 sq. ft; $5,000 fourth floor, about 3,000 sq. ft. Heat furnished. Hamilton Hall, corner Wood st. and Virgin av. (r583

PARLORS SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIAN.
For $25 per month at 5012 Penn ave., near Wineblddle ave., double parlors adapted to business of physician. (r550

$300 per year—For nice light office with heat, light and janitor service, at 1111-1113 Penn ave., near Eleventh st. (r712

BEST ANNEX STORES IN CITY.
For Rent—Three storerooms in new Nixon theater building, Sixth ave.; handsomest stores in Greater Pittsburgh; rental $1,850, $4,000 and $5,000 per year; possession at once. (r241

DOWN TOWN STORE FOR RENT.
At Seventh ave. and Smithfield st., large store room and basement; steam heat free. Rent $3,500 for first year, $4,000 for second year and third year. Possession April 1st. (r583

STORAGE OR BUSINESS ROOM.
For Rent—2,300 sq. ft. floor space, Penn ave, near Joseph Horne Co. (rear of University club building). Rent only $800 per annum.

MANUFACTURING BUILDING.
For Rent—At 1507-9 Liberty ave., near Fifteenth st., 2 story brick building, 48x15 feet; good cellar; about 2,000 sq. ft. floor space. Can be used for manufacturing purposes; $750 per year. Possession at once.

MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE BLDG.
For Rent—At 1511-15 Liberty ave., near Fifteenth st., 2-story brick building, 50x200, with good cellar. Contains about 5,850 sq. ft. floor space. Can be used for manufacturing or storage. $1,500 per year. Possession at once.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.
311 Fourth ave.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED FOR LETTERS remaining in the Pittsburgh postoffice, February 1, above date:

LADIES' LIST.

A—Kate Abrams, Mrs. Ana Abt, Lizzie M. Adams, Matilda Allison, Mamie Allen, Guiseppina Angolut, Mrs. Bessie Armstrong, Mary Atkin, Mrs. Fred Aumiller, Bessie Austin.

B—Dora Bachr, Grace Barber, Ruth Bascomb, Miss E. Bast, Pearl Bell, Mrs. Theresa Bell, Jessie Benner, Mrs. John Berkley, Bessie Bergin, Mrs. Lillian Besore, Agnes Bickman, Mrs. S. Bigham, Bridget Boland, Mrs. A. Bondon, Alice I. Boothe, Margy Borell, Mrs. Maggie Margrit Boyle, Mrs. Anna Brady, Mrs. Henrietta Brogwell, Mrs. H. Brooks, Mrs. Jennie Brooks, Mrs. Hilliann Brothen, Mrs. Clara Burns, Margrot Butler, Mrs. Theresa Bell, Mary, Teresa Bury, Mrs. William Burrell, Lee verba Byers.

C—Mary Cain, Mario Gerardo Cappelann, Mrs. Jas. Carr, Etta Carlisle, Mary Ann Carey, Edith M. Cassell, Kattie Cavip, Mrs. Katie Chapps, Mrs. S. C. Clark, Bay Clifton, Ethel Clifton, Mary Clifford, Miss T. C. Cliffford, Mrs. Sophia Ella Coffin, Mrs. Edward Cones, Mrs. Emma Cahill, Mrs. Maitland Coit, Bridget Coil, Mrs. Lizzie Conelly (2), Amanda Conner, Mrs. Consonni, Mrs. Anna Connolly (Por), Mrs. N. A. Conboy, Annie Cooper, Mrs. Emma Cooper, Cornelia Cornell, Orpha Coy, Mrs. Rachel Crampton, Frankie Craner, Bertha Cress, Carrie Crippen, Louise Crist, Mrs. Susie Crowell, Mrs. ——, Culbertson, Minnie Culberson, Mary Cuningham.

D—Clara Daily, Felice Dramato, Miss E. S. Davis (For.), Mrs. Annie Davis, Mrs. W. S. Davison, Mrs. A. V. Davis, Mattie Davis, Mrs. Maggie Dearing, Mrs. Frank A. Dean, Miss G. A. Dennison, Laura De Vore, Diggs (3), Corn Diggs, Mrs. James Dolan, May Dolphin, Ella Driscoll, Mrs. W. J. Duffy, Belle Dunphy.

E—Agnes Gertrude Eckard, Julia Edley, Lizzie Ennis, Grace Eby.

F—F. Anna Fasshauer, Bessie Ferns, Mrs. H. C. Fillsburn, Mrs. Della Flaherty, Anna Flanigan, Mrs. Dora Florentz, Mrs. Mary M. Floyde, Emma A. Fowler, Mrs. A. H. Fox, Mrs. Bertha France.

G—Mrs. E. Gayter, Lizzie Girner, Mrs. Etta Gilmore, Mrs. Bessie Glenn, Mrs. Helen Gleard, Mrs. M. Glskl, Mrs. H. Golden, Mrs. Leman Goldman, Mrs. E. Grant, Lillian Grabis, Emma L. Green, Miss A. Grimstad, Drud Greenfield, Mrs. Maggie Green.

H—Mary Hagan, Verne Haile, Letta Hall, Mrs. Blanch Hall, Mrs. Mary E. Hammer, Mrs. James Harvey, Mrs. W. A. Harper, Mrs. F. C. Hartley, Helen Hartford, Hassie Joell Harley, Jennie T. Hartely, Mrs. May Harris, Mrs. P. T. Hartley, Mrs. Susie Harper, Lizzie Hawk, Mrs. Sarah Hayden, Francis Heasley, Dorothea E. Heckerman, Mrs. Hoffower Herrmann, Mary Hickey, Ada M. Hilando, Elizabeth Hindman, Mrs. E. G. Hildreth, Mrs. G. W. Hildyards (spec. del.), Mrs. John E. Hill, Mrs. Sarah Hill, Elanch Hill, Esther Hill, Elizabeth J. Hiltst, Mrs. Myrtle Hiltz, Hinds Hirschrot, Hattie Hollingsworth, Mrs. J. Edward Holmes, Mrs. A. M. Hoover, Maude Hovelter, Mrs. Anna Howell, Mrs. Julia M. Howden, Stella Humphreys.

J—Mrs. Annie Jackson, Katis Jackson, Mrs. Mary Jackson, Maggie Jenkins, Gertrude Jennings, Mrs. Lillie Jennings, Sarah L. Johnson, Mrs. Mary Jones, Mrs. Marey Jones, Pauline Jones, Jassie Jones, Mrs. Sarah A. Jones.

K—Susan Kane, Emma Keifer, Lizzie Kelly, Mrs. B. Seth Kelly, Irene Kelly, Mrs. Ella Kelloyer, Francis S. Kendrick, Mrs. A. J. Kerr, Mrs. Charles Kessler, Mrs. Jas. Kinner, Mrs. M. A. King, Winifred King, Edith Kittmiller, Edna Kline, Lucy Knox, Mrs. Alice Kopp, Margaret Kuhns, Vera Kyme.

L—Mrs. Emma Lange (2), Mrs. E. E. Lasher, Irene Layton (2), Mrs. Jennie Lemmon, Mrs. Christina Lawson, Mrs. B. Lewis, Effie H. Lewis, Mrs. Rosa Lewis, Mrs. M. Limerick, Mrs. Kate Little, Nellie F. Lowery, Miss F. M. Lutton.

M—Alice Mahens, Rose S. Marks, Mrs. Jane Marck, Dodie Marsh, Mrs. Ella Markowitz, Mrs. James C. Martin, Mrs. Jannett F. Martin, Mrs. Jessie Marshall (2), Eda Marshall, Mrs. F. L. Maxler, Mrs. Nannie McCarthy, Mrs. Mechtley, Bess M. Miller, Mrs. Elsa Moffitt, Mary Moody, Mrs. F. T. Moorhead, Mrs. Sue Moore, Mrs. Venia Moore, Mrs. M. Morgan, Mrs. E. Murphy (2), Murry, Pinky Myers, Margaret McCain, Mrs. John E. McCoy, Ruth McCarthy, Agnus J. McCoy, Martha L. McCabe, Mrs. A. McClurg, Mrs. J. E. McClure, Mrs. Mary B. McDowell, Mrs. Mary Elveen, Mrs. Lizzie McHenry, Ada McNamara, Mary McSwiggen, Mrs. Jas. McThigh, Mrs. Frank McVeagh.

N—Mrs. Jas. Nee, Mrs. Caroline Bailey Newman, Miss C. C. Newington, Mrs. S. M. Nicholson, Della Nilan, Mrs. Julia Nesion, Alma Nolan, Mary E. Noolleop, Mrs. Margret Norris.

O—Mary O'Brien (2), Irene O'Donnell, Marie Oeffner, Susie Organ, Sarah D. Owens.

P—Mrs. Sarah Parish, Mrs. Laura Parker, Susie Patton, Tillie Pattison, Mrs. Simon Pearson, Mrs. Pescock, Narcisse Pittet, Emma Pitt, Lib Poalsino, Mrs. Nora Pondexter, Mrs. Maitland Porter, Mrs. Arthur A. Porter, Mary Pestelwaits, Mrs. Elizabeth Poulson, Mrs. Ellen Powell, Elizabeth Price, Mrs. W. Ross Proctor, Sadie Purvis, Mrs. Pusanni.

Q—Mrs. Mary Quinn.

R—Bella N. Ramsay, Beulah Ransick, Mrs. George E. Randall, May Rankin, Mrs. Will Rath, Mrs. Mollie Redmond, Mrs. Mary A. Reid, Mrs. Mary Reynolds, Mary Reynolds, Mrs. Emma Rhoades, Mrs. B. Richardson, Mrs. J. Rickner, Agnes Riley, Nellie Rilley, Lucy B. Roach, Mrs. Anna Robson, Kate Rogers, Kate Rozalez, Maymie Rowe, Mrs. Laura Ruhe, Mrs. Sarah Ruber, Mrs. Rupell, Sindy Russell, Miss M. N. Ruthers, Harriett Rutter.

S—Mrs. Allda Sanntero, Iva Sanders, Mrs. Peters Saunders, Mrs. Sarah Ann Schaffer, Mrs. Schmitt, Mrs. Bridget Schwain, Mrs. Schwartz, Cecelia Schnacy, Mrs. William Schrading, Mrs. Tillie Scheidler, Mrs. Ora Scott, Ida Scott, Mrs. Gilbert, Mrs. Seidel, Mrs. Alice Seeley, Hagel M. Shannon, Nellie Shaw, Mrs. B. B. Sherlock, Mrs. Kittie Shepper, Mrs. Frances Sherrer, Mrs. L. M. Shields Bethela Shoup, Mrs. Alice Smiley, Merl Skarpan, Theresa Smellenger, C. W. Smith, Mrs. Katherine Smith, Mrs. T. K. Smith (2) Mrs. Harriett Smith, Estelle M. Smith, Mrs. May Smith, Mrs. Margaret Smith, Mrs. Harry Snyder, Mary Sparks, Mrs. P. Findley, Flok. Harmon Parker, Geo. E. Spencer, Anderson Fisk, Fitzgerald, Peter Flous, Frank Founn, Harry Fowler, Antonia Franch, James Ford, Geo. Fresher, Fred Freedom, H. J. Freman, S. Y. Frost, Mrs. Fryer, W. Frederick, Chas. Friant, J. C. Tumelty.

G—I. Gancllo, D. E. Gaither, C. P. Galant, Jas. Gallagher, Jos. H. Gardner, C. M. Garner, Frank Gates, D. Eisenhart, G. Gello, Jno. D. George, Fred Geavins, Robt. Gibbs, John M. Gibson, Jas. I. Gill, Frank Goff, B. Goldberg, Jas. L. Goldsmith, Jno. Goridie, C. O. Gougher, J. W. Gould, Geo. Grant, W. H. Greenwood, Jacob V. Greer, L. C. Grogan, J. Grosman, Miner Grossman, Dr. W. Guggman, Alex Guerjero, R. Grubbs, Mr. Guardhouse, Aug. Guerjero.

H—H. Headen, Wm. Hastie, Mr. and Mrs. Terry Halverson, Harry Hall, W. H. Hall, Chas. Hammond, J. H. Hammond, Jos. Hartman, Jr., V. J. Hayes, Jas. A. Harrington, J. C. Hauger, Mrs. Hadunzski, C. D. Healey (2), W. P. Heminger, Harry Ham, Henry Herr, L. Hornbowling, Jerome E. Hill, Wm. Hilliard, Dr. J. W. Hodgens, Dr. J. W. Hodgens, Benj. Hoffman, Mrs. A. Holden, F. C. Hollingsworth, C. A. Hollenberg, Clement Holmes, Peter Holsener, F. B. Hoover, Joseph Hopson (D. L.), J. C. Horner, J. G. Horne, Paul Horn, Mr. Horsel, F. G. Houston, Jas. E. Howard, Henry R. Hoyt, R. Howard, Jr., John Hugens, M. Hunsinger, W. Hurd.

I—C. D. Irwin, John Irwin, B. Ivart.

J—S. Jackson, John S. Jackson, Hiram Jacobs, Mrs. Jamison, A. C. Andrew James (For.), Wm. A. Jamison, Pollock Jarrell, Kenneth Jeffrey, B. Jenkins, Oscar, M. Jennings, J. K. Jenkson, Charles Johnson, Geo. Johnson (9), Fred Johnson, G. B. Johnson, H. C. Jones, David M. Jones, W. J. Jones, W. A. Jones, Willard Jordan, I. Joseph, Capt. P. Jordan, W. H. Joss, John V. Joyce, Saml. Jordan.

K—C. P. Kertman, Wm. J. Kauf, Alexander Kay, Chas. Kelly, Kennedy, Kennedy, Jr., Wm. Kennedy, F. F. Kennedy, Henry Kimberly, Mary Kinbaker, Ez. Kingsley, David H. King, Dr. J. K. King, John Klein, W. M. Knox, Dr. Kohlfeld, Harry J. Kobet, Pava Kovacsh, Edw. Koplitz, Mrs. R. Kramer, Jacob Kraus, A. Krentz, Frank C. Kunke (D. L.), David Kurz, Jopan Kuesere, D. J. Kelly.

L—C. G. Lam, Guillermo E. Lancashire, Jack Langan, Pezini Lazio, P. E. Langhini, Dr. S. R. Larned, J. B. Leslie, M. T. Leech, M. O. Leighter, Curtis Lescellet, L. M. Lesley, Salvatore Lesso, Geo. Lewis, Mr. Lewis, W. J. Lewis, Charley Lewis, Mrs. Mary Lewis, Jno. S. Little, Wm. Lockwood, J. N. Logan, Waldy Lony, Michele Lobinto, Al Long, Elmer Lord, Pelegh Lukacs, F. Lodison, Geo. Lyon, Mrs. Lyons, Dr. Lalango, Thos. H. Lyons (For.) W. Grant Lyth.

M—J. J. Magarvey (2 letters), T. L. Magee, Jas. Magee, Arthur Mander, Saml. Marcuson, Berlo Dooley, Rudolph Marotte, Albn. Marklin, Vaso Marinizvic (2), Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Mary M. Marshall, John W. Martin, Wm. B. Martin, Jos. Matz (2), J. Matrasiayic, Wm. H. Maxwell, Jr., N. J. Mathews, B. F. Maury, Rev. Mc. A. Meehan, Miss Meelan, Harry Mercer, M. Merle, A. Meritzer, Rich. Merrick, Harry Merriman, N. Mikesell, Milton G. Mills, E. W. Miller, J. C. Miller, H. Mohlenkamp, G. Moscellino, Jim Moscrip, W. H. Moore, Ben Mortimer, Clarence G. Morrow, Mrs. Morris, John Morrison (For.), J. G. Morgan, T. M. McIlhenny, Mrs. Mary McDowell, Jas. J. McAuley, A. A. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Meyers, Willard B. McAfee, Hugh McGregor, Mary McTeam, Jno. A. McCoy, P. A. McCullough, John McCarthy, Jas. McKeown, J. J. McGill, Alex Motschagle, Jas. McHugh, Wm. McIntire, Alfred McInaire, M. McKeown, Geo. McKinley, W. J. McKnight, Jno. MacLetchie, Mrs. Mary McLaughlin, Mrs. Morran, Chas. McMurty, J. McPherson (For.), Michael McWiggin, W. M. McWilliams.

N—A. Napes, A. E. Nelob, John Negley, Harry H. Nepper, Henry Neustadt, H. J. Niebgun, H. Nicholas, Mrs. Jennie Nicholson, P. Y. Norton, J. C. Norwood, Geo. Nanna, John W. Nowak, Wm. Nusser.

O—Mrs. Odenthall, Dr. W. M. Ogden (2), Lewis Olanowski, Lt. Gov. O'Neill (2), Wm. Osterman, H. W. Oachs, E. O'Brien.

P—Lon Patenaru, L. B. Pensi, G. Pani (2), W. W. Parden, Robt. Parker, Steve Patterson, Howard Pascal, Dr. Pennenington, W. Perry, Bus. Periolla, Warren Peterson, Harry Pettit, L. B. Pasktale, Frank Peterman (For.), Cannera Petrocelle, Philip Peter (2), F. Peter, John Phillips, R. F. Phillips, J. B. Pike, Mrs. Jas. Pinter, S. L. Pryden, Lorenzo Pulizzi, Jan. Pulman.

R—William Rafferty, Jr., Harri Raimont, Halenna Ramanawska, James Rasser, R. B. Ranser, Dr. J. T. Rainbey, James Reese, Langston Reed, Lancaster Reedy, H. Redmand, Mrs. Mollie Leonard, Mrs. Helner, Sir Remenaur, Frank A. Rhoads, M. D., Chas. Richard, J. B. Richardson, Franjo Riskalic, Charles Rinner, Thos. C. Ritter, Mrs. Richard Rodgers, Richard A. R. Roberts, Thomas Roberts, Harry Robinson, Frank Robinson, Mr. Robinson, Robt. M. Robinson, Rev. Dolpa Rock, W. S. Rogers, Scott Rogers, Mrs. Thos. Rogers, Herman Rogers, F. A. Rolfe (For.), Rocheo, Stavounis Rodonlin, Mr. Romaiot, Frank Roonay, Harry Rosenbaum, H. C. Rosebery, Arthur Rosenberger, Jas. Rossing, N. A. Ross, Nathan Rose (2), John Rose, Jr., Ross, Andy Roubuck (2), J. Rowell, Carl Rudolph, Herman Rud, Theretzer Rufus, Henry Russell.

S—Jos. Sabo, Andrello Salvatore, F. L. Sample, Harry Samuel, Dr. N. L. Sanerstin, A. Sandy Savage, Henry A. Schaar, Geo. A. Schaem, Phil. Schell, Jr., Mrs. Sarah Schmoll, Limont Schuler, Y. F. Schrimshaw, Jos. M. Schneider, E. Schbred, James Shackelford, C. Shafer, Wm. Shaub, Patrick Sharpe, H. G. Shellenberger, J. J. Sharpe, James Sheppreen, W. Shepard, Thos. Sherrard, Mrs. Mabel Joyce, C. Jones, Frank Jeglenski, Dan Kisner, Father Macswaski, Miss Sara MacClaren, Marko Maleso, Jos. Malvicha, Mrs. Kate Mansfield, Mrs. Mary Mitchell, Mrs. Mary Mitchell, Herman Mohn, Vivian Phelps, Mrs. Marion Price, J. Purns, Mrs. Emma Parsinon, Adam Rosenberger, Mrs. Fred Sauer, L. B. Soque, Mrs. Schafer, James W. Schultz, Mrs. Sarah Schaffer, Mrs. Sarah Ann Schaffer, Jacobsasky, John Kormonec Tacek, Frank Cihy, George Walsh, Yosef Wypych, Mile Zarolca.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

G. G. Antonio Antonelli, Wasilniak, Benedik Gyorcy, Syman Kadolky, Wlerny Kotoski, Tan Klac, Karol Markiewicz, John Pleshan, Yohann Sakos.

WILKINSBURG STATION.

Miss Lillie Bell, Mrs. Willie Bell, Miss Anna B. Pickefer, Mrs. Margaret A. Black, Mrs. Dix, Mrs. D. N. Boss, Mrs. May Brown, C. Cafel, Miss Cathrine Carter, Marie A. Clarke, Catherine E. Hemphill, Mrs. Mary Coombs, Mrs. Copper, Miss Maggie A. Dill, S. Dool, Angelo Faisone (For), T. J. Flynn, Miss Minnie Gill, A. D. Gooden, Mrs. Mary Hall, Mrs. Margaret Hirch, Chas. M. Horton, Mrs. Mary Hoffman, Miss Mary Hoffman, Katherine Keen, Miss Mary Keenan, Miss Lilian Leonard, Mrs. Fannie Logan, Mrs. S. E. Lorther (2), R. C. Martin, David Mabee, W. Murphy, Mrs. Mary Mitchell, Mrs. Mary Mc-Kinstry Stone Co., Mrs. Kaile B. Pipes, Antoni Popielanski, Clements Rogrins, Mrs. R. L. Sanford, Mrs. C. O. Schroeder, H. Schultz, Mr. Thomas C. Sharpe, Mrs. Sylvia Sneed, Miss Elmira Sneeden, Mrs. Whitey Stockton, W. O. Stoop, Mrs. L. M. Thomson, Mrs. Jennie H. Thompson, Mrs. L. J. Tree, Mary Valde (2), Robert M. Vincent, Frank Wilson, Mrs. Mary Wilkinson, C. O. Wheart, Miss Elsie Waresell, Mrs. V. C. Wright.

FORBES STATION—LADIES' LIST.

Lizzie Ackerman, Emma Brack, Miss Ida S. Bell, Mrs. Mary McDonald, Mrs. A. Mc-Nicholas, Mrs. Frank Metcalf, Mrs. Arthur J. Russell, Miss Rebecca Teter, Mrs. Louise Washington.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Clarke, Jno. Boyle, John R. Covert, Joseph de Beaudits, E. N. Frothingberg, Ward Heath, J. C. Jeier, Walter R. Lawe, Park Painter, William Patterson, C. Schinkle, Charles Wadsworth.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Miss Bessie Boyle, Mr. Finley Carbaugh., Mr. Edward Flynn, Johnie Fountain, Jolly Jones.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Johan Janovitz, Jiya Puralic, George Jady, Mabyk Kerwortzet, Fedio Bochnek.

SWISSVALE STATION.

Mrs. A. E. Anderson, Mrs. Jas. W. Billingsley, Miss Mary Bannon, Mrs. Mary Bell, Mrs. Gratfelty, Miss Jennie Hammer, Jack Kash, John E. Lawrence, Leon Pavawz, Antonio di Pasquale Pellegrino, William Wight.

DIVIDENDS.

The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 9, 1904.

DIVIDEND—The board of directors has this day declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF (1½) PER CENT upon the common stock of this company, payable in cash on and after Monday, February 15, 1904, to stockholders as they may stand registered on the books of the company at 3 p. m. Friday, February 5, 1904. Checks for above dividend will be mailed on the due date to all stockholders who have filed orders with the Pittsburgh office of the Farmers Loan & Trust Company, New York.
T. H. R. McKNIG

SUFFERING PAVES WAY TO VIRTUE

Great Calamities Work for the Ultimate Good of the World, Says Dr. Partridge.

MANY SKEPTICS ARE CAUSED

At the Fourth Avenue Baptist church on Sunday morning the pastor, Dr. Warren G. Partridge preached the last sermon in the series on, "Practical Christianity," and his topic was "The Problem of Suffering." Dr. Partridge took for his text, Romans viii., 18: "For I reckon that the sufferings of this present time are not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in us," and he spoke in part as follows:

"The problem of pain in this world has never yet been solved. We know that humanity is immersed in suffering and misery. The presence of so much sorrow in the world has made many skeptics. It is often said, "If God is good would He permit suffering? If He were omnipotent and were able to annihilate pain, why does He not do so?" But such a philosophy brings no peace. It is the philosophy of doubt and despair. The Christian believer must accept two propositions: God is good, and evil exists. We must accept on faith what the scriptures declare, that affliction and suffering are beneficial to mankind.

We cannot blame God for such accidents as the Iroquois theater fire. The coroner's jury found that the mayor and other city officials were criminally negligent. The stupidity, greed, selfishness, and carelessness of men and women bring a vast amount of suffering into this world. There are some who claim that the awful mine disaster at Harwick was the result of some one's carelessness. An immense amount of suffering is the result of sin, disobedience, ignorance, carelessness, and the infringement of nature's laws. Diphtheria, typhoid fever and other diseases are the result of filth. Sanitation would lessen wonderfully the sickness and suffering of the world. It is not blame God if stupid city officials permit the people of a city to drink polluted river water and thereby there results an epidemic of typhoid fever. Most contagious diseases could be stamped out of any city if a corrupt and criminal political machine did not force upon a city incompetent health officers and stupid methods of sanitation.

Suffering is corrective. Men learn wisdom by experience. But now true it is that experience is one of our best teachers. Crowds are now examining their theaters after the awful holocaust in Chicago. It is tragic to pay such awful price for safe theaters and other public buildings. So influence in the world develops the latent capacities of our being like trouble and disappointment. Schubert's eighth symphony was written in 1822, only six years before his death. The music seems like the battle of extreme suffering. In many parts Schubert wrote, "My compositions are the result of my abilities and my distress; and those which distress alone has engendered appear to give the world most pleasure."

It is also remarkable how many inventions and discoveries are the result of the misery in the world. "Man is born to trouble as the sparks fly upward." But this very trouble drives the scientific discoverer to find remedies. This is often the only incentive of the patriot, the philanthropist, and the scientific investigator. If it had not been for the ravages of smallpox, research would not have found out vaccination. The discoverer first tried it on himself and his own son. The scourge of diphtheria drove scientific men to the discovery of antitoxin. What an incentive suffering and sickness have been to the building of hospitals, orphan asylums, and invention of artificial limbs, antiseptic surgery, anesthetics, and the various antidotes for pain. Parents, and heroines have been developed by the sights of misery." Our own Mr. Selwyn Taylor, the intrepid engineer gave his life at the Harwick mine, because the sufferings of 500 widows and 2,000 orphans made him a hero and martyr of this fearless son of Pittsburgh.

As we grow older we learn by experience that the innocent always suffer for the guilty. Parents suffer keenly for the disipated sons. Many a mother's heart has been broken by a fallen daughter. A lazy and shiftless son brings heartache to the innocent father. The honest employer suffers financially because of the carelessness of the stupid employe. A railroad train is wrecked and the innocent suffer, because of the negligence of some telegraph operator. Jesus died—the just for the unjust. To crying to solve the problem of suffering we must consider the future life.

FOUR COWARD TYPES IN OUR WORLD TODAY

Many in Political, Moral, Religious and Every-Day Life Not True Men.

"Four Big Cowards" was the subject of the sermon delivered last evening by the Rev. W. H. W. Rees at the Smithfield Street Methodist Episcopal church. He took his text from the words: "Quit ye like men," and said in part:

Courage calls forth our admiration always and everywhere. Courage must be the twin brother of loyalty. It would be, to our way of thinking, absolutely impossible for a loyal soul not to have courage. Cowardice is the result of the separation of these qualities. I come to speak tonight of four cowards to be found in every community—political, moral, secretive and religious cowards.

The political coward is the man who has lost his self-respect and his identity, and is simply the dumbbell of the ward heeler or of the boss. He may have a conviction, but dare not utter it. He apes the patronage peddler in his ward and "mouths words" after him. He takes his lessons from the ward dispenser of favors and talks as he is told. He is tied to a party and has smothered his conscience for office. Corruption in politics is winked at, and if a genuine revival of true manliness could be had, and men in political life be the chief recipients, and they then be induced to speak what they know and testify to what they have seen, there doubtless would be some more occupants of the Western penitentiary before many months.

The moral coward is found in every location and in all professions—men who are crouching sycophants, who do not have the moral courage to face the world and in their own small children and say, "Let us have a manly prayer." Or that one who can face a multitude and talk finance or politics, but has not enough courage to stand up at a prayer meeting and say, "I love Jesus," without turning pale and feeling his knees smiting each other with tremulous fear.

MORE FUNDS ARE NEEDED.

Bijou Services Will Be Continued Through February If Money Can Be Raised.

At the forty-seventh Bijou service yesterday afternoon announcement was made that in view of the numerous requests from various quarters and the continued crowding of the theater the services will be carried on through February, provided sufficient funds are secured. These funds are obtained by the personal solicitation of Pastor S. Edward Young, who inaugurated these unique meetings two years ago last October, holding the first three of them in the exposition music hall. The attendance has been marked by the fact that the vast majority are young men and at many of the services only men have been allowed to come. The total attendance to date is believed to have been nearly 150,000. Daniel T. Reese, the tenor, who is soon to accompany Mamrosch, sang two solos. Cornetist Leon Prevost rendered a cornet solo and Prof. Tali Esen Morgan and gowned chorus rendered an anthem.

Pastor S. Edward Young spoke from the text, "Song of Solomon," viii:6: "Love is strong as death."

The attendance yesterday was 2,800.

Fire Escapes

In Accordance with the Law, Manufactured and Erected by Taylor & Dean, Pittsburgh.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SECTARIANISM IS BABYLON SAYS PASTOR RUSSELL AT BELLAIRE

He Declares That Evolutionists and Higher Critics Are Nothing but Infidels.

DOCTRINES ARE POISONOUS

"The Oathbound Covenant" was the subject of Pastor Russell's address in Bellaire, O., yesterday afternoon, and in the evening he took for his subject, "What Think Ye of Christ?" The audiences at both places were large and attentive.

For his text in the evening Pastor Russell took the words of the apostle, speaking for the truly consecrated church of Christ, found in I Peter, 2:vii: "To you who believe He is precious." Pastor Russell spoke as follows:

Many would have us think that it makes no difference what we believe about Lord Jesus Christ or other subjects; that the important question is: "How do we live?" We yield to no one in the importance to be attached to holy living, but we fully concede with our text and the entire Scriptures when we affirm that what a man believes has much to do with his conduct in life, and still more to do with his acceptance by the heavenly Father.

Faith and Works.

The matter of faith and works, and which is more important, is thoroughly discussed in the Scriptures, and faith is given the place of primary importance and with evident propriety. The Apostle Paul sets forth most distinctly that a man is justified by faith and not by works that if judgment of the Almighty were according to works none of us could be justified because none of us could possibly do perfect works. There is none righteous, no, not one; all have sinned and come short of the glory of God." The fall has brought imperfection to every member of Adam's race—has affected each one mentally, morally and physically; so that, as the apostle again declares, we cannot do the things that we would, and if God should mark iniquity against us—should judge us along the same lines—none could stand the judgment or test; all would be condemned again—to the second death.

Justice Has Been Satisfied.

The Scriptural proposition set before us is that our Lord Jesus has paid for Adam and his race the demands of justice, and that in the present time all who accept of Him, become His disciples, shall be judged not according to their works, but according to their faith, according to their hearts, according to good intentions. Of this class the Apostle declares: "Being justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ." (Rom. 5:1.) That peace with God, that realization of forgiveness of sins and acceptance of Him, cannot come to us on the score of good works, but does come to the believer through faith in the Perfect One who died on our behalf, the "just for the unjust, that He might bring us to God."

The Apostle James is supposed by many to contradict this declaration of the Apostle Paul; but not so. He says: "Show me thy faith without thy works, I will show thee my faith by my works." (Jas. 2:18.) He does not say I will show thee my works without my faith, and that I am justified without faith. The thought he would inculcate is that faith, although it is the important thing, the basis of our justification before God, if it be not followed by fruitage of good works—resistance of sin and endeavors for righteousness—giving evidence that it is dead; dead, as a tree that fails to put forth leaves, buds, etc., in the springtime gives evidence that it is dead. The apostle's thought is that while faith is the important thing—that the Lord's judgment of us is according to our faith and not according to our works, nevertheless He will expect to find in us such works as we are capable of and will reasonably judge that if there are no works of righteousness, no efforts manifested along the line of opposition to sin, then surely in such an one the new life, the spirit of the Lord, has ceased.

Get the thought: We have good works, all of them that we could possibly produce; yet at their very most and very best they are imperfect and could not make us appear holy or justified in God's sight. But we can have faith in the Lord Jesus and in His sacrifice for the covering of sins, and our pure hearts can desire and aim for the things pleasing to the Lord, and can repudiate entirely everything displeasing to Him. And this new mind, this new will, can assuredly exercise a considerable degree of control over our mortal bodies, however strong may be their natural depravity and propensity for sin.

Various Beliefs of Christ.

In the apostle's day the question of belief or disbelief in Christ was a very radical one—in some respects quite different from the same question today. This belief in the Lord Jesus included: (1.) That He was the Messiah, the long-promised King of Israel, who was to lift up that nation out of the dust and use it as the instrumentality and mouthpiece in making known the divine law to the world, and in uplifting the world of mankind from sin, degradation, etc., to harmony with God, and eventually to eternal life to those who would prove loyal and obedient. (2.) It meant also a belief in the blessings from Messiah's side had been postponed by reason of Israel's rejection of Him, and by reason of the divine intention to complete the elect Bride class, the "Royal Priesthood," with selections of holy ones from all the families of the earth. (3.) It meant the belief that when this work of selecting the church would be accomplished, Messiah would come again in power and great glory to establish amongst men the glorious kingdom of righteousness long promised—to fulfill the blessings of the great "Oath-bound Covenant," which we discussed this afternoon. (4.) It meant an acceptance of Christ by all who would be his footstep followers in the present age and by consecration lay down their lives as joint-sacrifices with His in the prosecution of being associated as joint-heirs with Him in the kingdom. (5.) It meant still further an appreciation of why our Lord Jesus died; that it was necessary that He should die, and thus pay the penalty for the sins of the whole world before He could bless either the church or the world.

Each of these propositions had opponents. Both Jews and Gentiles rejected the thought that Jesus was a king, and that he would ever exalt Israel and use that people as the instrument in blessing other nations. Both Jews and Gentiles also rejected the thought that faith in his blood was necessary to acceptance with God—that mankind are by nature sinners, aliens, strangers, foreigners and enemies through wicked works. They could apply such terms to some extent to the very degraded, but as for the philosophers and the upper classes, including the Scribes and Pharisees, the thought of their own unworthiness was a horrible repugnant. Were they not the teachers of the common people, and therefore better certainly than the general herd? And what grander blessing could come to the common people than to lift them up to the intelligence, dignity, etc., of these teachers? The apostle expresses this thought, saying: "Christ is to the Jew a stumbling block, and to the Greeks foolishness."—1 Cor. 1:23.

Self-Righteous Hypocrisy.

The Jews, having been under the tutelage of the Law Covenant for centuries, had clearer conceptions of sin and of divine justice than had the remainder of the world, even the Greek philosophers. They recognized sin, especially in its grosser forms, as illustrated by the publicans and sinners; but themselves affected a holiness to God, made long prayers to be heard of men, did their alms in public to be seen of men, and in general gloried in their outward appearance of generosity and righteousness and reverence. They had the form of godliness, but not its power; they had the outward works but not the inward faith and obedience to principle.

Our Lord explained this, saying that they made clean the outside of the cup, while within it was corrupt. He intimated most clearly that in God's sight the judgment would be reversed—that the poor publican, not heard, contrite, thought virtually less reverential and holy, was nearer to the Lord than the one who outwardly was holy but inwardly was boastful and recognized not his defects. So, also, it was with the work of our Lord's ministry and that of the apostles under the power of the Holy Spirit on and after the Pentecost had gathered out of the Jewish nation all the Israelites indeed in whom there was no guile—no wonder that the remnant stumbled over Christ and His teachings, which reproved them, and which reproof they were not humble enough to bear and to receive. Thus they stumbled, they fell from divine favor to disfavor, with its appropriate chastisements. They stumbled over that stumbling stone—Christ, the Savior from sin.

Worldly Wisdom Self-Deceived.

We can see likewise how our Lord Jesus with his message of forgiveness was "to the Greek foolishness." The Greek philosophers who, under the lead of Plato, Socrates and others, had developed certain theories respecting man—theories which were closely correspond to the evolution of the present time. They seem to have held to the natural development of man, and looked forward in a philosophical manner to a future, assuming the perfectibility of man and his superiority to the lower animals in some manner warranted, yea, guaranteed. The thought that he could not die, and that when decrepitude, feebleness, etc., the mind was really more alive than ever before—that he had passed to a spirit world where he likewise would have opportunities for progression or evolution according to his obedience to principles of righteousness. To these philosophers the story of man's fall and of God's sentence upon him as a sinner, and that on this account he left the stage of the world, and the only hope for man is by resurrection from the dead, and that the only hope of a resurrection lay in the redemption accomplished by Jesus, and it was for the purpose that he had suffered, left the glories and honors of a spirit condition with the Father and had become a man, that he might pay the penalty which Justice held against mankind—by dying the just for the unjust. We can readily see how deeply Israel stumbled in their harvest time, because they "rejected" Jesus as their savior and "Knew not the time of their visitation;" (recognized not the opportunities and privileges that were theirs). But how shall we understand Christendom of today, nominal spiritual Israel, to be stumbling over Christ as a stone of stumbling and rock of offense? Does it not, on the contrary, appear that with Bibles in the hands of Christian people everywhere—and practically the whole civilized world—Christendom has been stumbling over Christ? Is it not true that it would be impossible for us to even think of Christendom stumbling today?—over Christ as a stumbling-stone and rock of offense?

The Church's Development.

We answer, that this is the tenor of the scriptural records throughout; for instance, note, again, Psalm 91. Note the fact that it was from this psalm that Satan quoted to our Lord the words, "He shall give his angels charge over thee to keep thee in all thy ways. That they may bear thee up in their hands, lest thou dash thy foot against a stone." Satan knew that this was a Messianic application of this to his literal feet; but how clear is the application to the symbolical feet of Christ? This figure of the body of Christ is a favorite one throughout the scriptures—Christ the head, and the church His body. The church as the bride or body of Christ has been in process of development for over eighteen centuries. The apostles and primitive church must be recognized as the shoulders, arms and hands through which the whole body has been blessed and cared for; and the other members of the body, representing the truly consecrated of the Lord from the time of the apostles down to the present time; while, if we are correct in understanding that we are living in the end or close of the gospel age and dawning of the millennium, we should expect that the feet would properly represent the "feet" members of the body of Christ. We are to recognize that from the days of the apostles to the present time there has been a class that is pleasing to the Lord as a true body of Christ; and so today there are nominal feet members and true feet members. The verse under consideration points us to the feet class of the end of this age, and suggests us that the true feet will not stumble over the stone of stumbling. The intimation is that all except the true feet members will stumble here.

The preceding verse shows us the proportions of those who will stumble to those who will not stumble, saying: "A thousand shall fall at thy side, and ten thousand at thy right hand; but it shall not come nigh thee." (Psalm 91.) Those feet made the Lord, even the Most High, thy habitation." (Psa. xci., 7, 9.) Those who stumble will evidently not love the Lord for a sacrifice, or, in other words, in fact we find that a great many today who name the name of Christ and are prominent in Christian work are more interested in their sect and its prosperity than they are interested in the Lord's cause, the work which He is outworking—more interested in the members of their sect and their prosperity (even though these do not give evidences of sanctification of spirit) than they are interested in the Lord's faithful ones outside their own sectarian fences.

Ministers of God.

This scripture not only intimates the enormous numbers of churchianity that will fall in comparison with the few true members of the Lord's body who will not fall, and intimates over what they will stumble—namely, the stone of stumbling, the rock of offense, Christ—but additionally it shows that the special power of God will be manifested on behalf of His faithful ones to prevent them from stumbling—otherwise they would fall with the others. The thought of the Lord's care over the pilgrimage of the psalm is called "His angels"—His ministers, to whom He is said to give a "charge," a message concerning the "feet," by which they shall hold them up, protect them from stumbling, etc.

These ministers are even now at work in the world. Since 1875 they have been bearing up the feet class—bringing assistance to all those who are truly of the people. They have had a message from the Lord—not a new revelation, but an unfolding of the original message given through the prophets, through our Lord and the apostles. Our Lord Himself is the chief servant or minister in connection with this help of the feet, and the apostles also lend a hand; for are not all the truths which are now assisting the Lord's people to stand the "good tidings" throughout the gospel age? Our Lord and indeed prophesied that in the end of this age He would gird Himself as a servant and come forth and serve the household of faith—the feet members of His own body. (Luke xii., 37.) How He tells us He will bring forth from the storehouse of truth things new and old, sending them to the feet members at the hand of fellow servants, co-laborers with Him. Indeed, each one is privileged to break again and distribute the nourishment that will give strength and ability to stand in what the apostle calls "this evil day." (Eph. vi., 13.)

The Day of Trial.

We might multiply citations from the New Testament which point down to our day as a time of special trial and testing, to which amongst professed believers, "every man's work shall be tried so as by fire," and when it will be necessary to "put on the whole armor of God that we may be able to stand in that evil day." The apostle describes our day to Timothy, saying: "Now the Spirit speaketh expressly that in the latter times some shall fall away from the faith, giving heed to seducing spirits and doctrines of devils, through the hypocrisy of men who speak lies." He again writes, This know, also, that in the last days perilous times shall come, for men shall be lovers of their own selves, covetous, boasters, proud, revelers, disobedient to parents, unthankful, unholy, without natural affection, implacable, slanderers, without self-control, fierce, not lovers of good, traitors, headstrong, puffed up, lovers of pleasure rather than lovers of God, having a form of godliness but denying the power thereof." When addressing the church at Laodicea (2:—xvii), the apostle again describes the serious times that shall prevail in the end of the age, referring particularly to Satan's power now to be manifested in all deceit of unrighteousness in them that perish (fail away from the truth), because they receive not the love of the truth, that they might be saved. And for this cause God shall send them strong delusion, that they should believe a lie, that they all might be condemned who believed not the truth, but had pleasure in injustice and untruth."

This falling away in the close of this age is referred to by our Lord in His message to the seven churches. Addressing the last phase of the church, Laodicea, representing the living nominal system, the Lord declares that while it is living and wealthy, it is really poor and that it is miserable and poor and naked and blind. It lives in the day of His knock, but the knock must be heard individually and responded to before there can be any real fellowship with the individual, in the sense of feeding Him with the heavenly food and giving Him strength of the truths and blessings of the day which are His. Those of the feet members of Laodiceans, as is there intimated, will not hear the knock, will not know the time of their visitation, and will be spewed out of the Lord's mouth—no longer His mouthpiece any longer. His medium in communicating His message to the world. (Rev. 3:14, 18.)

Babylon Is Falling.

Under another figure the Lord calls this Laodicean church Babylon—mother and daughters—of saintly name. (See Strong's Concordance, 18:1-4) as a great city or religious system of many wards, and declares of the present time, "Babylon is fallen, is fallen, come out of her, my people, that ye receive not of her plagues of her sins, and that ye receive not of her plagues. For in one day shall her plagues come—death and mourning, and famine; and she shall be utterly burned with fire"—destroyed as a system. We are already in the day in which Babylon is falling—from divine favor), though the day of her severe plagues and punishments is still future. A little space remains in which the Lord's true people are to hear His voice, the "harvest" message which He gives to His "angels." His ministers, concerning the feet class—to bear them up, to sustain them, to hinder them from stumbling, falling, as the unwise shall fall. Our Lord in His great prophecy of the end of this age again told of this falling, saying: "There shall arise false Christs (false systems claiming to be the body of Christ, the church) and false teachers, and shall show great signs and wonders; so as to lead astray (from the Truth, from the faith), if possible, the very elect." (Matt. 24:24.)

Our Lord's words just quoted show clearly where much of this trouble will arise. Sectarianism, which has grown in wonderful proportions, has become fortified and is Babylon. The vast majority of these so-called Christian systems are merely nominal—Christians of the kind mentioned by the apostle in the quotation already given. They have a form of godliness, but lack the power, the spirit of it. Truth and love for the truth they have not the Truth; so that now, when in due time the Lord sends forth the Truth as meat in due season, it becomes a test and distinguishing mark between the true and the false—between those who love the Truth and those who love popularity and churchianity. The Truth lovers will be drawn and attracted to the Truth, while the unmarked, unconsecrated will proportionately not be attracted, and will feel an opposition to the Truth and more and more a sympathy for the error, the philosophies of men, the traditions of men. This will grow wider and wider, and eventually we may expect only the very elect to be held by the Truth, which to them will be the power of God to uphold them, to keep them from stumbling.

Many False Teachers.

In addition to these false systems, and apparently to some extent outside of them, will be false teachers. The Apostle Peter pays his compliments to these and locates them in the present time in no uncertain terms. He says: "As there were false prophets amongst the people of Israel, so there will be false teachers in the end of the gospel age; false teachers amongst you, who privily shall bring in damnable heresies, even denying that the Lord bought them, and shall bring upon themselves swift destruction. And many shall follow their pernicious ways; by reason of whom the Truth shall be evil spoken of." (2 Pet. 2:1,2.) Here we see that the false teachers, who bring Truth unpopular, and the majority falling into error. Many shall follow their pernicious ways"—few, therefore, will be able to stand in the little flock, to indeed be wise unto salvation, not many learned, chiefly the poor of this world, rich in faith, heirs of the Kingdom. A thousand shall fall at thy side, ten thousand at the right hand, etc.

We see these false teachers as distinctly as we see the false Christs (false systems), claiming to be bodies of Christ, continue to be in the churches—while really they are not of the church (the one body of Christ—all true consecrated believers under the one head). The secret is, such a false teacher corrupts the Church of Christ, enlarges Christendom, becomes a false teacher, outside the Church of Christ entirely; the so-called New Thought movements are false teachers, outside the Church of Christ entirely. These are all outside the Church of Christ, because in no sense do they profess the sacrifice of Christian centuries. True, they all acknowledge Christ as a great Teacher—they could not do otherwise, even Gentile and Jew despise Him not, because His teachings to be grand. But a belief that Jesus lived and died, and the belief that He was a good man and a great Teacher, are not the belief which constitutes one a member of Christ, and which is counted for our sins—those are beyond all this, and specifically acknowledge Him as the Redeemer "by whose stripes we are healed," "who died for our sins according to the Scripture, and rose for our justification."

Evolutionists Not Christians.

False teachers have also arisen in all the ecclesiastical systems, as in the Roman Catholic, Dr. Briggs and others of the "Higher Criticism" school, have for 25 years in particular been pulverizing all the various systems of churchianity, and during that time many which stumble all except the true feet members of the body of Christ. These so-called higher critics plainly named, are infidels who have denied the inspiration of the Scriptures, denied the divine purposes. Neither do they recognize Christ as a Redeemer, flatly deny the ransom, and in a brief with Shakespeare, Moses, Confucius and Christ, they class Christ as simply a man, because His name is popular in the civilized world.

The outstanding doctrines these men have been sending forth through the students of these embalmed and college factories the past 25 years have been affecting Christianity in every quarter, in every denomination; so that today it is a rare thing to find a minister in any public position who believes in the ransom, or that the payment of it was the redemption price for the life of the world. Here is the secret of the power of the error upon those who have been once-taught and once-fed. The effect is not only the repudiation of the ransom, but in due time, as their eyes open, the repudiation also of the eternal torment theory, which has fully paved the way with many, still believing that the teachings of their creeds in the teaching of the scriptures, and still having in mind certain cozen given to certain parables, many are being faith and practically overthrown, and led to the entire abandonment of their minds in the matter of a religious hope because dim and uncertain. They are grasping after the theories of the philosophers and scientists; they are becoming Universalists and Unitarians; they are denying apostle doctrines, Christ is to some a stumbling block and to others foolishness, but to us who believe, He is precious. To us who believe in the light of the twentieth century, full of grace of God, is opening a larger understanding of the word of God and a fuller appreciation of the divine promises, and broader and deeper hopes, which are the advantage to our minds, and our consecrated, entering into that which is within the veil.

Seeing, dear brethren and sisters, the great test with us now Christendom-ward, that the vast majority are talked to as sinners, and as a mob of sinners, rejecting Him as a Redeemer, let us see to it that as the apostle forewarns us, "we put on the whole armor of God, that we may be able to stand in this evil day." Let us not be content with either that we put on this armor by merely an intellectual knowledge of the divine plan, but we remember that it is only those who receive the truth in the heart, in love, and who are growing in the truth, have the necessary assistance rendered them, that will be borne up to the good tidings of great joy—the present explanations of the Heavenly Father's plan, so necessary to our steadfastness, strength and standing in this present evil day.

Let us hold fast the confidence of our early faith, the foundation of our faith—the fact that our Lord Jesus died, and that His death was a propitiation for our sins, and not for ours only, but also for the sins of the whole world. Every doctrine which does not accord with this corner-stone statement of fact is false, and every such doctrine, however plausible it may seem at first sight, is designed of the adversary to entangle and snare and stumble. All of the new theories—evolution, higher criticism, Christian Science, Theosophy, New Thought, Mesmerism, all can be tested and settled to this invaluable measure—the ransom. "If they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them."

Have You Lost Money By Bucketshop Failures?

If so, is it not about time for you to decide to do your business only with houses having a membership on one or more of the New York Exchanges? Such a house must necessarily handle your funds and transactions in accordance with strict Exchange rules, the principal one being that all purchases and sales must be executed on the floor of the Exchange, the stock being actually received or delivered. This requires large capital, financial responsibility and credit, thus safeguarding your interests.

A RISING MARKET WHICH MAKES YOU PROFIT IS DEATH TO BUCKETSHOPS.

Which is of the more importance to you? A legitimate execution of your orders and final return of your profit and marginal deposit or the so-called "quick service" of bucketshops and their alluring offers of small margins, no interest, and—final loss of all in the end?

Edw. T. C. SLEASE & Co.
BANKERS & BROKERS.

Members { New York Consolidated Stock Exchange / New York Produce Exchange.

MAIN OFFICE, NEW YORK, Hanover Bank Bldg., Wall and Nassau Sts.

New York City Branch Offices, Astor Cour, opposite Waldorf-Astoria, 34th Street and Broadway, Broadway and Canal Street.

BRANCH OFFICES, PITTSBURGH, Arrott Bldg. Wheeling, W. Va. McKeesport, Pa. New Castle, Pa. Steubenville, Ohio. Youngstown, Ohio. Paterson, N. J.

WINES, CORDIALS AND EXTRACTS

of cod liver oil act about the same on a weakened system as a cocktail does on an empty stomach. If any good is accomplished in either case the medical world has yet to find it out.

The reason Scott's Emulsion affords effective and permanent relief and cure in all wasting diseases is because it restores health through nourishment, not through alcoholic stimulation.

A TABLE DELICACY.

Meadow-Gold Butter

is the purest butter made. Its high quality is always maintained, its delicate flavor never varies. It is a real table delicacy.

To preserve the goodness of *Meadow-Gold Butter* every pound is sealed in an airtight, odor-proof package—no charge for the package.

Ask your grocer for it

THE CONTINENTAL CREAMERY COMPANY, 627 LIBERTY AVE.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Everybody Wonders

why some people are able t live so well—

Judicious speculation is th solution of the matter—

Hundreds of men and wom en increase their incomes b investments in stocks an grain—

Doesn't require much capit because we take their orde on

2 per cent Margins for 10 Shares or 1,000

Best and quickest service i the city—

BANK REFERENCES.

Mullen-Jardin Company
301-302 Keystone Building.
PHONES: { Bell 2244 Court. / P. & A. 1298 Main.

HAND IN HAND

Men remained savage until they began to speculate.

Speculation and civilization have advanced hand in hand.

I have the highest type of those facilities which civilization has devised in aid of speculation.

ESTABLISHED 1893.

R. M. WEAVER
STOCKS, BONDS AND GRAIN
223 Fourth Avenue.

Spencer Trask & C
Now Ready for Distribution, 1904 Edition, Pocket Size,
Statistical Tables.
Bonds Paying 6% to 5%
Fully Described in Carefully Selected List of
Investment Securitie
Members New York Stock Exchang
William and Pine Sts., New Yor

The Keystone Bank
OF PITTSBURGH.
320-322-324 Fourth Avenue.
Capital, - - $500,00
Surplus and Profits, $760,00
Accounts Solicited.

MONEY TO LOA
On Bond and Mortga
In Large and Small Sums
at Reasonable Rate
GEORGE BRO
248 Fourth Avenue.

Why not own a copy of our 400 page "Guide to Investors." We mail it free, also send for our "Daily Market Letter." Correspondence Solicited.

Haight & Freese C
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
401-402-403 Keystone Bank Bldg.
320-324 FOURTH AVE.
"Determining the character and financial responsibility of your Broker is as important as selection of right stocks."

M. K. McMullin & C
New York Stocks, Chicago Grain
Local Securities.
304 FOURTH AVE.

Write for list of local stocks we recommend for margin or investment; guarantee all purchases.

ROBERT C. HAL
Member Pittsburgh Stock Exchange.
Third Floor Fgh. Bk. for Sav's Bldg.
Phones—Bell 1459 and 1459 J; A. A. 67 and 68 Court. Hall.

JOHN D. ARMSTRONG & C
BROKERS,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisio
Farmers Bank Buildi
Phones—Bell 242-949. P. & A.

INVESTMENTS
When you want to invest in stocks, or carry a Cash or Grain Margin, Large and Small amounts, Reasonable margins, Our MARKET LETTER and BONDS VALUE sent free.
E. G. JENKINS & CO., IN
BANKERS AND BROKERS.

WALL STREET CANNOT LEAD; A LESSON TAUGHT PUBLIC

Recent Movement Failed to Draw Outsiders Into Market—Professional Speculators Inclined to Blame the Leadership.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—In the considerations of Wall street during the week, the question of market leaders occupied quite a prominent position. There were a few persons who attributed the ordinary tendency in speculative securities solely to a lack of confidence on the part of the public in those who conducted the manipulative movement, and to the methods they employed. It may be admitted for the sake of argument that the bank and file in the street might be expected to show some hesitation in following a leader whose predictions of 15 months ago were wide of the mark, and who, after "tipping" prices for a 30 point advance at the very top of the market, was a little later on credited with being the leader of the bear campaign and the heaviest short seller of stock. Furthermore, it may be added that the character of the manipulation, the highly problematical value of some of the stocks picked and the like did not render the movement inspiring and was not of a nature to arouse enthusiasm.

False prophecies, therefore, and professional tactics have not in the past prevented the successful outcome of a manipulative movement, and will not, of necessity, prevent such a result in the future. They probably would not do so now, were the present conditions similar to those when the farmer prophet cheerfully swallowed his words and revised his predictions. To be sure, it is a little ideal to change from north to south, or to sweep from black to white, and then reverse the affirmative.

But it is only a fool who will not change his mind, and a prophet cannot afford to be a fool, particularly if the consideration is large enough to induce him to alter his views. The unfulfilled predictions and the abrupt reversal in form may be costly and bewildering to those who have banked on the original opinion, but that is another matter.

In its disappointment over the failure of the public to follow the leader, Wall street appears much inclined to throw all the blame upon the leader and his methods. But it seems to be a case of the mote and the beam. The failure was due not so much to an individual, or to methods as to conditions in the creation of which all Wall street alike played some part, and which has terminated in a general disturbance of confidence. If the public, through a long series of misadventures, had not been fooled to the top of its bent, lost its money and had knowledge of the methods and motives of manipulators crowded upon its understanding, the recent movement would probably have succeeded as in the past. What Wall street does not appear to comprehend is the temper of the community. It cannot realize that it is dealing with an experienced public, not with the gulls who thronged the financial district a few years ago. The oddest part of the entire affair is that Wall street itself taught the lessons which the public learned so well.

Questions dealing rather with our civic industrial situation than with the prospect of war between Russia and Japan concerned the stock market most during the last week. It was undoubtedly highly disappointing to many persons to learn that the slightly better tendency reported in the iron and steel situation had not been fully maintained and that reductions in price had not been followed by any marked increase in orders.

DRAWING UPON STORAGE TANKS TO MEET DEMAND FOR OIL.

The first month of the new year closed as it began, with no newly discovered territory in the lower southwest districts. On account of the cold weather development work in the old fields was retarded and much of the new work attempted in outlying districts held in abeyance. The reducing of operations to a minimum in the older fields, coupled with the falling off in the production of the producing wells, had a marked effect on the month's aggregate production in all of the eastern fields. With the pipe line statements furnished up to the present time, though incomplete, the indications are that the month just closed will show a smaller production than any month during the past year. During the month, the demand for high grade crude has been good and it will necessitate the building of more than 600,000 barrels of oil from storage tanks to meet the demand.

The discovery of new producing territory or fields had no part in the developments of the past month. All that was accomplished in the way of furnishing new production was taken from the districts that have been under development for some time. A few large wells were drilled in and they are in the deep sand districts in Harrison county.

The best producer was the South Penn Oil company's No. 4 on the C. E. Robinson farm, which had a record as an initial performer of little better than 600 barrels a day. During the past week the same company got a fairly good producer on the Jesse Asheraft farm, located on the east side of the Folsom district. The well started at 300 barrels a day and shows very good staying qualities.

In the vicinity of West Union, Doddridge county, three wells, all tests of some importance, as to location, were completed and all resulted in dusters. There has been a large amount of development work of an experimental nature done in this county within the past year, but not a single pool was discovered. There are still large areas of territory that have not been closely tested and which yet may be a discovery made that will be something of a reward for the many disappointments.

In Harrison county, northeast of Salem, there is considerable new work starting. For some months the South Penn company has been preparing for an active campaign in this locality and some of the first work is now well under way.

Tyler county has very little new work starting and less contemplated. It is quite probable that the new producing territory in this county if discovered at all will be made by the gas companies. In the old Fink Creek district, is the only locality that has any work under way. The Crude Oil Company and the South Penn are the only operators.

Ritchie county is still the most active with work of an experimental kind. In the Sonds Creek district the wells in advance of defined limits have come in dusters and those inside comparatively small. The Carter Oil Company drilled in a good well on the Mahaney heirs' farm. It is this company's No. 11 on this farm and had an initial production of 15 barrels an hour.

On Indian creek and along the South Fork of Hughes river, there is still some wildcat work, but it is not attracting much attention for the reason that not an advance producing well completed in months has come in a paying producer.

Near Wick, Tyler county, there is an increase in operations and the chances for finding more good producers in this district are encouraging. The wells completed along the eastern edge of the county during the past week came in dusters and the prospects for finding anything but gas are not flattering.

Nothing new has been developed in Cabell county. The reports from that section show that there is some new work, all of an experimental kind, starting and some of the wells that have been under way for some time nearing the sand. It is stated that one or two of these have been drilled below the depth where the producing formation should have been found, but failed to connect and are now drilling to a lower formation. This is about the only district in West Virginia that offers any chance for speculation as to what it will furnish in the end.

Developments on the Ohio side during the earlier part of the week failed to supply anything but small pumpers and the usual percentage of dusters. By the close of the week operators in the new Big Injun sand development, near Antioch in Monroe county, were greeted with some very fine producers. They do not add anything to the producing area of the pool and will not materially increase the output. For some time the production of the pool has been declining and it is not at all likely that it can be raised to its former standard. There is more activity in this than any other district in the county.

The Rays Run district, in Washington county, shows considerable activity and an effort being made to extend the producing area of the pool. The late wells that have been drilled to the Berea formation have not made good. So far the only remunerative venture of this kind has been the Rays Run Oil Company's production on the Goodman farm.

In the Wolf Creek district, the Pure Oil Producing Company has begun active development work on its late purchase from the Cannon heirs. This company will push operations with much energy until this territory has been fully developed.

West of Empire, in Jefferson county, operations are getting busy and hope to connect up the development with the Knoxville pool to the southwest. S. H. Jennings, Bine, one the largest holders of leases, and the most active in development work. Their last well completed is a natural producer, holding up at close to 500 barrels a day.

Columbiana county is claiming some attention and there are those who are of the opinion that a pool of some dimensions can be opened up in the county. The disposition of the salt water has been settled.

Southwest of Burgettstown, Washington county, is the most active development in the local fields. The well averages about 15 barrels a day when completed. The producing area of the pool has been defined.

LONDON MARKET HOPEFUL.

Business in the Stocks Waits on the Outcome of the Far Eastern Negotiations.

LONDON Jan. 31.—(Copyright Cable.)—There is much more optimism in Capel court and Throgmorton street than in Fleet street with regard to the far eastern outlook. The Statist prints a leading article on these lines, pointing out "one strong reason for the hope that exists of hostilities being avoided is the evident fact that peace is the highest interest of Russia."

Of course, such a sensitive organization as the city is bound to be influenced by and to some extent reflect the varying reports which each day brings, and as the very little business there has not been of such an all-round recovery as might have been expected, everything continues to wait upon the issue of negotiations until a decision is come to.

There is little disposition to buy, still less to sell, for bearing operations would be extremely risky, seeing that a strong advance in international securities would immediately follow a pacific outcome.

So strong is the hope of peace that people are discussing what will be the effect of a settlement.

DUQUESNE PASTOR WILL LEAVE FOR A NEW FIELD

The Rev. Philip Andreen, pastor of the Zion Swedish Lutheran church of Duquesne, in north Third street, for several years, has offered his resignation to the official board of the church that he may accept a call to a church in Westchester, New York. It is probable that the congregation will call the Rev. Nimrod Ebb of Rock Island, Ill., who has preached for Mr. Andreen several times. The Rev. Mr. Andreen will remain at Duquesne until a pastor is secured. The congregation has 137 members.

Dies Aged 104 Years.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Isaac Hampton, a well-known colored man of this place, died Thursday night, aged 104 years.

CAMPBELL'S.
After-Inventory Clean-Up Sale.
A grand clearance of all odd lots that turned up during inventory week. The whole store has been shaken up. Of course, many of the offerings are small in quantity—lots that the inventory man didn't put on his sheets—but they'll appeal to thrifty people who don't care a rap whether we have three or a dozen, if one is all they want. They'll have a short stay here when shrewd people see what stirring bargains they are.
THE PEOPLE'S STORE,
327-333 Fifth Avenue.

PROFIT TAKING WEAKENED CHICAGO'S WHEAT MARKET

At One Time Both May and June Deliveries Declined Nearly One Cent.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The leading bull support for the wheat market on the start early in the day, and there was also scattered buying from commission houses, but the demand was not nearly so urgent as it has been recently. In the face of higher prices at Liverpool, opening quotations here showed losses. Local holders were inclined to dispose of their lines, and, in spite of moderate buying by the big bull interest, prices began to seek a lower level, May declining to 80⅞c and July to 82⅝c. Within half an hour, however, a sharp advance, a dragging character the greater part of the day. The market exhibited the renewed signs of life at one time, when, on a report that the big holders were selling July, quite general liquidation set in, that deliverv dropped to 81½c, quickly recovered to 82c and May sold off in sympathy to 80¼c. Later in the day a firmer feeling was manifested in less pressure to sell, and the improved tone was only temporary. Reported that taking the country as a whole the acreage sown this season will be considerably less than a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 283 cars, against 373 cars last week and 502 cars a year ago.

Corn prices declined slightly in sympathy with wheat and on selling credited to a leading packer, but taken as a whole the market was a steady one. Cables did not respond to the advance here yesterday, and there was some profit-taking, but the improved prospects for peace, Commission houses were the best buyers. The close was steady. Local receipts were 278 cars, none of contract grade.

In the oats market the strength in the cash article more than offset any influence of the easier tone in wheat, and prices were firm throughout the day. Trading was largely by commission houses. Receipts were 74 cars.

Provisions—Commission houses and selling credited to packers caused weakness in provisions. A late decline in the price of hogs added to the depression. May pork led in the break, closing with a loss of 30c, at $13 02½; May lard was off 12½c, and May ribs, while rising were down 7½@10c, at $6 60@6 62½.

Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 30 cars; corn, 380 cars; oats, 190 cars; hogs, 37,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by Hon. D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, Farmers Bank building, are as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Fri. Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
May	80⅝	80⅞	80¼	80¼	80⅝
July	82¾	82¾	82	82⅛	83
Sept.	78	78	77⅞	77⅞	78⅛
CORN					
No. 2.					
Jan.	47	47	46⅞	46⅞	47⅛
May	50⅜	50⅜	50	50⅛	50⅜
July	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48⅛	48⅝
OATS					
No. 2.					
Jan.	40	40⅛	40	40	40
May	42	42⅛	42	42	42
July	38	38⅜	37⅞	37⅞	38
Sept.	33⅝	33⅝	33	33⅛	33⅝
PORK					
May	13 07½	13 10	12 97½	13 02½	13 32½
LARD					
Jan.	7 15	7 20	7 10	7 15	7 25
May	7 42½	7 42½	7 32½	7 37½	7 47½
July	7 42½	7 42½	7 32½	7 37½	7 45
SHORT RIBS					
May	6 70	6 70	6 60	6 62½	6 70
July	6 85⅛	6 85⅛	6 75⅛	6 77½	6 85⅛

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; winter patents, $4 20@4 50; straights, $4 00@4 20; spring patents, $4 10@4 50; straights, $3 60@4 00; bakers', $3 40@3 60. No. 2 spring wheat, 78@78½c; No. 3 red, 88½@92½c. No. 2 red, 80½@81½c. No. 2 yellow corn, 46½@46¾c; No. 3 yellow, 46½@46¾c; No. 2 oats, 40½@40¾c; No. 3 white, 40½@40¾c; No. 2 rye, 57c; good feeding barley, 36@37c; fair to choice malting, 40@57c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 07; prime timothy seed, $3 05; mess pork, per bbl, $13 12½; lard, per 100 lbs, $7 10@7 15; short ribs, sides, loose, $6 25@6 50; short clear sides, boxed, $6 87½@7 00; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 27; clover, contract grade, $11 25.

Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	24,800	25,100
Wheat, bushels	88,100	46,300
Corn, bushels	332,700	322,800
Oats, bushels	132,700	171,000
Rye, bushels	2,500	5,800
Barley, bushels	107,000	17,300

REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN THE LOCAL MARKETS

Strong Vegetable Demand—Almost Unparalleled Trading in Coffee.

The produce market was characterized last week by brisk rulling of potatoes, cauliflower, turnips, onions, parsnips and carrots. This line of goods was in big demand and prices are advanced accordingly. In the grocery market coffee and flour ruled again, and near the close of the week sugar came to be very strong. During the week poultry became firmer and the supply kept up well. Fish demand for cars is expected for several days.

There have been several advances in coffee during the past month. Facts regarding the present crop and the next to come have caused a rush to buy both actual and speculative, to an extent that has not been experienced since the days of 1887. Trading was on several occasions so active that it has been a great deal worse than that of the past week. Milder weather at the close of the week caused buyers to close much better than was anticipated in domestic fruits apples were the ruling fruit. Good demand for fancy stock is reported satisfactory. Dried fruits are still being consumed in great quantities in Pittsburgh and vicinity. The supply seems to be ample. Butter, cheese and provisions show no change.

Hay and grain were generally steady last week and few changes were noted. However, oats ruled stronger at the close and quotations were changed to meet this market. Straw is about the same as it was earlier in the month, and is selling around the prices named below. Rye continues firm. Receipts during the week were not heavy. There were wide fluctuations in wheat, but the general level of about 80 cents for No. 1 prevailed. The cash trade regarding demand, quality and stock for both wheat and flour is thought to foreshadow higher prices.

Local demand for flour has last week kept up well, better than for most months this winter than heretofore during the same period of the year has enabled dealers to fill orders more promptly.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania, 2 cars hay, 4 cars corn, 4 cars oats, 1 car feed; Ohio, 17 cars hay, 3 cars corn, 2 cars feed, 1 car straw, 1 car oats and corn; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 6 cars hay, 1 car corn.

Hay, No. 1 timothy, $13 50@14 00; do No. 2, $12 50@13 00; do No. 1 clover mixed, $12 50@13 00; do No. 1 clover, $11 50@12 00; Loose from wagon, $15 00@17 00; straw, oats, $8 50@9 00; straw, wheat, $7 00@7 50; oats, No. 2 white, 45@45½c; do No. 3 white, 44½@45c; do No. 4 white, 44@44½c; Rye, No. 1, 67@67½c; do No. 2, 65@66c; Corn, No. 2 yellow, shelled, 49@49½c; High, mix, 49@49½c; No. 2 yellow, ear, 47@47½c; No. 3 yellow, ear, 46½@47c; Bran, $20 00@20 50; Wheat, No. 2, red, 80@80½c; Corn, No. 2 yellow, ear, 47@47½c; No. 3 yellow, ear, 46½@47c; Corn, No. 2 yellow, shelled, 49@49½c; High, mix, 49@49½c; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 47@47½c; No. 3 yellow, shelled, 46½@47c; Oats, No. 2 white, 45@45½c; do No. 3 white, 44½@45c; do No. 4 white, 44@44½c; Rye, No. 1, 67@67½c; do No. 2, 65@66

ABYSSINIA RIPE FOR AMERICANS

King Will Welcome Them to a Country Rich in Natural Resources.

KIND TO SKINNER'S PARTY

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

MARSEILLES, Jan. 31.—Details of the governmental mission to King Menelik of Abyssinia, which was led by United States Consul Robert P. Skinner, have been obtained. Mr. Skinner's party arrived here yesterday on the steamer Victoria.

The American marines and blue jackets went from Aden to join the American gunboat Machias.

Mr. Skinner and party speak enthusiastically of the reception accorded them by King Menelik. On the way to the coast the party saw one elephant and heard a number of lions, but experienced no exciting adventures. In the course of an interview, Mr. Skinner said:

"President Roosevelt selected a most opportune time for establishing relations with Ethiopia, as Americans heretofore have been too indifferent to the remarkable development which is now going on in Abyssinia. Our cotton goods pass through many hands before being sold at high prices in Abyssinia, but now Americans have an opportunity to conduct their own trade. King Menelik will send some of the products of his country to the St. Louis exposition, as well a commission composed of able men to show the Americans commercial opportunities in Abyssinia. The king is a broad-minded statesman, who will welcome Americans."

King Menelik received the party surrounded by an imposing assemblage of 2,000 functionaries. The escort of American marines established a camp called "Camp Roosevelt," which attracted a great deal of interest. The king made a personal inspection of the company which lasted three hours, and after having witnessed the maneuvers of the marines he asked some of the men to fire gun, and loaded and fired it. This act on the part of the king pleased the the visitors greatly. The Americans were impressed with the assimilative ability of the Abyssinians, Consul General Skinner saying that the country is being rapidly modernized and that new roads, bridges, water supplies, telephones and telegraph lines are being constructed. He considers the Abyssinians to be the "Japanese" of Africa. He points out, however, that the postal and banking systems are defective and unsatisfactory. The money is on a silver basis. Consul Skinner believes that Americans will find a large field for activity in the gold, coal, petroleum and asphalt possibilities of Abyssinia.

Ilg, the confidential adviser of King Menelik, will return to Abyssinia tomorrow. In an interview he said Abyssinia would continue to do her utmost to favor French interests, but that she was having a serious struggle against foreign influence. He said also that King Menelik intended to prove his good feeling for France by visiting that country during the present year.

ROME, Jan. 31.—According to news received by the foreign office here, King Menelik is not likely to leave Abyssinia because of the political situation there. There is already a candidate for succession to the throne, and he fears that his departure would be a signal for civil warfare among the different chiefs. It is, therefore, considered impossible for the king to visit the St. Louis exposition.

FLINN AND CRAWFORD PROMPTLY ANSWER RUSS

Allegheny County Men Pay Proportionate Share of Legislative Trip Expenses.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 31.—Three legislators have paid their proportionate share of the bill of $5,911 68 of James Russ of this city, for wines, liquors, cigars and other supplies furnished on the legislative trip to New York in 1897 to attend the dedication of the Grant tomb.

The first to respond to the personal letter which Russ sent to every member of the legislature of 1897 to send him Mr. or as much of that amount as possible, to make up the amount of his claim, were ex-Senator William Flinn of Allegheny and Senators William C. Sproul of Delaware and J. Henry Cochran of Lycoming.

Although none of these participated in the trip, Russ has received a check for $15 from each of them.

He also received a letter from Senator John W. Crawford of Allegheny promising to pay him when he comes to Harrisburg next April to attend the Republican state convention.

Mr. Flinn explains in a letter which accompanied his check, that he did not participate in the good things that Mr. Russ furnished on the trip. "But that was my misfortune," he adds. "You ought to have been paid long ago, and I gladly contribute my share towards it."

STRIKE AMONG THE PRINTERS OF BOSTON IS NOW EXPECTED

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—Unless a contingency unexpected by either party to the controversy arises, 50 book and job printing establishments will be without printers and compositors after a formal presentation of the rejected schedule to individual employers tomorrow. The demands of the printers provide for an increase of $1.50 a week for hand composition, and $3 a week for machine operators.

CHURCH ROWS IN CAVITE PROVINCE

Crop Conditions Are Better, Ladrones Being Caught, and Roads Being Improved.

TOTAL POPULATION IS 135,243

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

The bureau of insular affairs, war department has received the annual report of Capt. D. C. Shanks, governor of the province of Cavite, dated October 15, 1903, from which the following items of interest have been taken:

The new Aglipay movement has made considerable headway in the province and the development of this new church party has brought with it a certain bitterness of feeling between the adherents of the new church and those of the Roman Catholic faith. This feeling has shown itself in the management of municipal affairs when the majority of the municipal council actuated by religious differences has sought to impose restrictions upon the church of opposite faith. The municipal president of Bacoor was suspended for having arrested a number of natives, who were attending a meeting conducted by some natives of the Presbyterian faith.

The census that was completed in the month of June showed that the total population of the province was 135,243. The roads of the province are in bad condition, but during the current year much work has been done to improve them. The fight against the locust aroused great interest. They are still found in the province, but in greatly diminishing numbers.

The province of Cavite under normal conditions is rich. It has a large area of fertile rice lands. The hemp raised in the vicinity of the mountain towns of Amadeo, Alfonso and Indan is of superior quality. Much of the rice land is uncultivated due to lack of carabaos and the dry weather prevailing during August and September. On the irrigated lands one good crop has already been reaped and another is growing. Around Rosario, Santa Cruz, Malabon and Imus as well as in the mountain towns toward the southern boundary the conditions are much better than they were last year. The order of the civil governor directing the planting of quick growing crops was very generally complied with, so that the shortage of last year's rice crop did not so seriously affect the people as would otherwise have been the case.

Some of the most valuable lands of the province are in dispute between the people and the religious orders and final decision in regard to the ownership of this property will go far toward removing a very vexing question.

A good many of the ladrones have been captured, and recently the disposition of the people to aid in their capture has evidenced a marked improvement.

POSTAL CLERKS WILL ASK FOR INCREASE

Said to Be Subject to Tax to Help Make Up Deficient Appropriation.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A great many interesting facts are expected to be developed in the hearing this week to be given members of the Letter Carriers' association and the Association of Railway Mail Clerks before the house committee on postoffices and postroads. These men will make the strongest kind of an effort to influence the members of the committee for an increase of salary. The second assistant postmaster general in his report said: "The estimates submitted to congress in my last annual report for increase in force of railway postal clerks have proven inadequate to handle the unprecedented increase in postal business. The recent weighing in the middle west demonstrated the fact that the increase during the past four years in volume of mail handled was 18.05 per cent, as against our previous estimate of 15 per cent. This explains the fact that our clerical force has proven inadequate to properly handle business thrown upon it, and it becomes necessary to ask congress to provide in the urgent deficiency bill for 300 additional clerks of the various grades."

The appropriations committee granted the increase asked for and then said: "Provided this change shall be made without increasing the aggregate sum of money appropriated for clerks of the several classes of the railway mail service in the postoffice appropriation act of March 3, 1903."

The question naturally arises how can 300 clerks be paid for five months' work at salaries ranging from $1,000 to $1,400 without any additional appropriation? The postoffice department has in some way found an appropriation of the current year a sufficient sum to take care of 300 men whose aggregate salaries from five months would be more than $130,000. It is alleged that part of this money is collected in this fashion: A railway clerk gets a promotion. He continues on his old run and after he has been there for a month or six weeks without any advance in salary he receives notice that he has been selected for the new place and anywhere from three to six months after he receives his promotion papers he receives the additional compensation the promotion calls for, which should have been his a long time previous, the department in the interim having practically served or rather taxed the man from $60 to $100.

Diphtheria at a College.

WOOSTER, O., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Diphtheria has broken out in the dormitory of Wooster university and two young women who have cases of the disease have been quarantined.

WANTS THE STATE TO AID SCHOOLS

Bishop McFaul Makes Plea for Recognition of Parochial Institutions.

CATHOLICS ARE IN SESSION

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

DETROIT, Jan. 31.—About 2,000 persons were present in Light Guard armory this afternoon, at a mass meeting which marked the close of the semi-annual meeting of the advisory board and executive committee of the American Federation of Catholic societies.

Col. Caspar Schulte, president of the Wayne County Federation of Catholic societies, presided and Mayor William C. Maybury delivered an address of welcome.

Bishop McFaul of Trenton, N. J., in an address said meetings and conventions of the federation, would answer the purpose of crystallizing and disseminating the opinions of the church on such questions as divorce and education.

"Retain the present public school system," said Bishop McFaul, "but do not bar Catholics out of their rights as citizens. The federation has taken an admirable stand on this question. Its platform is: That there shall be no public moneys paid out for religious instruction in any school. But let the state examine our schools, and if on examination it is found that we are giving the children an education which comes up to the requirements of the state, then let the state pay for it."

Other speakers were T. B. Minahan of New York; Walter G. Smith of Philadelphia; Bishop John S. Foley of Detroit; Nicholas Gonner of Dubuque, Ia., and Archbishop Messmer of Milwaukee. At its final session today the executive board changed the date for the annual convention at Detroit from July 19 to August 2.

Archbishop Messmer, Bishop McFaul, T. B. Minahan and F. W. Immekus of Pittsburgh, were appointed a committee on speakers for the congresses.

The board decided that a special organization fund of $5,000 shall be raised and calls were issued upon members to the contribution of 25 cents to the Catholic indian bureau at Washington for work among the Indians. The matter of adopting a federation button was deferred to be acted upon at the next convention.

Tonight, the local organization of the Catholic Order of Forresters gave a banquet at the Elks temple, the guests of honor being Anthony Matre of Cincinnati, and Thomas H. Cannon of Chicago.

DEAF MUTES' BALL.

Silent Dancers Follow the Music Through Feeling the Vibrations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—To the strains of music they could not hear 400 dancers belonging to the Deaf Mutes' club of Brooklyn tripped the light fantastic in Germania hall, Brooklyn, last evening at their second annual masquerade and ball. One of the club members explained by writing that the mutes could feel the vibration of the music with the same sense of keenness that a good musician could detect a wrong note in a bar of music.

As the different dances were called off by the leader of the orchestra, the floor manager would gather the mutes about him and explain in the sign language what the dance would be, and the deaf ones would at once begin to feel for the vibrations.

WILL REFUND MONEY.

Defaulting Bank Cashier Promises to Make Good the Shortage.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 31.—The report of the experts who have completed their examination of the books of the Franklin bank shows former Cashier Henry Burkhold to have been $241,000 short. Burkhold was superseded as cashier several months ago and has been so prostrated that he is not expected to recover.

John J. Kilgour, president of the Franklin bank, says there will be no prosecution and that the creditors will pay 100 cent. Burkhold's estate is worth $2,000,000.

Miss Roosevelt's Birthday Soon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Miss Alice Roosevelt, who is now in New York city with relatives, will return to Washington tomorrow. Miss Roosevelt's twentieth birthday falls on February 12, when there will be a dinner for a large company of young people given by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

HARRIS PREDICTS A NAVAL CLIQUE

Points Out the Danger of Proposed General Staff and Cites History.

ADMIRAL LUCE FAVORS PLAN

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.

"It is not difficult to see how disastrous would be the result should the right to control the navy be vested in a coterie of line officers (an exclusive few) answerable to their senior in the line rather than to be civilian head of the department," said Paymaster General Harris on the proposed naval general staff.

Among the chiefs of the various bureaus there is a feeling of hostility to the general staff project. Paymaster General Harris has gone further than any of his colleagues by preparing a memorandum for Secretary Moody.

He cites the establishment in 1815 of the board of navy commissioners which deprived the secretary of the navy of much of his authority and caused so much confusion that it was abandoned in 1836, and the navy department continued under the present bureau system. Secretary Paulding at the time reviewed the defects of the system thus abandoned and Secretary Upshur touched upon it in his report for 1843, in a manner which causes Paymaster General Harris to say, in part: "It thus appears from the statements presented in these reports that the general staff grew to be a dangerous menace to the very institution which it was designated to guard and control, and, in the opinion of the then secretary of the navy, its abolition became essential to the efficiency of the navy.

Rear Admiral Luce has supported the general staff project on the ground that it is similar to the system on which the highly successful British admiralty is based. Paymaster General Harris declares that the British admiralty system resembles the bureau system in the navy department than it does the proposed general staff, and that in any event the admiralty has not reached the full success claimed for it if the remarks of Sir John J. Briggs are to be credited. The paymaster general further says in part:

"Therefore, there is no law in this or in any other land which prohibits an official, charged with great responsibilities, like the secretary of the navy, from obtaining advice from any source he may elect, and accepting that advice, if he considers it expedient. It is altogether different, however, when it is proposed to create a board whose advice the secretary must take."

MILLER, THE MURDERER, CONFESSES HIS CRIME

He Says He Stabbed Detroit Woman to Death Because She Refused Poison.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

DETROIT, Jan. 31.—Joseph Miller today walked into police headquarters and gave himself up, admitting he stabbed Mrs. James T. Seville to death yesterday. Miller told the police the only reason he had for killing Mrs. Seville, whom he loved, was that he believed she and her husband had concocted a plot to beat him out of his money.

He said in first stabbing Mrs. Seville he had decided to poison her, and bought a half pint of sherry in which he placed 20 grains of arsenic. He offered her this to drink, but Mrs. Seville refused to take it. Miller then afterward drank part of it himself and that it burned his stomach terribly.

He claims that he was married to Manchester, N. H., in 1900, and that his wife left him after five weeks of married life. He declared he would have killed her, too, if could have found opportunity. Miller expresses no regret for his horrible deed.

CRUSHED DORY INDICATES DROWNING OF FISHERMEN

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Fears are entertained here that seven good fishermen have lost their lives in the big storm of Friday. A floating dory with one side crushed in was picked up by the life saving patrol off Brigantine beach, and a close watch is being kept up and down the coast for any signs of the men who must have gone out in the little vessel. None of the local fishermen have been reported missing.

A Weak Stomach

Is a Source of Danger—A Vigorous Digestion is a Great Safeguard.

Do not think for a moment that the inconvenience and distress is all there is to dyspepsia.

The disagreeable symptoms of dyspepsia are of the least account. Because the health reports do not list dyspepsia as causing death people seem to think it is more disagreeable than dangerous, but the reverse is true. Some other disease, as consumption or typhoid fever, is credited with the fatal illness, but dyspepsia made those diseases possible.

Imperfect digestion was responsible for a state of chronic starvation, the half fed tissues possessed little power of resistance and were an easy prey to the germs of consumption.

Imperfect digestion permitted germs in as allowed food and water to get through the stomach, where they should have been killed and digested by the powerful gastric juice, and enter the bowel in the secretions of which they thrive and multiply, and typhoid [enteric or low fever is the result.

Imperfect digestion allowed food to rot and decompose, the putrid mass was absorbed into the blood and by it carried to every part of the body. In some cases this deleterious material in the blood developed fever, that proved fatal. In other cases it settled in some tissue and, if near the surface, resulted in boils or the so frequently fatal carbuncle; or if in deeper tissues formed an abscess with its attendant distresses, dangers, often fatalities. In still other cases this poison from putrid, fermenting but partially digested food, overtaxed those organs called upon to eliminate it and injured the lungs, the liver, or developed Bright's disease in the kidneys.

Yet, mind you, none of all these deaths were credited to dyspepsia; no one was warned against indigestion; all were left to suppose it to be only a disagreeable condition devoid of danger.

We have given you a slight hint of the actual dangers of indigestion but we have not exaggerated, we have really been too conservative and told but a part of the sorry tale. We need not remind you [hers of the distresses of dyspepsia, of these dyspepsiacs are painfully aware.

Mrs. E. M. Fifth, of Byrd's Creek, Wis. says: I have taken all the Tablets I got of you and they have done them work well in my case, for I feel like a different person altogether. I don't doubt if I had not got them I should have been at rest by this time.

Phil Brooks, Detroit, Mich., says: "Your dyspepsia cure has worked wonders in my case. I suffered for years from dyspepsia bad, am now entirely cured and enjoy life as I never have before. I gladly recommend them."

H. E. Willard, Onslow, Ia., says: Mr. White, of Canton, was telling me of your Dyspepsia Tablets curing him of Dyspepsia from which he had suffered for eight years. As I am a sufferer myself, I wish you to send me a package by return mail.

Mrs. Lydia Bartram, of Assyria, Mich., writes: I have suffered from stomach trouble for ten years and five different doctors gave me only temporary relief. A Mr. E. R. Page advised me to try Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I dont know did me more permanent benefit than all the doctors' medicines that I have ever taken.

If you would avoid the distresses and the vastly more important dangers of indigestion, the simplest, surest, cheapest and most convenient way to do so, is to stop at any drug store and purchase a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets for fifty cents and use them as directed. They are mild and harmless, yet active and effectual, a trial of them will result in you becoming their ardent advocate and friend. Send to F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., for their free book on diseases of the stomach, a postal card will bring it.

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

To Suit Your Convenience.

If your old desk becomes littered up and you consume a lot of time finding what you wish, you likely blame yourself with being untidy. But this is probably not the case.

If your desk is too small it becomes littered up before you realize it. If it were never properly arranged you have never had a convenient place for anything. If you had a new desk, like the one shown here, you would have a place for everything and you would take pride in keeping everything in its place.

This desk is large and commodiously arranged with compartments, pigeonholes and drawers for everything. In fact, it is one of the best desks for the money ever built.

Moderate prices prevail at this store for all office furniture. And the stock is very comprehensive. Filing cabinets, card indexes, bookcases, chairs, tables, in short, everything for the office furnishment in this stock.

Prices have always been an inducement in all lines of furniture at

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
535-537-539 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time.
From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily ..... 3.00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for Philadelphia and New York ..... 3.35 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily ..... 7.15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily ..... 7.55 p. m.
Day Express, daily ..... 7.50 a. m.
Mail Line Express, daily ..... 8.00 a. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily ..... 12.01 p. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily ..... 12.45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily ..... 4.50 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily ..... 4.55 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily ..... 7.30 p. m.
Fast Line, daily ..... 9.00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York ..... 10.06 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington ..... 10.50 p. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 6.15, 9.00 a. m., 1.30, 5.05 and 11.00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 5.05 and 11.00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 6.15, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1.30 p. m. week-days.
For Du Bois, 6.15, 9.00 a. m., 1.30 and 5.05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge, All-rail route, 8.00 a. m. and 9.00 p. m. daily. "Pennsylvania Limited," 3.35 p. m. week-days. "New York Limited," 7.15 a. m. week-days.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5.00, 8.45 a. m., 12.20 and 5.05 p. m. week-days, and 4.00 p. m. Sundays.
For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10.35 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. week-days. For Brownsville only, 6.45, 8.20 a. m., 12.05, 4.30, 6.40 and 11.55 p. m. week-days; 7.00, 9.25 a. m., 4.30, 5.05 and 8.40 p. m. Sundays. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6.20, 8.20 a. m., 1.05, 3.25, 4.30 (8.25 Monongahela City), 6.40 and 11.55 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7.00, 9.25 a. m., 4.30 and 8.40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.

For Butler, 6.30, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 3.00, 5.16 and 8.30 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7.40 a. m., 3.15 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices, 110 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager. Pass'r Traf. Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD,
General Passenger Agent.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis Limited	*1.10 am	*7.45 am
Chicago Express	*2.00 am	*8.40 am
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	*4.50 am	*6.20 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	*4.50 am	*8.40 pm
Chicago Express	*8.00 am	*3.40 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	*1.00 am	*7.15 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*1.00 am	*11.15 am
Alliance	*1.00 am	*11.50 pm
Jamestown and Youngstown	*3.10 am	*1.40 pm
Mansfield and New Castle	*3.10 am	*8.45 pm
Ohio Valley Express	*4.45 am	*8.35 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	*7.00 am	*7.40 pm
Akron and Orrville	*7.00 am	*11.50 am
Telegraph and Bellaire	*7.00 am	*4.55 pm
The Forest City Special	*7.00 am	*4.55 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	*8.00 am	*8.15 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis	*8.00 am	*8.15 pm
Akron and Orrville	*8.00 am	*10.55 am
New Castle and Erie	*8.00 am	*3.40 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	*9.00 am	*10.55 am
Wells and Special	*9.00 am	*3.40 pm
Columbus and Chicago	*11.30 am	*7.40 pm
Youngstown and Jamestown	*11.35 pm	*8.30 am
New Castle and Ashtabula	*11.35 pm	*8.30 am
Cleveland and Bellaire	*1.25 pm	*7.15 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	*1.25 pm	*12.50 pm
New Castle and Youngstown	*4.30 pm	*8.30 pm
Youngstown and Niles	*4.30 pm	*8.30 pm
Mercer and Oil City	*4.30 pm	*8.30 pm
Akron and Bellaire	*4.30 pm	*8.30 pm
The Cleveland Special	*5.00 pm	*11.50 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	*5.30 pm	*9.30 am
Akron, Canton and Youngstown	*5.30 pm	*9.30 am
The Chicago Special	*6.00 pm	*7.40 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	*7.10 pm	*6.20 am
The Fort Wayne and Chicago Limited	*8.10 pm	*6.30 am
The St. Louis Limited	*8.10 pm	*6.00 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	*8.10 pm	*6.30 am
The Fort Wayne and Chicago	*8.10 pm	*6.30 am
Toledo and Detroit	*8.10 pm	*8.15 am
Silver Falls and New Castle	*9.35 pm	*3.40 pm
Akron and Cleveland	*12.00 nt	*6.40 am
Leave for Washington, Ex., 6.00 am, 12.00 am, 6.00 pm, 12.05 nt, Ex. Sun, 6.00 pm, 12.05 nt. Leave for Baltimore, Ex. Sun, 6.00 pm, 12.05 nt, Ex. Sun, 6.00 pm, 12.05 nt. Leave for Wheeling, 6.45 am, 12.00 am, 11.50 am, 11.55 pm, 11.55 pm. Leave for Steubenville, 6.45 am, 12.00 am, 11.50 am, 11.55 pm, 11.55 pm. Leave for Pittsburgh, 6.45 am, 12.00 pm. Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, 12.55 pm. *Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only. Through parlor, sleeping and dining cars may be obtained at 390 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Pass'r Agt.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in effect Nov. 22, 1903.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	*7.00 am	*6.45 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	*8.25 am	*5.10 pm
Youngst'n and Cleve. Mail	*8.25 am	*5.10 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	*12.00 nt	*7.35 pm
Akron and Chicago Fast Line	*12.00 nt	*6.40 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	*1.00 pm	*6.45 am
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	*2.30 pm	*12.50 nt
Boston Special	*5.00 pm	*6.35 am
Cleve. and Detroit "Flyer"	*5.00 pm	*11.15 am
Chicago Limited	*6.00 pm	*6.35 am
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10.30 pm	*6.35 am
Youngstown Accom.	*5.30 am	*9.50 am
Beaver Falls Local	*8.40 am	*11.30 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	*9.00 am	*1.00 pm
New Castle Accom.	*12.30 pm	*4.15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	*4.30 pm	*8.10 pm
New Castle Express	*4.20 pm	*11.30 pm
Beaver Valley Express	*5.25 pm	*8.00 pm
Brownsville Accom.	*6.30 am	*6.45 am
Brownsville & N. Haven Ex.	*8.00 am	*8.00 am
McKeesport & Brownsville	*11.30 am	*12.40 pm
Brownsville & Monongahela	*3.30 pm	*4.45 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	*5.30 pm	*8.00 pm

P. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Bradley and Beechmont, 15.30 a. m., 12.15 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Through Buffet Sleeping Cars to Chicago, leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard Time), 10.30 (Cincinnati, St. Louis Limited), 11.00 p. m. Dining car (Cincinnati Express) 7.15 a. m. and 3.15 p. m. For Connellsville, Mercer, Girard and Kane at 8.15 a. m., 1.35 and 5.00 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A. Pittsburgh, Pa.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Time Table in effect December 15, 1903. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard Time). 10.30 (Cincinnati, St. Louis, Limited), 11.00 p. m. Dining car (Cincinnati Express) 7.15 a. m. and 3.15 p. m. For Connellsville, Mercer, Girard and Kane at 8.15 a. m., 1.35 and 5.00 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday. E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A. Pittsburgh, Pa.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED FOR ADVERTISED GOODS.

CAMPBELL'S
THE PEOPLE'S STORE

First Gun of the After-Inventory Sale!

We open the battle for February business with a broadside of 20,000 Yards of Spring

EMBROIDERIES

At ⅓ to ½ less regular prices

Bought from a famous Swiss manufacturer, maker of high-class goods only—at large price concessions from real values—his entire stock of broken sets and odd pieces—all fresh, clean goods and this Spring's choicest and newest designs, in the new drawn-work effects, as well as a big assortment of the more staple styles.

Over 600 Patterns in the Lot

Swiss, nainsook and cambric embroideries—edgings, insertings and flouncings, beadings and corset embroideries—the most perfect of embroidery work, on fine quality cloths, no loose threads—great variety of all widths (narrow, medium and wide) up to 16 inches.

Regular Prices 10c to $1 a Yard

Pre-Eminently An Embroidery Year.

All indications in the fashion centers of Paris, Vienna and Berlin show no strong fads in laces, as was the case last year, but give embroideries precedence over all the trimmings. Moreover, light and sheer waists, with embroideries for trimmings, require an embroidery and ribbon corset cover to show underneath, and such embroideries are one of the predominating features of this sale. Fashion has also decreed that the embroidered white skirt shall supersede moiair, silk and skirts of other materials—

Reasons enough for getting excited over these extraordinary offerings.

Divided into 7 lots and marked at next-to-nothing prices

5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 39c.

AFTER-INVENTORY SALE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS—SEE AFTERNOON PAPERS.

327-333 FIFTH AVENUE.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 157.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the grading, paving and curbing of Hanover street, Ninth ward, from the west line of Preble avenue to the eastern line of the Western penitentiary, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading, paving and curbing of Hanover street, Ninth ward, from west line of Preble avenue to eastern line of the Western penitentiary, be and the same is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

P. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLIS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 26, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 158.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the grading, paving and curbing of Petrel street, Ninth ward, from Hanover street to Kerr street, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading, paving and curbing of Petrel street, Ninth ward, from Hanover street to Kerr street, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications and award the contract therefor, according to the provisions of the acts of assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

P. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLIS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 26, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 159.)

AN ORDINANCE—To amend an ordinance "To authorize and direct the proper officer or officers to the same and on behalf of the city of Allegheny, to enter into and execute a contract with the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company, a corporation under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, a the corporation, whereby said Western

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company may change the ele[vation] of the grade of Bridge street across Herr island, and construct a siding from the tracks of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company to Herrs Island, and to authorize the construction by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company of piers to support said viaduct within the lines of River avenue.

Whereas, The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company, under authority of the ordinance above recited, did enter into a contract with the city of Allegheny for changing and elevating the grade of Bridge street, and also constructing a viaduct for the tracks of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company to Herrs Island, as in and by said above mentioned ordinance will more fully appear; and

Whereas, In said ordinance the right is given to the said railroad company to cross Bridge street with their branch to Herrs Island at an elevation of sixteen (16) feet, but no provision is made therein for the construction of piers or abutments to the same; therefore,

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the said The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, now successors to all rights of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company, shall have the right and authority to construct the following piers to maintain a through truss line of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company to and across Herrs Island:

(1) Pier No. 3, as shown upon the accompanying plan, shall be built parallel to the building line of River avenue, with the center line distant from said building line 75 feet 1 inch (75 feet 1 inch); that said pier shall not be of thickness of more than eight and one-half (8½) feet, and shall not be more than thirty (30) feet in length on a neat line.

(2) Pier No. 4 shall be located at least thirty (30) feet eastwardly from the west building line of River avenue, and shall be built parallel to said building line, and shall not be more than four and one-half (4½) feet thick, nor more than thirty-three and one-half (33½) feet long.

(3) The foundation for pier No. five (5) shall be at least three (3) inches below the present sidewalk of River avenue at that point. The columns for pier No. five (5) shall not project over the side of River avenue.

Sec. 2. The said railroad company is hereby given the right to construct and maintain the said piers for the purpose of supporting and maintaining said viaduct or bench over and across River avenue, in accordance with the ordinance hereinbefore referred to, and as fully and to the same effect as though the location of the said piers and the dimensions thereof were fully and specifically set forth in the contract manthing in the said ordinance.

Sec. 3. A blue print or plan, showing in detail the location of the said piers, is attached hereto and made part of this ordinance.

Sec. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 21st day of January, A. D. 1904.

JOHN C. OLIVER,
President Pro Tem. of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLIS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., January 22, A. D. 1904. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 160.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the issue of four hundred (400) thousand (400,000) dollars "judgment fund bonds" for the purpose of providing funds to pay judgments against the city of Allegheny, and providing for the application of the proceeds of the sale of said bonds, and for the payment of the interest thereon.

Whereas, A large number of judgments have from time to time for several years past been recovered against the city of Allegheny, and have been allowed to accumulate without payment until there exists a large sum of money which there are not sufficient funds in the judgment fund of the city to pay, and mandamus executions have been issued out of the courts of Allegheny county commanding the city to pay some of said judgments, and others are threatened; and,

Whereas, The city is compelled to interest on said judgments at the rate of six per cent, and it would therefore be a saving of interest to raise sufficient money to pay said judgments by sale of bonds, and the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny deem it necessary and for the best interests of the city that funds for said judgments shall be raised by the issue of bonds; therefore,

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That an issue of bonds in the name of the city of Allegheny, to be known as "judgment fund bonds," to the amount of four hundred thousand (400,000) dollars be and the same is hereby authorized and directed.

Sec. 2. Said bonds shall be registered in the office of the controller of the city of Allegheny, and shall be in denominations of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars each or multiples thereof, payable as follows, to-wit: $26,000.00 on the first day of February,